

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 4, 1999, 12:32:39 ; Search time 27.23 Seconds
(without alignments)
11.141 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-037-460-2_COPY_55_69

Sequence: 78 1 RVCAAGRGTCYRTV 15

Scoring table: PAM150

Searched: 162890 seqs, 20225328 residues

Database: A_Geneseq_34:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	% Match	Query Length	DB ID	Description
1	78	100.0	184	1 R98994	Vascular IBP-like
2	34	43.6	18	1 R57843	VnRbeta3-7, bindin
3	33	42.3	18	1 R57842	VnRbeta3-4, bindin
4	35	44.9	45	1 W10165	Alpha-hordothionin
5	35	44.9	50	1 W76687	Elapidae modified
6	36	46.2	75	1 R31601	Chicken nov protei
7	36	46.2	76	1 R31600	Chicken nov protei
8	35	44.9	60	1 W76646	Elapidae modified
9	35	44.9	67	1 W76685	Elapidae modified
10	35	44.9	70	1 W76685	Elapidae modified
11	35	44.9	72	1 W76684	Elapidae modified
12	35	44.9	73	1 W76658	Elapidae modified
13	35	44.9	74	1 W76661	Elapidae modified
14	30	38.5	11	1 R93364	MAGE-1 derived imm
15	31	39.7	24	1 W03034	Thrombolytic enzym
16	31	39.7	25	1 R22778	MVIIB omega conoto
17	31	39.7	25	1 R37753	MVIIB/SNX-159. Red
18	31	39.7	25	1 R39609	Omega conotoxin Mv
19	31	39.7	25	1 R76090	Omega conopeptide
20	31	39.7	25	1 W12968	Natural omega-cono
21	31	39.7	25	1 W19545	Conus genus natura
22	31	39.7	25	1 W72606	Dendroides canad
23	30	38.5	18	1 R57849	New lipopolysaccha
24	31	39.7	14	1 W07695	Lactobacillus brev
25	29	37.2	14	1 R47977	Antiviral peptide
26	29.5	37.8	17	1 P91671	Tachyplesin I. Wat
27	29.5	37.8	17	1 R06266	Tachyplesin II. Wa
28	29.5	37.8	17	1 R08862	Gigasins II. Novel
29	29.5	37.8	17	1 R08202	Bacterial shock tr
30	29.5	37.8	17	1 R23112	Bacterial shock tr
31	29.5	37.8	17	1 R23114	Tachyplesin-III. Be
32	29.5	37.8	17	1 R38490	Tachyplesin-III. Be
33	29.5	37.8	17	1 R38489	Tachyplesin-I. Beta
34	29.5	37.8	17	1 R38489	Tachyplesin-I. Beta
35	29.5	37.8	17	1 W66465	Cationic peptide t
36	29.5	37.8	17	1 W66465	Cationic peptide t
37	29.5	37.8	17	1 W66465	Targeting peptide
38	29.5	37.8	17	1 W66465	Haematopoietic ste
39	29.5	37.8	17	1 W66465	Tissue plasminogen
40	28	35.9	10	1 W52077	Rat cocaine and am
41	38	48.7	504	1 P91265	
42	28	35.9	11	1 P91265	
43	29	37.2	17	1 W78913	

44 28 35.9 12 1 W52102
45 29 37.2 18 1 R57840

Targetting peptide
VnR-beta3-5 (Fab9)

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
R98994
ID R98994 standard; Protein; 184 AA.
AC R98994;
DE 06-NOV-1996 (first entry)
KW Vascular IBP-like growth factor.
KW Vascular IBF-like growth factor; VIGF;
KW insulin-like growth factor binding protein; agonist; antagonist;
KW muscle wastage; osteoporosis; implant fixation; wound healing;
KW therapy; diagnosis.
OS Homo sapiens.
FH Key
FT Location/Qualifiers
FT 1..21
FT /label= Sig_peptide
PN W09617931-A1.
PD 13-JUN-1996.
PF 09-DEC-1994; U14388.
PR 09-DEC-1994; WO-U14388.
PA (HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
PI Hastings GA, Rosen CA;
DR WPI; 96-287176/29.
DR N-PSDB; T34991.
PT Human vascular insulin-like growth factor binding protein-like
PT growth factor, and its nucleic acid sequence and (antagonists
PT used, e.g. to treat muscle wasting diseases or aid implant fixation,
PT or limit excess connective tissue prodn. during wound healing.
PS Claim 14; Page 43-44; 61pp; English.
CC Human vascular insulin-like growth factor binding protein-like
CC growth factor (R98994), or VIGF, is a protein of primarily
CC protein families. It can be expressed in e.g. E. coli, CHO or
CC insect host cells using a vector incorporating a cDNA clone
CC (T34991), or its derivative, obtd. from human umbilical
CC endothelial cells. It is useful therapeutically e.g. for
CC treating muscle wasting diseases or osteoporosis, or can be used
CC to detect diseases associated with under- or over-expression of VIGF,
CC or to screen for antagonists useful during wound healing.
SQ Sequence 184 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 78; DB 1; Length 184;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 7e-05;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RVCAAGRGTCYRTV 15
Db 55 RVCAAGRGTCYRTV 69
|||||

RESULT 2
R57843
ID R57843 standard; peptide; 18 AA.
AC R57843;
DE 28-MAR-1995 (first entry)
KW VnRbeta3-7, binding site for vitronectin receptor alpha-v, beta-3.
KW Binding site; CDR; complementarity determining region; immunoglobulin;
KW heavy; light; primer extension; PCR; amplify; fibronectin; vitronectin;
KW RGD-dependent; integrin ligand; von Willebrand factor; FBN; gp350/220;
KW envelope glycoprotein; HIV; gp120; reovirus; hemagglutinin; insulin;
KW cellular receptor; CR2; CD4; hormone; thyroid stimulating hormone; TSH;
KW non-RGD-dependent; vitronectin; apo E; apo AII; MHC; class I; class II;
KW anti-gp120/IIIa; monoclonal antibody; alpha-v, beta-3; modulation;
KW coagulation; inflammation; anti-vitronectin; tumour cell adhesion;
KW migration.
OS Homo sapiens.

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PN WO9418221-A.
PD 18-AUG-1994.
PF 02-FEB-1994; U01258.
PR 02-FEB-1993; US-012566.
PR 28-JUN-1993; US-084542.
PA (SCRI ) SCRIPPS RES INST.
PI Barbas CF, Lerner RA;
DR WPI; 94-279675/34.
PT Production of binding sites within CDR regions of immunoglobulins
PT - displayed on the surface of filamentous phage particles, for
PT Inhibiting platelet aggregation and vitronectin binding
PS Claim 44; Page 22; 207pp; English.
CC The sequences given in R57837-84 are binding sites which were used in
CC the method of the invention for producing a polypeptide having a
CC binding site capable of binding a preselected agent. Nucleotide
CC sequences encoding these binding site peptides were introduced into
CC a CDR region of a nucleic acid encoding an immunoglobulin heavy (H)
CC or light (L) chain, by amplifying the CDR region by primer extension.
CC Preferred binding sites are derived from the RGD-dependent integrin
CC ligands, eg. fibronectin, vitronectin, von Willebrand factor, from
CC the envelope glycoprotein from viruses such as HIV gp120, EBV gp350/
CC 220, reovirus hemagglutinin, from cellular receptors such as CR2 or
CC CD4, from protein hormones such as thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH),
CC insulin, transferrin, from apolipoproteins such as apo E and apo AI,
CC from immunoglobulin CDRs and from MHC class I or II proteins. Non-RGD-
CC dependent integrin binding sites were selected for the affinity to bind
CC vitronectin receptor alpha-v, beta-3. An anti-gp11b/IIa monoclonal
CC antibody (Mab) produced in this way can be used to modulate platelet
CC adhesion in the treatment of coagulation and some inflammatory responses.
CC An anti-vitronectin Mab can be used in the treatment of cancer by
CC blocking tumour cell adhesion and migration. This sequence represents
CC an RGD-dependent binding site which has been shown to bind the human
CC vitronectin receptor (VnR) alpha-v, beta-3 when present in a phagemid
CC display protein.
SQ Sequence 18 AA;

Query Match 43.68; Score 34; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 58.3%; Pred. No. 27;
Matches 7; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

QY 3 CAAGRGET--CY 12
D 1: |||: ||
Db 3 CTGCRGDFRNCY 14

RESULT 3
R57842
ID R57842 standard; peptide; 18 AA.
AC R57842;
DE VnRbeta3-4, binding site for vitronectin receptor alpha-v, beta-3.
KW Binding site; CDR; complementarity determining region; immunoglobulin;
KW heavy; light; primer extension; PCR; amplify; fibronectin; vitronectin;
KW RGD-dependent; integrin ligand; von Willebrand factor; EBV; gp350/220;
KW envelope glycoprotein; HIV; gp120; reovirus; hemagglutinin; insulin;
KW cellular receptor; CR2; CD4; hormone; thyroid stimulating hormone; TSH;
KW transferrin; apolipoprotein; apo E; apo AI; MHC; class I; class II;
KW non-RGD-dependent; vitronectin receptor; alpha-v, beta-3; modulation;
KW anti-gp11b/IIa; monoclonal antibody; Mab; platelet adhesion; cancer;
KW coagulation; inflammation; anti-vitronectin; tumour cell adhesion;
KW migration.
OS Homo sapiens.
PN WO9418221-A.
PD 18-AUG-1994.
PF 02-FEB-1994; U01258.
PR 02-FEB-1993; US-012566.
PR 28-JUN-1993; US-084542.
PA (SCRI ) SCRIPPS RES INST.
PI Barbas CF, Lerner RA;
DR WPI; 94-279675/34.
PT Production of binding sites within CDR regions of immunoglobulins
PT - displayed on the surface of filamentous phage particles, for
PT Inhibiting platelet aggregation and vitronectin binding
PS Claim 44; Page 22; 207pp; English.
CC The sequences given in R57837-84 are binding sites which were used in
CC the method of the invention for producing a polypeptide having a
CC binding site capable of binding a preselected agent. Nucleotide
CC sequences encoding these binding site peptides were introduced into
CC a CDR region of a nucleic acid encoding an immunoglobulin heavy (H)
CC or light (L) chain, by amplifying the CDR region by primer extension.
CC Preferred binding sites are derived from the RGD-dependent integrin
CC ligands, eg. fibronectin, vitronectin, von Willebrand factor, from
CC the envelope glycoprotein from viruses such as HIV gp120, EBV gp350/
CC 220, reovirus hemagglutinin, from cellular receptors such as CR2 or
CC CD4, from protein hormones such as thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH),
CC insulin, transferrin, from apolipoproteins such as apo E and apo AI,
CC from immunoglobulin CDRs and from MHC class I or II proteins. Non-RGD-
CC dependent integrin binding sites were selected for the affinity to bind
CC vitronectin receptor alpha-v, beta-3. An anti-gp11b/IIa monoclonal
CC antibody (Mab) produced in this way can be used to modulate platelet
CC adhesion in the treatment of coagulation and some inflammatory responses.
CC An anti-vitronectin Mab can be used in the treatment of cancer by
CC blocking tumour cell adhesion and migration. This sequence represents
CC an RGD-dependent binding site which has been shown to bind the human
CC vitronectin receptor (VnR) alpha-v, beta-3 when present in a phagemid
CC display protein.
SQ Sequence 18 AA;

Query Match 42.3%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 38;
Matches 6; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

QY 3 CAAGRGE--TCY 12
D 1: |||: ||
Db 3 CTQCRGDFRNCY 14

RESULT 4
W10165
ID W10165 standard; protein; 45 AA.
AC W10165;
DE 15-JUL-1997 (first entry)
DE Alpha-hordothionin threonine rich amino acid sequence.
KW Animal feed; food; barley.
OS Hordeum vulgare.
OS Synthetic.
PN WO9638562-A1.
PD 05-DEC-1996.
PR 31-MAY-1996; U08219.
PR 02-JUN-1995; US-459180.
PA (PION-) PIONEER HI-BRED INT INC.
PI Rao GA;
DR WPI; 97-034375/03.
PT New modified alpha-hordothionin having threonine amino acid substns.
PT - to increase the threonine content of e.g. animal feed
PS Claim 1; Page 11; 19pp; English.
CC The present sequence is a threonine rich alpha-hordothionin amino
CC acid sequence. The protein contains a threonine residue at positions
CC 1, 5, 7, 8, 11, 15, 17, 19, 22, 23, 24, 30, 32, 34, 38, and 41. The
CC threonine has substituted polar, charged and hydrophobic residues.
CC With exception of arginine at position 10, serine at position 2 and
CC lysine at position 45, as they are required for maintaining the structure
CC of the protein through a hydrogen-bonding network. The protein produced
CC can be used in foods or feeds to provide higher levels of essential amino
CC acid threonine.
SQ Sequence 45 AA;

Query Match 44.9%; Score 35; DB 1; Length 45;
Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 43;
Matches 6; Conservative 2; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 CAAGRGETCYRT 14
D 1: |||: |||

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Db 4 CUSTGKTCYNT 15

RESULT 5

W76687

ID W76687 standard; Protein: 50 AA.

AC W76687; 05-JAN-1999 (first entry)
 DE Elapidae modified dendroaspis protein fragment Den-Tb.
 DT Dendroaspis; snake venom; clotting cascade; anticoagulant; platelet;
 KW integrin binding; injury; blood; cell migration; thrombosis; inhibitor;
 KW proliferation; signal transduction; regulator; coagulation; treatment;
 KW prophylactic; artery; vein; wall thickening; myocardial infarction;
 KW retinal neovascularisation; dysregulated apoptosis; tumorigenesis;
 KW leukocyte recruitment, immune system; tissue fibrosis;
 OS Elapidae.
 OS Synthetic.
 PN W09842834-A1.
 PD 01-OCT-1998.
 PF 20-MAR-1998; G00848.
 PR 20-MAR-1997; GB-005787.
 PA (THRO-) THROMBOSIS RES. INST.
 PI Authi K, Kakkar V, Lu X, Scully MF;
 DR WPI; 98-542278/46.
 PT New hybrid dendroaspis polypeptide(s) - used for treating, e.g.
 PT thrombosis, myocardial infarction, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal
 PT cell migration and immune system activation
 PS claim 6; Fig 3C; 59pp; English.
 CC W76645-W76688 represent modified dendroaspis protein fragments isolated
 CC from snake venom. When dendroaspis is modified to incorporate further
 CC functional amino acid sequence, e.g. active portions or motifs of
 CC agonists, antagonists or inhibitors of factors in the clotting cascade,
 CC the resulting molecules are particularly useful as anticoagulants. The
 CC molecules have an integrin binding activity which when administered in
 CC vivo results in the binding of the platelets at sites of injury. Non-wild
 CC inhibiting the aggregation of the platelets at sites of injury. Non-wild
 CC type dendroaspis domains provide secondary, optionally further
 CC functionality, e.g. antithrombotic action, inhibiting cell migration and
 CC proliferation and regulating signal transduction. Such variants have bi-
 CC or multifunctional activities against blood coagulation, particularly
 CC thrombus formation and arterial/venous wall thickening at the sites of
 CC injury. The variants may have activities against leukocyte recruitment,
 CC immune system activation, tissue fibrosis and tumorigenesis. The
 CC polypeptides can be used for the treatment or prophylaxis of a disease
 CC associated with thrombosis, e.g. myocardial infarction, retinal
 CC neovascularisation, endothelial injury, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal
 CC cell migration, leukocyte recruitment, immune system activation, tissue
 CC fibrosis or tumorigenesis.
 SQ Sequence 50 AA;

Query Match

R31601 44.9%; Score 35; DB 1; Length 50;

Best Local Similarity 22.2%; Pred. No. 47;

Matches 6; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 12; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RVCAGRG-----ETCYRTV 15

I : I : I : : : : I : :

Db 1 RICTFPGDMFPGPCQEDSCYKNI 27

RESULT 6

R31601

ID R31601 standard; Protein: 75 AA.

AC R31601; 24-MAY-1993 (first entry)
 DT Chicken nov protein fragment V.
 DE avian nephroblastoma; avian myeloblastoma virus;
 KW stringent hybridisation.
 KW Gallus domesticus.
 PN W09300430-A.
 PD 07-JAN-1993.
 PF 25-JUN-1992; F00589.
 PR 25-JUN-1991; FR-007807.

PA (CNRS) CENT NAT RECH SCI.

PI Martinerie C, Perbal B;

DR WPI; 93-036377/04.

PT Nucleotide sequences hybridising to regions of chicken nov gene -
 PT useful as probes for detecting complementary sequences to
 PT evaluate development and/or differentiation of tumours
 PS Claim 5; Page 28; 67pp; French.

CC The chicken nov gene is stimulated in avian nephroblastoma induced
 CC by avian myeloblastoma virus but not in normal adult kidney. A
 CC 1975bp cDNA sequence (Q36031) was isolated from a gene bank prepared
 CC from chicken embryonic fibroblasts screened with a tumour-derived
 CC probe. Nucleotide sequences which hybridise to Q36031 or specified
 CC sub-fragments of it, under stringent conditions (i.e. 50% formamide,
 CC 5 x SCC), are claimed. The claimed sequences preferably encode a
 CC protein with amino acid sequence V (R31601).
 SQ Sequence 75 AA;

Query Match

R31600 46.2%; Score 36; DB 1; Length 75;

Best Local Similarity 70.0%; Pred. No. 48;

Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 VCAAGRGCTC 11

I I I I I I I I

Db 38 VCARQRGESC 47

RESULT 7

ID R31600

AC R31600 standard; Protein: 76 AA.

DT 24-MAY-1993 (first entry)
 DE Chicken nov protein fragment IV.
 KW avian nephroblastoma; avian myeloblastoma virus;
 KW stringent hybridisation.
 OS Gallus domesticus.
 PN W09300430-A.
 PD 07-JAN-1993.
 PF 25-JUN-1992; F00589.
 PR 25-JUN-1991; FR-007807.
 PA (CNRS) CENT NAT RECH SCI.
 PI Martinerie C, Perbal B;
 DR WPI; 93-036377/04.
 DR N-PSDB; Q36033.

PT Nucleotide sequences hybridising to regions of chicken nov gene -
 PT useful as probes for detecting complementary sequences to
 PT evaluate development and/or differentiation of tumours
 PS Claim 3; Page 27; 67pp; French.
 CC The chicken nov gene is stimulated in avian nephroblastoma induced
 CC by avian myeloblastoma virus but not in normal adult kidney. A
 CC 1975bp cDNA sequence was isolated from a gene bank prepared from
 CC chicken embryonic fibroblasts screened with a tumour-derived probe.
 CC Fragment III (Q36033) is derived from the 2nd. exon of the nov gene;
 CC nucleotide sequences which hybridise to Fragment III under stringent
 CC conditions (i.e. 50% formamide, 5 x SCC) are claimed. The claimed
 CC sequences preferably encode a protein with at least 70% homology to
 CC amino acid sequence IV (R31600) which is encoded by Fragment III.
 SQ Sequence 76 AA;

Query Match

R31601 46.2%; Score 36; DB 1; Length 76;

Best Local Similarity 70.0%; Pred. No. 48;

Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 VCAAGRGCTC 11

I I I I I I I I

Db 39 VCARQRGESC 48

RESULT 8

ID W76646

AC W76646 standard; Protein: 60 AA.

CC or multifunctional activities against blood coagulation, particularly
 CC thrombus formation and arterial/venous wall thickening at the sites of
 CC injury. The variants may have activities against leukocyte recruitment,
 CC immune system activation, tissue fibrosis and tumorigenesis. The
 CC polypeptides can be used for the treatment or prophylaxis of a disease
 CC associated with thrombosis, e.g. myocardial infarction, retinal
 CC neovascularisation, endothelial injury, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal
 CC cell migration, leukocyte recruitment, immune system activation, tissue
 CC fibrosis or tumorigenesis.
 SQ Sequence 70 AA;

Query Match 44.9%; Score 35; DB 1; Length 70;
 Best Local Similarity 22.2%; Pred. No. 63;
 Matches 6; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 12; Gaps 1;
 QY 1 RYCAARG-----EFCYRTV 15
 DB 1 RICFTPRGDMPGYPGQEDSCYKNI 27

RESULT 11

W76684

ID W76684 standard; Protein: 72 AA.

AC W76684;

DT 05-JAN-1999 (first entry)

DE Elapidae modified dendroaspis protein fragment Den-Hr.

KW Dendroaspis; snake venom; clotting cascade; anticoagulant; platelet;
 KW integrin binding; injury; blood; cell migration; thrombosis; inhibitor;
 KW proliferation; signal transduction; regulator; coagulation; treatment;
 KW prophylactic; artery; vein; wall thickening; myocardial infarction;
 KW retinal neovascularisation; dysregulated apoptosis; tumorigenesis;
 KW leukocyte recruitment, immune system; tissue fibrosis.

OS Elapidae.

OS Synthetic.

PN W09842834-Al.

PD 01-OCT-1998.

PF 20-MAR-1998; G00848.

PR 20-MAR-1997; GB-005787.

PA (THRO-) THROMBOSIS RES. INST.

PI Authi K, Kakkar V, Lu X, Scully MF;

DR WPI; 98-542278/46.

PT New hybrid dendroaspis polypeptide(s) - used for treating, e.g.

PT thrombosis, myocardial infarction, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal

PT cell migration and immune system activation

PS Claim 6; Fig 3C; 59pp; English.

CC W76645-W76688 represent modified dendroaspis protein fragments isolated
 CC from snake venom. When dendroaspis is modified to incorporate further
 CC functional amino acid sequence, e.g. active portions or motifs of
 CC agonists, antagonists or inhibitors of factors in the clotting cascade,
 CC the resulting molecules are particularly useful as anticoagulants. The
 CC molecules have an integrin binding activity which when administered in
 CC vivo results in the binding of the platelets at sites of injury. Non-wild
 CC inhibiting the aggregation of the platelets at sites of injury. Non-wild
 CC type dendroaspis domains provide secondary, optionally further
 CC functionality, e.g. antithrombotic action, inhibiting cell migration and
 CC or multifunctional activities against blood coagulation. Such variants have bi-
 CC thrombus formation and arterial/venous wall thickening at the sites of
 CC injury. The variants may have activities against leukocyte recruitment,
 CC immune system activation, tissue fibrosis and tumorigenesis. The
 CC polypeptides can be used for the treatment or prophylaxis of a disease
 CC associated with thrombosis, e.g. myocardial infarction, retinal
 CC neovascularisation, endothelial injury, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal
 CC cell migration, leukocyte recruitment, immune system activation, tissue
 CC fibrosis or tumorigenesis.
 SQ Sequence 72 AA;

Query Match 44.9%; Score 35; DB 1; Length 72;
 Best Local Similarity 22.2%; Pred. No. 65;
 Matches 6; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 12; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RYCAARG-----EFCYRTV 15
 DB 1 RICFTPRGDMPGYPGQEDSCYKNI 27

RESULT 12

W76658

ID W76658 standard; Protein: 73 AA.

AC W76658;

DT 05-JAN-1999 (first entry)

DE Elapidae modified dendroaspis protein fragment DEN-HR11.

KW Dendroaspis; snake venom; clotting cascade; anticoagulant; platelet;
 KW integrin binding; injury; blood; cell migration; thrombosis; inhibitor;
 KW proliferation; signal transduction; regulator; coagulation; treatment;
 KW prophylactic; artery; vein; wall thickening; myocardial infarction;
 KW retinal neovascularisation; dysregulated apoptosis; tumorigenesis;
 KW leukocyte recruitment, immune system; tissue fibrosis.

OS Elapidae.

OS Synthetic.

PN W09842834-Al.

PD 01-OCT-1998.

PF 20-MAR-1998; G00848.

PR 20-MAR-1997; GB-005787.

PA (THRO-) THROMBOSIS RES. INST.

PI Authi K, Kakkar V, Lu X, Scully MF;

DR WPI; 98-542278/46.

PT New hybrid dendroaspis polypeptide(s) - used for treating, e.g.

PT thrombosis, myocardial infarction, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal

PT cell migration and immune system activation

PS Claim 6; Fig 3A; 59pp; English.

CC W76645-W76688 represent modified dendroaspis protein fragments isolated
 CC from snake venom. When dendroaspis is modified to incorporate further
 CC functional amino acid sequence, e.g. active portions or motifs of
 CC agonists, antagonists or inhibitors of factors in the clotting cascade,
 CC the resulting molecules are particularly useful as anticoagulants. The
 CC molecules have an integrin binding activity which when administered in
 CC vivo results in the binding of the platelets at sites of injury. Non-wild
 CC inhibiting the aggregation of the platelets at sites of injury. Non-wild
 CC type dendroaspis domains provide secondary, optionally further
 CC functionality, e.g. antithrombotic action, inhibiting cell migration and
 CC or multifunctional activities against blood coagulation. Such variants have bi-
 CC thrombus formation and arterial/venous wall thickening at the sites of
 CC injury. The variants may have activities against leukocyte recruitment,
 CC immune system activation, tissue fibrosis and tumorigenesis. The
 CC polypeptides can be used for the treatment or prophylaxis of a disease
 CC associated with thrombosis, e.g. myocardial infarction, retinal
 CC neovascularisation, endothelial injury, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal
 CC cell migration, leukocyte recruitment, immune system activation, tissue
 CC fibrosis or tumorigenesis.
 SQ Sequence 73 AA;

Query Match 44.9%; Score 35; DB 1; Length 73;
 Best Local Similarity 22.2%; Pred. No. 66;
 Matches 6; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 12; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RYCAARG-----EFCYRTV 15
 DB 1 RICFTPRGDMPGYPGQEDSCYKNI 27

RESULT 13

W76661

ID W76661 standard; Protein: 74 AA.

AC W76661;

DT 05-JAN-1999 (first entry)

DE Elapidae modified dendroaspis protein fragment DEN-TM11.

KW Dendroaspis; snake venom; clotting cascade; anticoagulant; platelet;
 KW integrin binding; injury; blood; cell migration; thrombosis; inhibitor;
 KW proliferation; signal transduction; regulator; coagulation; treatment;
 KW prophylactic; artery; vein; wall thickening; myocardial infarction;
 KW retinal neovascularisation; dysregulated apoptosis; tumorigenesis;

KW leukocyte recruitment, immune system; tissue fibrosis.
 OS Elapidae.
 OS Synthetic.
 PN WO9842834-A1.
 PD 01-OCT-1998.
 PF 20-MAR-1998; G00848.
 PR 20-MAR-1997; GB-005787.
 PA (THRO-) THROMBOSIS RES INST.
 PI Authi K, Kakkar V, Lu X, Scully MF;
 DR WPI: 98-542278/46.
 PT New hybrid dendraosin polypeptide(s) - used for treating, e.g.
 PT thrombosis, myocardial infarction, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal
 PT cell migration and immune system activation
 PS Claim 6; Fig 3A; 59pp; English.
 CC W76645-W76688 represent modified dendraosin protein fragments isolated
 CC from snake venom. When dendraosin is modified to incorporate further
 CC functional amino acid sequence, e.g. active portions or motifs of
 CC agonists, antagonists or inhibitors of factors in the clotting cascade,
 CC the resulting molecules are particularly useful as anticoagulants. The
 CC molecules have an integrin binding activity which when administered in
 CC vivo results in the binding of the molecules to platelets thereby
 CC inhibiting the aggregation of the platelets at sites of injury. Non-wild
 CC type dendraosin domains provide secondary, optionally further
 CC functionality, e.g. antithrombotic action, inhibiting cell migration and
 CC proliferation and regulating signal transduction. Such variants have bi-
 CC or multifunctional activities against blood coagulation, particularly
 CC thrombus formation and arterial/venous wall thickening at the sites of
 CC injury. The variants may have activities against leukocyte recruitment,
 CC immune system activation, tissue fibrosis and tumorigenesis. The
 CC polypeptides can be used for the treatment or prophylaxis of a disease
 CC associated with thrombosis, e.g. myocardial infarction, retinal
 CC neovascularisation, endothelial injury, dysregulated apoptosis, abnormal
 CC cell migration, leukocyte recruitment, immune system activation, tissue
 CC fibrosis or tumorigenesis.
 SQ Sequence 74 AA;

Query Match 44.9%; Score 35; DB 1; Length 74;
 Best Local Similarity 22.2%; Pred. No. 66;
 Matches 6; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 12; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RVCAGRG-----ETCYRTV 15
 I : I : I :
 D 1 RICFTPRGMPGYPGPGQEDSCVKNI 27

RESULT 14
 R89364
 ID R89364 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
 AC R89364;
 DT 18-SEP-1996 (first entry)
 DE MAGE-1 derived immunogenic peptide.
 KW Immunogenic peptide; supermotif; HLA molecule; CTL response;
 KW therapeutic; diagnostic; cancer; viral infection; hepatitis B;
 KW hepatitis C.
 OS Synthetic.
 PN WO9603140-A1.
 PD 08-FEB-1996.
 PF 21-JUL-1995; U09234.
 PR 21-JUL-1994; US-278634.
 PR 23-NOV-1994; US-344824.
 PR 30-MAY-1995; US-452843.
 PA (CYTE-) CYTEL CORP.
 PI Sette A, Sidney J;
 DR WPI: 96-116784/12.

PT Compn. comprising immunogenic peptide with supermotif allowing more
 PT than one HLA mol. to bind - used to induce CTL response in patient
 PT and for in vivo and ex vivo therapeutic and diagnostic applications
 PS Claim 2; Page 26; 32pp; English.
 CC The sequences given in R89362-82 are immunogenic peptides which were
 CC use in the composition of the invention. The composition comprises
 CC an immunogenic peptide of 9-10 residues with a supermotif which
 CC allows binding of more than one HLA molecule. It pref. comprises

CC two conserved residues, a first at the 2nd position from the N-
 CC terminal is Pro, and a 2nd at the C-terminal is Met. These peptides
 CC are used to induce a CTL response in a patient. They are also
 CC useful in compositions for in vivo and ex vivo therapeutic and
 CC diagnostic applications, e.g. the treatment of cancer and viral
 CC infections, e.g. hepatitis B and C.
 SQ Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 38.5%; Score 30; DB 1; Length 11;
 Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 68;
 Matches 4; Conservative 3; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 9 ETCYRTV 15
 I : I : I :
 D 4 ESCFRAV 10

RESULT 15
 W03034
 ID W03034 standard; peptide; 24 AA.
 AC W03034;
 DT 17-FEB-1997 (first entry)
 DE Thrombolytic enzyme fragment #3.
 DE Thrombolytic enzyme; destabilase; hydrolysis; D fragment dimer;
 KW epsilon-(gamma-glutamyl)-lysine isopeptide bond; stabilised fibrin;
 KW salivary gland; medicinal leech.
 OS Hirudo medicinalis.
 PN WO9619999-A1.
 PD 04-JUL-1996.
 PF 25-MAY-1995; RU0102.
 PR 23-DEC-1994; RU-043698.
 PA (BIOO-) INST BIOORG KHIM IM M SHEMA.
 PI Barsova EV, Baskova IP, Bogdanova EA, Lukyanov SA;
 PI Sverdllov ED, Zavalova IL;
 DR WPI: 96-321638/32.

PT Thrombolytic enzyme destabilase - selectively hydrolysing stabilised
 PT fibrin
 PS Disclosure; Page 3; 16pp; Russian
 CC The sequences given in W03032-35 represent CNBr fragments of the novel
 CC thrombolytic enzyme of the invention. The thrombolytic enzyme, also
 CC known as destabilase, is capable of hydrolysing exo- and endo-
 CC epsilon-(gamma-glutamyl)-lysine isopeptide bonds in synthetic
 CC substrates and in stabilised fibrin and its D fragment dimer.
 CC Destabilase may be used as a thrombolytic agent in clinical and
 CC experimental medicine. It can be isolated from the salivary glands
 CC of medicinal leeches.
 SQ Sequence 24 AA;

Query Match 39.7%; Score 31; DB 1; Length 24;
 Best Local Similarity 55.6%; Pred. No. 96;
 Matches 5; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 CAARGETC 11
 I : I : I : I :
 D 7 CTGGROPTC 15

Search completed: May 4, 1999, 12:32:41
 Job time: 9788 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 4, 1999, 08:18:15 ; Search time 25.07 Seconds
(without alignments)
22.413 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-037-460-2_COPY_30_44
Perfect score: 74
Sequence: 1 QHCDSECKSSPRCK 15

Scoring table: PAM150

Searched: 116738 seqs, 37460341 residues

Database : PIR_58:*

1: PIR1:*
2: PIR2:*
3: PIR3:*
4: PIR4:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	40	54.1	57	2	S59073	metallothionein is
2	42	56.8	157	2	S39849	pfrA protein - Pse
3	44	59.5	861	2	A48825	Notch homolog Motc
4	44	59.5	861	2	EXHU	coagulation factor
5	38	51.4	75	2	S17156	metallothionein -
6	40	54.1	251	2	A5035	cysteine-rich prot
7	37	50.0	61	2	A14049	metallothionein pr
8	36	48.6	39	2	A46057	thrombin inhibitor
9	41	55.4	473	2	A56175	adhesive plaque pr
10	42	56.8	772	2	S32659	integrin beta 2 ch
11	36	48.6	57	1	SKMD25	metallothionein 2
12	44	59.5	2524	2	A35844	Kotch protein - Af
13	44	59.5	2531	2	A46019	gene Notch-1 prote
14	37	50.0	111	2	S44787	D2007.1 protein -
15	36	48.6	77	2	S36032	thrombin inhibitor
16	39	52.7	400	2	S32804	beta-3-adrenergic
17	39	52.7	400	2	A41679	beta-3-adrenergic
18	39	52.7	400	2	A41679	beta-3-adrenergic
19	37.5	50.7	200	2	S35292	hypothetical prote
20	39	52.7	410	2	S15163	probable transposa
21	37	50.0	180	2	A45810	glycoprotein antiq
22	38	51.4	319	2	A53502	folistatin - Afri
23	35	47.3	79	2	H69193	2-oxoisovalerate o
24	38	51.4	335	2	S71796	centrosome-binding
25	38	51.4	343	2	S55369	folistatin - chlc
26	38	51.4	379	1	DEILSP	alcohol dehydrogen
27	38	51.4	379	1	S01893	alcohol dehydrogen
28	42	56.8	2555	2	A40043	notch protein homo
29	36	48.6	155	2	A45293	conopressin precu
30	39.5	53.4	837	2	A42112	mucin-like peptide
31	38	51.4	414	2	S36838	acytyl-CoA C-acyt
32	39	52.7	683	2	JKF593	zinc finger protei
33	38	51.4	466	1	FCU07	coagulation factor
34	34	45.9	75	2	B45206	metallothionein 2
35	35	47.3	125	1	NFR11	oxytocin / neuroph
36	35	47.3	125	1	A43755	oxytocin / neuroph
37	34	45.9	78	2	S09414	proteinase inhibit
38	40	54.1	1375	2	F48216	neurexin III-alpha
39	40	54.1	1378	2	E48216	neurexin III-alpha

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

S59073

metallothionein isoform Ila - blue crab

C:Species: Callinectes sapidus

C>Date: 19-Mar-1997 #sequence_revision 19-Mar-1997 #text_change 29-Aug-1997

C:Accession: S59073

R:Brouwer, M.; Enghild, J.; Hoexum-Brouwer, T.; Thogersen, I.; Truncali, A.

Biochem. J. 311, 617-622, 1995

A:Title: Primary structure and tissue-specific expression of blue crab (Callinectes s

A:Reference number: S59072

A:Accession: S59073

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 1-57 <BRO>

C:Superfamily: metallothionein

C:Keywords: metal binding

Query Match 54.1%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 57;

Best Local Similarity 46.2%; Pred. No. 7;

Matches 6; Conservative 4; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 CDSSECKSSPRCK 15

DB 11 CREGECKTGCKCK 23

RESULT 2

S39849

pfrA protein - Pseudomonas putida

C:Species: Pseudomonas putida

C>Date: 19-Mar-1997 #sequence_revision 19-Mar-1997 #text_change 01-Aug-1997

C:Accession: S39849

R:Venturi, V.; Ottewanger, C.; Leong, J.; Weisbeek, P.J.

Mol. Microbiol. 10, 63-73, 1993

A:Title: Identification and characterization of a siderophore regulatory gene (pfra)

A:Reference number: S39849

A:Accession: S39849

A>Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-157 <VEN>

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 56.8%; Score 42; DB 2; Length 157;

Matches 6; Conservative 4; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 QHCDSECKSSPR 13

DB 107 DHCEKGECKDPER 119

RESULT 3

A48825

Notch homolog Motc protein - mouse (fragment)

C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)

C>Date: 01-Dec-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Nov-1994 #text_change 14-Aug-1998

C:Accession: A48825

R:Reaume, A.G.; Conlon, R.A.; Zirngibl, R.; Yamaguchi, T.P.; Rossant, J.

Dev. Biol. 154, 377-387, 1992

A:Title: Expression analysis of a Notch homologue in the mouse embryo.

A:Reference number: A48825; MUID:93050801

A:Accession: A48825

A:Status: preliminary: not compared with conceptual translation
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-861 <REA>
A:Experimental source: embryo
A:Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIP:119144)
C:Superfamily: unassigned ankyrin repeat proteins; ankyrin repeat homology; EGF homology
F:26-57/Domain: EGF homology <EGF>

Query Match 59.5%; Score 44; DB 2; Length 861;
Best Local Similarity 58.3%; Pred. No. 12;
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 3 CDSSECKSSPRCK 14
|||: |||: ||
DB 274 CDSAPCKNGRC 285

RESULT 4
EXHU
coagulation factor Xa (EC 3.4.21.6) precursor - human
N:Alternate names: Stuart factor
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C:Date: 15-Nov-1984 #sequence_revision 02-May-1994 #text_change 24-Oct-1997
C:Accession: A24478; JQ0917; A42485; A25853; A22208; A21284; A20362; S39415; I54051; A00
R:Leytus, S.P.; Foster, D.C.; Kurachi, K.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 25, 5098-5102, 1986
A:Title: Gene for human factor X: a blood coagulation factor whose gene organization is
A:Reference number: A24478; MUID:87026600
A:Accession: A24478
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-488 <LEY>
A:Cross-references: GB:L29433; GB:M14327; NID:9459809; PID:g182831
R:Messer, T.B.; Pittman, D.D.; Long, G.L.; Kaufman, R.J.; Church, W.R.
Gene 99, 291-294, 1991
A:Title: Cloning and expression in COS-1 cells of a full-length cDNA encoding human coag
A:Reference number: JQ0917; MUID:91216473
A:Accession: JQ0917
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-488 <MES>
A:Cross-references: GB:M57285; NID:g182389; PID:g182390
R:Miao, C.H.; Leytus, S.P.; Chung, D.W.; Davie, E.W.
J. Biol. Chem. 267, 7395-7401, 1992
A:Title: Liver-specific expression of the gene coding for human factor X, a blood coagul
A:Reference number: A42485; MUID:92218390
A:Accession: A42485
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-15 <MIA>
A:Experimental source: liver
A:Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIN:93780, NCBIP:93787)
R:Kaul, R.K.; Hildebrand, B.; Roberts, S.; Jagadeeswaran, P.
Gene 41, 311-314, 1986
A:Title: Isolation and characterization of human blood-coagulation factor X cDNA.
A:Reference number: A25853; MUID:86221713
A:Accession: A25853
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 19-284, 'E', 289-488 <KAU>
A:Cross-references: GB:M2613; NID:g180335; PID:g180336
R:Fung, M.R.; Hay, C.W.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82, 3591-3595, 1985
A:Title: Characterization of an almost full-length cDNA coding for human blood coagulat
A:Reference number: A22208; MUID:85216545
A:Accession: A22208
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 13-441, 'S', 443-488 <FUN>
A:Cross-references: GB:K03194; NID:g182840; PID:g182841
R:Leytus, S.P.; Chung, D.W.; Kiesel, W.; Kurachi, K.; Davie, E.W.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81, 3699-3702, 1984
A:Title: Characterization of a cDNA coding for human factor X.
A:Reference number: A21284; MUID:84222026
A:Accession: A21284
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 13-284, 'E', 289-488 <LE2>

A:Cross-references: GB:K01886
R:McMullen, B.A.; Fujikawa, K.; Kiesel, W.; Sasagawa, T.; Howald, W.N.; Kwa, E.Y.; We
Biochemistry 22, 2875-2884, 1983
A:Title: Complete amino acid sequence of the light chain of human blood coagulation f
A:Reference number: A20362; MUID:83257207
A:Accession: A20362
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 41-179 <MCW>
R:Inoue, K.; Morita, T.
Eur. J. Biochem. 218, 153-163, 1993
A:Title: Identification of O-linked oligosaccharide chains in the activation peptides
A:Reference number: S39414
A:Accession: S39415
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 183-234 <INO>
A:Note: glycosylation sites
R:Jagadeeswaran, P.; Reddy, S.V.; Rao, K.J.; Hamsabhusanam, K.; Lyman, G.
Gene 84, 517-519, 1989
A:Title: Cloning and characterization of the 5' end (exon 1) of the gene encoding hum
A:Reference number: I54051; MUID:90128299
A:Accession: I54051
A:Status: translation not shown; translated from GB/EMBL/DDBJ
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-23 <RES>
A:Cross-references: GB:M33297; NID:g183860; PID:g553330
R:Padmanabhan, K.; Padmanabhan, K.P.; Tullinsky, A.; Park, C.H.; Bode, W.; Huber, R.;
J. Mol. Biol. 232, 947-966, 1993
A:Title: Structure of human des(1-45) factor Xa at 2.2 angstroms resolution.
A:Reference number: A49458
A:Contents: annotation; X-ray crystallography, 2.2 angstroms
C:Comment: The two chains held together by one disulfide bond are formed from a singl
C:Comment: The activation peptide is cleaved by factor IXa (in the intrinsic pathway)
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: GDB:F10
A:Cross-references: GDB:119890; OMIM:227600
A:Map position: 13q34-13q34
A:Introns: 24/1; 77/3; 86/1; 124/1; 150/3; 249/3; 289/1
A:Note: deficiency of this factor causes Stuart disease
C:Function:
A:Description: catalyzes the proteolytic activation of prothrombin to thrombin in the
A:Pathway: blood coagulation
C:Superfamily: coagulation factor X; EGF homology; Gla domain homology; trypsin homol
C:Keywords: beta-hydroxyaspartic acid; blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxyglu
F:1-23/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F:24-40/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
F:25-84/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
F:41-179/Product: coagulation factor X light chain #status experimental <LCH>
F:129-164/Domain: EGF homology <EGF1>
F:183-488/Product: coagulation factor X heavy chain #status experimental <HCH>
F:183-234/Domain: activation peptide #status experimental <APT>
F:235-488/Product: coagulation factor Xa heavy chain #status experimental <ACT>
F:235-462/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F:46-47,54,56,59,60,65,66,69,72,79/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu) #s
F:57-62/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F:90-101,95-110,112-121,129-140,136-149,151-164,172-342,241-246,261-277,390-404,415-4
F:103/Modified site: erythro-beta-hydroxyaspartic acid (Asp) #status experimental
F:199,211/Binding site: carbohydrate (Thr) (covalent) #status experimental
F:221,231/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status experimental
F:234-235/Cleavage site: Arg-Ile (coagulation factor IXa, coagulation factor VIIa) #s
F:276,322,419/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status experimental

Query Match 56.8%; Score 42; DB 1; Length 488;
Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 16;
Matches 5; Conservative 6; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 QHCDSECKSSPRCK 15
::|::|::|::|
DB 88 DQCETSPQNGKCK 102

RESULT 5

S17156
 metallothionein - eastern oyster
 C:Species: Crassostrea virginica (eastern oyster)
 C:Date: 13-Jan-1995 #sequence_revision 13-Jan-1995 #text_change 08-Sep-1997
 C:Accession: S17156
 R:Unger, M.E.; Chen, T.T.; Murphy, C.M.; Vestling, M.M.; Fenselau, C.; Roesijadi, G.
 Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1074, 371-377, 1991
 A:Title: Primary structure of molluscan metallothioneins deduced from PCR-amplified cDNA
 A:Reference number: S17156; MUID:91363394
 A:Accession: S17156
 A>Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-75 <UNG>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:X59862; NID:g288277; PID:g288278
 C:Superfamily: metallothionein

Query Match 51.4%; Score 38; DB 2; Length 75;
 Best Local Similarity 46.2%; Pred. No. 16;
 Matches 6; Conservative 3; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 3 CDSSECKSSPRCK 15
 | : : | : : |

DB 19 CPATCKCGPGCK 31
 | : : | : : |

RESULT 6

A55035
 cysteine-rich protein CRP1 - earthworm (Enchytraeus buchholzi)
 C:Species: Enchytraeus buchholzi
 C:Date: 14-Nov-1994 #sequence_revision 03-Nov-1995 #text_change 10-Sep-1997
 C:Accession: A55035; S45034
 R:Willuhn, J.; Schmitt-Wrede, H.P.; Greven, H.; Wunderlich, F.
 J. Biol. Chem. 269, 24688-24691, 1994
 A:Title: cDNA cloning of a cadmium-inducible mRNA encoding a novel cysteine-rich, non-me
 A:Reference number: A55035
 A:Accession: A55035
 A>Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-251 <WIL>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:X79344; NID:g488802; PID:g488803

Query Match 54.1%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 251;
 Best Local Similarity 38.5%; Pred. No. 20;
 Matches 5; Conservative 5; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 3 CDSSECKSSPRCK 15
 | : : | : : |

DB 223 CDNVNCRKCGSSCR 235
 | : : | : : |

RESULT 7

S14049
 metallothionein precursor - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
 N:Alternate names: protein YHR053c; protein YHR055c
 C:Species: Saccharomyces cerevisiae
 C:Date: 16-Sep-1992 #sequence_revision 16-Sep-1992 #text_change 05-Dec-1997
 C:Accession: S14049; A29373; A17610; A24123; S46703; S46705
 R:Jeyaprakash, A.; Welch, J.W.; Fogel, S.
 Mol. Gen. Genet. 225, 363-368, 1991
 A:Title: Multicopy CUP1 plasmids enhance cadmium and copper resistance levels in yeast.
 A:Reference number: S14049; MUID:91203809
 A:Accession: S14049
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-61 <MOL>
 R:Karin, M.; Najarian, R.; Haslinger, A.; Valenzuela, P.; Welch, J.; Fogel, S.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81, 337-341, 1984
 A:Title: Primary structure and transcription of an amplified genetic locus: the CUP1 loc
 A:Reference number: A29373; MUID:84119482
 A:Accession: A29373
 A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-61 <KAR>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:K02204; NID:g171337; PID:g171338
 R:Butt, T.R.; Sternberg, E.U.; Gorman, J.A.; Clark, P.; Hamer, D.; Rosenberg, M.; Cro
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81, 3332-3336, 1984
 A:Title: Copper metallothionein of yeast, structure of the gene, and regulation of ex
 A:Reference number: A17610; MUID:84221953
 A:Accession: A17610
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-61 <BUT>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:K02204; NID:g171337; PID:g171338
 R:Winge, D.R.; Nielson, K.B.; Gray, W.R.; Hamer, D.H.
 J. Biol. Chem. 260, 14464-14470, 1985
 A:Title: Yeast metallothionein. Sequence and metal-binding properties.
 A:Reference number: A92506; MUID:86033949
 A:Accession: A24123
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 9-61 <WIN>
 R:Latreille, P.
 submitted to the EMBL Data Library, May 1994
 A:Description: The sequence of S. cerevisiae cosmid 8025.
 A:Reference number: S46691
 A:Accession: S46703
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-61 <LAT>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:U00061; NID:g487943; PID:e108807; MIPS:YHR053c
 A:Genetics: CUP1A
 A:Accession: S46705
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-61 <LA2>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:U00061; NID:g487943; PID:g487953; MIPS:YHR055c
 A:Genetics: CUP1B
 C:Genetics: <CUP1A>
 A:Gene: SGD:CUP1; CUP1A
 A:Cross-references: MIPS:YHR053c; SGD:S0001095
 A:Map position: 8R
 C:Genetics: <CUP1B>
 A:Gene: SGD:CUP1; CUP1B
 A:Cross-references: MIPS:YHR055c; SGD:S0001097
 A:Map position: 8R
 C:Superfamily: metallothionein

Query Match 50.0%; Score 37; DB 2; Length 61;
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 20;
 Matches 4; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HCDSECKSSPRC 14
 | : : | : : |

DB 16 QCQCGCKNNEQC 28
 | : : | : : |

RESULT 8

A46057
 thrombin inhibitor hemadin - terrestrial leech (Haemadipsa sylvestris) (fragment)
 C:Species: Haemadipsa sylvestris
 C:Date: 21-Sep-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Nov-1994 #text_change 20-Mar-1998
 C:Accession: A46057
 R:Strube, K.H.; Kroger, B.; Bialojan, S.; Otte, M.; Dödt, J.
 J. Biol. Chem. 268, 8590-8595, 1993
 A:Title: Isolation, sequence analysis, and cloning of haemadin. An anticoagulant pept
 A:Reference number: A46057; MUID:93232009
 A:Accession: A46057
 A>Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: mRNA; protein
 A:Residues: 1-39 <STR>
 A:Cross-references: GB:S58792; NID:g302486; PID:g302487
 A:Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIN:129610, NCBIP:129611)

Query Match 48.6%; Score 36; DB 2; Length 39;
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 20;
 Matches 4; Conservative 5; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 QHDSSECKSSPR 13
| : : : : :
Db 12 QSCNDGQCSGDPK 24

RESULT 9
A56175
adhesive plaque protein Mgfp2 precursor - Mediterranean mussel
C:Species: Mytilus galloprovincialis (Mediterranean mussel)
C>Date: 27-Apr-1995 #sequence_revision 03-Oct-1995 #text_change 10-Sep-1997
C:Accession: A56175
R:Inoue, K.; Takeuchi, Y.; Miki, D.; Odo, S.
J. Biol. Chem. 270, 6698-6701, 1995
A:Title: Mussel adhesive plaque protein gene is a novel member of epidermal growth factor
A:Reference number: A56175
A:Accession: A56175
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-473 <INO>
A:Cross-references: GB:D43794; NID:g602767; PID:di008438; PID:g602768
C:Keywords: duplication
F:1-17/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F:23,36,43,56,75,382,454,455,468,473/Modified site: 3',4'-dihydroxyphenylalanine (Tyr) #

Query Match 55.4%; Score 41; DB 2; Length 473;
Best Local Similarity 41.7%; Pred. No. 22;
Matches 5; Conservative 5; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 CDSSECKSSPRC 14
| : : : : :
Db 86 CKPNOCKNSRC 97

RESULT 10
S32659
Integrin beta 2 chain (CD18) - chicken
N:Alternate names: CD18 protein
C:Species: Gallus gallus (chicken)
C>Date: 06-Jan-1995 #sequence_revision 06-Jan-1995 #text_change 08-Nov-1996
C:Accession: I50660; S32659
R:Bilsland, C.A.; Springer, T.A.
J. Leukoc. Biol. 55, 501-506, 1994
A:Title: Cloning and expression of the chicken CD18 cDNA.
A:Reference number: I50660; MUID:94194252
A:Accession: I50660
A>Status: Preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBDJ
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-772 <BI2>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X71786; NID:g297566; PID:g297567
C:Superfamily: integrin beta chain

Query Match 56.8%; Score 42; DB 2; Length 772;
Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 22;
Matches 6; Conservative 4; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HCDSECKSSPR 13
| : : : : :
Db 557 RCDGCECKCTPK 568

RESULT 11
SMKD25
metallothionein 2 - mud crab
C:Species: Scylla serrata (mud crab)
C>Date: 19-Feb-1984 #sequence_revision 19-Feb-1984 #text_change 13-Sep-1996
C:Accession: A03284
R:Lerch, K.; Ammer, D.; Olafson, R.W.
J. Biol. Chem. 257, 2420-2426, 1982
A:Title: Crab metallothionein. Primary structures of metallothioneins 1 and 2.
A:Reference number: A92363; MUID:82142340
A:Accession: A03284
A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 1-57 <LER>
C:Superfamily: metallothionein
C:Keywords: metal binding

Query Match 48.6%; Score 36; DB 1; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 41.7%; Pred. No. 26;
Matches 5; Conservative 4; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 CDSSECKSSPRC 14
| : : : : :
Db 11 CREGECKTGCK 22

RESULT 12
A35844
Xotch protein - African clawed frog
C:Species: Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog)
C>Date: 12-Oct-1990 #sequence_revision 12-Oct-1990 #text_change 14-Aug-1998
C:Accession: A35844
R:Coffman, C.; Harris, W.; Kintner, C.
Science 249, 1438-1441, 1990
A:Title: Xotch, the Xenopus homolog of Drosophila notch.
A:Reference number: A35844; MUID:90385285
A:Accession: A35844
A>Status: Preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-2524 <COF>
C:Superfamily: unassigned ankyrin repeat proteins; ankyrin repeat homology; EGF homol
C:Keywords: transmembrane protein
F:222-254/Domain: EGF homology <EGF>
F:1924-1956/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN1>
F:1957-1989/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN2>
F:1991-2023/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN3>
F:2024-2056/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN4>
F:2057-2089/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN5>

Query Match 59.5%; Score 44; DB 2; Length 2524;
Best Local Similarity 53.8%; Pred. No. 27;
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 CDSSECKSSPRCK 15
| : : : : :
Db 833 CAGSPCKNGGRCK 845

RESULT 13
A46019
gene Notch-1 protein - mouse
C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)
C>Date: 22-Sep-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Nov-1994 #text_change 14-Aug-1998
C:Accession: A46019
R:del Amo, F.F.; Gendron-Maguire, M.; Swiatek, P.J.; Jenkins, N.A.; Copeland, N.G.; G
Genomics 15, 259-264, 1993
A:Title: Cloning, analysis, and chromosomal localization of Notch-1, a mouse homolog
A:Reference number: A46019; MUID:93194170
A:Accession: A46019
A>Status: Preliminary; not compared with conceptual translation
A:Molecule type: nucleic acid
A:Residues: 1-2531
A:Cross-references: GB:Z11886; GB:S47228; NID:g288502; PID:g288503
A>Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIP:127318)
C:Superfamily: unassigned ankyrin repeat proteins; ankyrin repeat homology; EGF homol
F:757-788/Domain: EGF homology <EGF>
F:1917-1948/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN1>
F:1949-1981/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN2>
F:1983-2015/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN3>
F:2016-2048/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN4>
F:2049-2081/Domain: ankyrin repeat homology <AN5>

Query Match 59.5%; Score 44; DB 2; Length 2531;

Best Local Similarity 58.3%; Pred. No. 27;
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 3 CDSSECKSSPRC 14
|||:||||:|
Db 1063 CDSAPCKNGRC 1074

RESULT 14
S44787
D2007.1 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans
C:Species: Caenorhabditis elegans
C:Date: 14-Sep-1994 #sequence_revision 12-May-1995 #text_change 09-Sep-1997
C:Accession: S44787
R:Favell, A.D.
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, May 1993
A:Description: Sequence of the C. elegans cosmid D2007.
A:Reference number: S44617
A:Accession: S44787
A>Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-111 <FAV>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:L16560; NID:g289666; PID:g289668
C:Genetics:
A:Introns: 48/1; 84/3

Query Match 50.0%; Score 37; DB 2; Length 111;
Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 30;
Matches 5; Conservative 7; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 QHCDSECKSSPRCK 15
::|::|::|::|:
Db 91 DQCGNACCKTSEQCR 105

RESULT 15
S36032
thrombin inhibitor haemadin - terrestrial leech (Haemadipsa sylvestris)
C:Species: Haemadipsa sylvestris
C:Date: 06-Jan-1995 #sequence_revision 06-Jan-1995 #text_change 09-Sep-1997
C:Accession: S36032; B46057
R:Kwger, B.
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, January 1993
A:Reference number: S36032
A:Accession: S36032
A>Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-77 <KRV>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z19864; NID:g298108; PID:g298109
R:Strube, K.H.; Kroger, B.; Bialojan, S.; Otte, M.; Dödt, J.
J. Biol. Chem. 268, 8590-8595, 1993
A:Title: Isolation, sequence analysis, and cloning of haemadin. An anticoagulant peptide
A:Reference number: A46057; MUID:93232009
A:Accession: B46057
A>Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-77 <STR>
A>Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIN:129612, NCBI:P:129614)

Query Match 48.6%; Score 36; DB 2; Length 77;
Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 33;
Matches 4; Conservative 5; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 QHCDSECKSSPR 13
|::|::|:
Db 50 QSCNDGQCGDPK 62

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PI Voerman G;
DR WPI; 96-239498/24.
PT New protease inhibitors from the leech Limnatis nilotica - for
PT treating, e.g. blood clotting disorders, HIV infection, diabetes
PT mellitus etc.
PS Claim 3; Page 26; 41pp; English.
CC The protease inhibitor peptide isoforms given in R96121-23 are
CC elastase/chymotrypsin- and trypsin inhibitors which may be isolated
CC from leech tissue or leech secretions, e.g. saliva. These peptides
CC belong to the family of leech derived substances named fahsin's which
CC also have an antibiotic effect. The fahsin family of proteins comprise
CC 50/51 amino acids and occur in various isoforms. These peptides are
CC useful in the treatment of diabetes mellitus, blood clotting disorders,
CC disorders of neutrophil function, e.g. emphysema, rheumatoid arthritis,
CC HIV infection and other immunological and inflammatory diseases.
SQ Sequence 50 AA;

Query Match      53.4%; Score 39.5; DB 1; Length 50;
Best Local Similarity 43.8%; Pred. No. 11;
Matches 7; Conservative 4; Mismatches 4; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

QY 1 QHCDSECKSSP-RCK 15
Db 13 QLCVDGQCKCTPIRCR 28

RESULT 3
R96123
ID R96123 standard; Peptide; 50 AA.
AC R96123;
DE Leech derived fahsin based protease inhibitor #3.
KW Protease inhibitor; Isoform; elastase; chymotrypsin; trypsin; leech;
KW tissue; secretion; saliva; fahsin; antibiotic; diabetes mellitus;
KW blood clotting disorder; neutrophil function; emphysema;
KW rheumatoid arthritis; HIV infection; human immunodeficiency virus.
OS Limnatis nilotica.
PN W09613585-A1.
PD W09613585-A1.
PF 27-OCT-1995; E04223.
PR 28-OCT-1994; EP-117053.
PR 14-MAR-1995; EP-103637.
PA (CLOD-) CLODICA SA.
PI Voerman G;
DR WPI; 96-239498/24.
PT New protease inhibitors from the leech Limnatis nilotica - for
PT treating, e.g. blood clotting disorders, HIV infection, diabetes
PT mellitus etc.
PS Claim 3; Page 26; 41pp; English.
CC The protease inhibitor peptide isoforms given in R96121-23 are
CC elastase/chymotrypsin- and trypsin inhibitors which may be isolated
CC from leech tissue or leech secretions, e.g. saliva. These peptides
CC belong to the family of leech derived substances named fahsin's which
CC also have an antibiotic effect. The fahsin family of proteins comprise
CC 50/51 amino acids and occur in various isoforms. These peptides are
CC useful in the treatment of diabetes mellitus, blood clotting disorders,
CC disorders of neutrophil function, e.g. emphysema, rheumatoid arthritis,
CC HIV infection and other immunological and inflammatory diseases.
SQ Sequence 50 AA;

Query Match      53.4%; Score 39.5; DB 1; Length 50;
Best Local Similarity 43.8%; Pred. No. 11;
Matches 7; Conservative 4; Mismatches 4; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

QY 1 QHCDSECKSSP-RCK 15
Db 13 QLCVDGQCKCTPIRCR 28

RESULT 4
R95596
ID R95596 standard; protein; 139 AA.
AC R95596;
DE 17-DEC-1996 (first entry)
DE Factor X light chain.
KW Factor X; light chain; human; heavy chain; Factor Xa; prothrombinase;
KW activating enzyme; blood factor; immunoaffinity chromatography; therapy;
KW antigen; inhibitor; activated resin; coagulation disorder; factor II;
KW vasculature function disorder; factor V; factor IX; factor XI; protein C;
KW factor XII; factor VII; protein S; fibrinogen.
OS Homo sapiens.
PH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT disulfide_bond 17..22
FT domain 17..22
FT /note= "GLA domain"
FT disulfide_bond 50..61
FT domain 50..124
FT /note= "growth factor domains"
FT disulfide_bond 55..70
FT misc_difference 63
FT /note= "unspecified amino acid, represented in
FT specification as beta"
FT disulfide_bond 72..81
FT disulfide_bond 89..100
FT disulfide_bond 96..109
FT disulfide_bond 111..124
FT disulfide_bond 132
FT /note= "disulfide bond to residue 160 of Factor X heavy
FT chain (see W05820), or to residue 108 of Factor
FT Xa heavy chain (see R95597 and R95598)."
PN W09613274-A1.
PD 09-MAY-1996.
PF 27-OCT-1995; U13940.
PR 28-OCT-1994; US-330978.
PA (CORP-) COR THERAPEUTICS INC.
PI King R8;
DR WPI; 96-239270/24.
PT Prepn. of an inhibited form of an activated blood factor, e.g.
PT factor X - by treating partially purified blood factor preps. with
PT an activating factor and an inhibiting factor
PS Disclosure; Fig 1; 45pp; English.
CC This sequence represents the light chain of human Factor X (the heavy
CC chain is represented by W05820). Factor X must be activated to Factor Xa
CC before the protease is incorporated into the prothrombinase complex. In
CC Factor Xa the light chain sequence is identical to the Factor X light
CC chain, and the heavy chain is a truncated version of the Factor X heavy
CC chain. An inhibited form of activated Factor X is prepared by the method
CC of the invention. In this method, a partially purified preparation
CC containing the blood factor is treated to convert the factor into an
CC activated form (using an immobilised activating enzyme). The activated
CC form is then converted into an inhibited form in a single step, and the
CC inhibited factor is recovered. The inhibited blood factor is recovered
CC by immunoaffinity chromatography using an antigen specific monoclonal
CC antibody coupled to an activated resin (such as agarose), or an anion
CC exchange column with an anion-exchange group linked to a naturally
CC derived polysaccharide or a synthetically derived polymeric matrix. The
CC activated resin used preferably uses activation chemistry selected from
CC tressyl, azactone, aldehyde, hydrazide, N-hydroxy succinimide or triazine.
CC This method produces a highly purified preparation of an inhibited form
CC (either permanently or transiently inhibited) of an activated blood
CC factor in high yield. The factors produced can be used in the treatment
CC of coagulation disorders, or disorders of vasculature function.
SQ Sequence 139 AA;

Query Match      56.8%; Score 42; DB 1; Length 139;
Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 12;
Matches 5; Conservative 6; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 QHCDSECKSSPRCK 15
Db 48 DQCTSPCQNGRCK 62

RESULT 4
R95596

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RESULT 5
W40283
ID W40283 standard; Protein; 467 AA.
AC W40283;
DE 16-JUN-1998 (first entry)
DT Human Factor X protease.
KW Factor X; factor IX; serine protease activity; catalytic domain; ZAD;
KW zymogen-activating domain; epidermal growth factor-like domain; EGF1;
KW EGF2; regulator; coagulation; fibrinolysis; homeostasis; X-ray structure;
KW detection; drug modelling; restriction protease.
OS Homo sapiens.
FH Key
FH Domain Location/Qualifiers
FT 108..153
FT /label= EGF2 domain
FT 154..165
FT /label= EGF2 domain
FT 166..216
FT /label= Activating domain
FT 217..454
FT /label= catalytic domain
PN W09747737-A1.
PD 18-DEC-1997.
PF 11-JUN-1997; E03027.
PR 06-JUL-1996; EP-110959.
PR 11-JUN-1996; EP-109288.
PR 22-JUN-1996; EP-110109.
PA (BOEF ) BOEHRINGER MANNHEIM GMBH.
PI Hopfner K, Kopetzki E;
DR WPI: 98-052304/05.
DR N-PSDB; V10462.
PT Non-glycosylated, truncated forms of factor IX family protein with
PT serine protease activity - used to screen for specific modulators
PT and to assay factor IXa
PS Disclosure: Fig 3: 49pp; German.
CC This sequence represents a human factor X protease. This protein is used
CC in the construction of a novel non-glycosylated protein and truncated
CC and zymogen forms of this protein, which have serine protease activity.
CC The protein is composed of various domains from a factor IX family
CC protein, namely a catalytic domain (CD) N-terminally bound to a
CC zymogen-activating domain (ZAD), N-terminally bound to an EGF1 and/or
CC EGF2 domain (EGF - epidermal growth factor-like domain). Such proteins
CC are used to identify activators/inhibitors of factor IX family proteins
CC (potentially useful as regulators of coagulation, fibrinolysis and
CC homeostasis). The protein in zymogen form is also useful in assays for
CC detecting factor IXa activity in aqueous solution (specifically in body
CC fluids). The protein can be used to produce co-crystals with protease
CC variants or inhibitors for X-ray structural analysis and drug modelling
CC and as restriction proteases in biotechnology. These truncated proteins
CC have the same specificity as factor IX family proteases and can be
CC produced in prokaryotes in a form that allows production of active enzyme
CC by conversion to native form and enzymatic cleavage.
CC Sequence 467 AA;
SQ

Query Match 59.5%; Score 44; DB 1; Length 467;
Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 17;
Matches 5; Conservative 7; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 QHCDSECKSSPRCK 15
Db 70 DQCETSPCQNAKCK 84
:::|:|:|:|:|:|

RESULT 6
R13675
ID R13675 standard; Protein; 250 AA.
AC R13675;
DE 09-OCT-1991 (first entry)
DT Factor X-LACI hybrid protein.
KW Kunitz domain; blood; coagulation; inhibitor; Factor X;
KW tissue factor; TP; Lipoprotein-Associated Coagulation Inhibitor.
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT protein 1..171

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FT peptide /label= Xlc
FT 1..40
FT /label= prepro_leader
FT domain 55..64
FT /label= GLA_domain
FT domain 89..150
FT /label= growth_factor_domains
FT domain 172..250
FT /label= kunitz_domain
FT disulfide_bond 57..62
FT disulfide_bond 90..101
FT disulfide_bond 95..110
FT disulfide_bond 112..121
FT disulfide_bond 129..149
FT disulfide_bond 136..149
FT disulfide_bond 151..164
FT disulfide_bond 186..236
FT disulfide_bond 195..219
FT disulfide_bond 211..232
PN EP-439442-A.
PD 31-JUL-1991.
PF 21-JAN-1991; 870008.
PR 25-JAN-1990; US-470289.
PA (UNIW ) UNIV OF WASHINGTON.
PI Girard TJ, Broeze GJ;
DR WPI: 91-224839/31.
DR N-PSDB; Q12776.
PT New factor X-LACI hybrid protein - comprises light chain of
PT factor X and LACI's first kunitz domain for use as anticoagulant
PS Disclosure: Page 12-14; 17pp; English.
CC The protein is used as a blood coagulation inhibitor in mammals. It
CC is believed to mimic the Xa/LACI complex in binding to and
CC inhibiting VIIa/tissue factor. LACI inhibits via a novel feedback
CC mechanism requiring generation of Xa (a prod. of VIIa/TF activity);
CC XicLACIki inhibits VIIa/TF activity directly.
CC The DNA allows prodn. of XicLACIki by introduction of the gene into
CC cells suitable for expression, e.g. E. coli or CHO cells.
CC Sequence 250 AA;
SQ

Query Match 56.8%; Score 42; DB 1; Length 250;
Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 19;
Matches 5; Conservative 6; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 QHCDSECKSSPRCK 15
Db 88 DQCETSPCQNAKCK 102
:::|:|:|:|:|:|

RESULT 7
R32501
ID R32501 standard; Protein; 400 AA.
AC R32501.
DT 09-JUN-1993 (first entry)
DE Beta-adrenergic receptor.
KW Fat cell specific; BAR; lipolysis; obesity; diagnosis;
KW thermogenesis; metabolism.
OS Rattus rattus.
PN US7783602-A.
PD 15-DEC-1992.
PF 11-NOV-1991; 783602.
PR 01-NOV-1991; US-783602.
PA (USSH ) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICE.
PI Venter CJ;
DR WPI: 93-067426/08.
PT Fat cell specific beta- adrenergic receptor polypeptide - used
PT for diagnosis of obesity due to inactive lipolysis
PS Disclosure: Page 16; 20pp; English.
CC A rat interscapular brown adipose tissue cDNA library was cloned and
CC probes with DNA probes encoding human beta-1 and rat beta-2
CC adrenergic receptors under low stringency conditions. Positive
CC clones were found to be different from the rat and human sequences
CC and contained a single open reading frame of 1200 bp encoding the

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CC protein shown, of 400 amino acids and mol. wt. 43 kD. The protein is
 CC the fat specific beta-adrenergic receptor and may be used in work on
 CC the thermogenesis process. Isolation of the gene for BAR allows the
 CC diagnosis and treatment of obesity and the testing of medications
 CC for their effectiveness in stimulating the thermogenesis metabolic
 CC response in obesity patients.
 SQ Sequence 400 AA;

Query Match 58.1%; Score 43; DB 1; Length 400;
 Best Local Similarity 58.3%; Pred. No. 21;
 Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 4 DSSECKSSPRCK 15
 Db 182 EAQCHSNPRCK 193

RESULT 8
 W80576
 ID W80576 standard; Protein; 52 AA.
 AC W80576;
 DE 16-DEC-1998 (first entry)
 DT Human factor VII EGF domain primary sequence.
 DE O-fucosyltransferase; epidermal growth factor; EGF; glycosylation;
 KW O-fucose; inhibitor; sensory neuron; retinal neuron; human; heart.
 OS Synthetic.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Peptide 44..49
 FT /note="histidine tag"
 FT W09833924-A1.
 PN 06-AUG-1998.
 PD 17-DEC-1997; U23401.
 PF 26-NOV-1997; US-978741.
 PR 31-JAN-1997; US-792498.
 PA (GETH) GENENTECH INC.
 PI Spellman MW, Wang Y;
 DR WPI: 98-437477/37.
 PT Human O-fucosyltransferase able to glycosylate epidermal growth
 PT factor domains - useful for diagnosis and treatment of diseases
 PT involving overexpression of the enzyme
 PS Example 2; Page 39; 90pp; English.
 CC This represents the primary sequence of the first EGF domain from human
 CC factor VII contained in a plasmid construct. The invention provides a
 CC human heart O-fucosyltransferase enzyme that can glycosylate an epidermal
 CC growth factor (EGF) domain of a polypeptide with an activated O-fucose
 CC residue. Inhibitors of O-fucosyltransferase, e.g. mutants with increased
 CC affinity for the EGF domains, are used in diagnosis and treatment of
 CC conditions associated with overexpression of O-fucosyltransferase, to
 CC promote survival of sensory (retinal) neurons. Probes based on EGF domain
 CC polypeptide are used to detect gene amplification and expression. The
 CC expression can also be determined at the protein level using antibodies
 CC specific for O-fucosyltransferase.
 SQ Sequence 52 AA;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 37; DB 1; Length 52;
 Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 26;
 Matches 5; Conservative 6; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 OHCDSECKSSPRCK 15
 Db 5 DQCESNPCLNGSCK 19

RESULT 9
 R40210
 ID R40210 standard; protein; 53 AA.
 AC R40210;
 DT 04-FEB-1994 (first entry)
 DE Sequence of yeast class II metallothionine.
 KW Metallothionine; yeast; class II.

OS Saccharomyces cervisiae.
 PN DE4212134-A.
 PD 19-AUG-1993.
 PF 10-APR-1992; 212134.
 PR 17-FEB-1992; GB-003299.
 PA (INDE-) INDENA SPA.
 PI Bombardelli E, Ponzone C, Puglisi PP;
 DR WPI: 93-265710/34.
 PT Topical compsn. for protecting tissue e.g. skin - against toxic
 PT heavy metals, contg. metal-complexing protein with high cysteine
 PT content
 PS Disclosure; Page 3; 7pp; German.
 CC Class II metallothionines have the same potential to form
 CC thio-metal complexes and clusters as Class II metallothionines.
 CC This class comprises metallothionines whose primary structure
 CC bears only a slight, or no, resemblance to those of mammals.
 SQ Sequence 53 AA;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 37; DB 1; Length 53;
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 27;
 Matches 4; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 2 HCDSECKSSPRCK 14
 Db 8 QCQCGSKNEQC 20

RESULT 10
 R37437
 ID R37437 standard; Protein; 39 AA.
 AC R37437;
 DE 30-SEP-1993 (first entry)
 DT Thrombin inhibitor C-terminal (AS 19-57).
 DE Primer; PCR; thrombosis; arterial reocclusion; blood; thrombin;
 KW hirudin.
 OS Haemadipsa sylvestris.
 PN DE4209110-A.
 PD 27-MAY-1993.
 PF 20-MAR-1992; 209110.
 PR 26-NOV-1991; DE-138698.
 PR 20-MAR-1992; DE-209110.
 PA (BADI) BASF AG.
 PI Bialojan S, Friedrich T, Kroeger B, Strube K;
 DR WPI: 93-176720/22.
 DR N-PSDB: Q42433.
 PT New proteins obtd. from Haemadipsa Sylvestris - used as thrombin
 PT inhibitors for treatment and prevention of thrombosis and
 PT arterial re-occlusion
 PS Example 6; Page 8; 14pp; German.
 CC Example 6 describes the cloning of DNA encoding the thrombin
 CC inhibiting protein. A cDNA library is produced from H. sylvestris
 CC DNA. Primers (i - Q42426) and (ii - Q42427) were based on peptide
 CC fragments corresp. to amino acids 4-11 and 19-28 respectively.
 CC The 3' primers were A-B-T18 (Q42428), A (derived from A-B-T18 -
 CC Q42429) and B (derived from A-B-T18 - Q42430). A first sequence
 CC was obtained (Q42433). A further PCR cycle was performed using
 CC primers (iii - Q42431) and (iv - Q42432). The sequence
 CC given in Q42434 was obtained.
 SQ Sequence 39 AA;

Query Match 48.6%; Score 36; DB 1; Length 39;
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 29;
 Matches 4; Conservative 5; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 OHCDSECKSSPRCK 13
 Db 12 QSCNDGQCSGDPK 24

RESULT 11
 P94625

ID P94625 standard; protein; 61 AA.
 AC P94625;
 DT 22-JUN-1990 (first entry)
 DE CUP1 translation product of plasmid M13mp18/CUP1.
 KW Copper resistance gene; expression system; yeast; cassette; ds.
 OS Saccharomyces cerevisiae
 PN AU8815845-A.
 PD 10-NOV-1988.
 PF 7-MAY-1987; 15845.
 PR 7-MAY-1987; AU-015845.
 PR 6-MAY-1988; AU-001788.
 PA (CSIR) Commonwealth Scient Org.
 PI Macreadie IG, Vaughan PR, Azad AA;
 DR WPI; 89-069074/10.
 DR N-PSDB; N90634.
 PT Gene expression system -
 PT contains yeast copper resistance gene and multiple cloning site
 PT and is movable as a cassette.
 PS Disclosure; P; English.
 CC Expression vector carrying the yeast copper resistance genes allows for
 CC the expression of foreign proteins with a copper induced promoter and in
 CC the absence of their own start codon.
 SQ Sequence 61 AA;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 37; DB 1; Length 61;
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 30;
 Matches 4; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 2 HCDSSSECKSSPRC 14
 : : : | : : : |
 DB 16 QCOCGSKNNEQC 28

RESULT 12
 P50776
 ID P50776 standard; Protein; 61 AA.
 AC P50776;
 DT 30-NOV-1991 (first entry)
 DE Sequence encoded by yeast copper metallothionein gene in
 DE YEP36 insert.
 KW Metal poisoning therapy; chelating agent;
 KW industrial waste treatment.
 OS Saccharomyces cerevisiae.
 PN EP-134773-A.
 PD 20-MAR-1985.
 PF 07-AUG-1984; 870112.
 PR 08-AUG-1983; US-520668.
 PR 02-MAR-1984; US-584657.
 PA (SMIK) SMITHKLINE BECKMAN CORP.
 PI Butt TR;
 DR WPI; 85-070084/12.
 DR N-PSDB; N50529.
 PT Gene coding for yeast copper metallothionein - isolated from
 PT yeast by hybridisation and useful for micro-organism
 PT transformation
 PS Disclosure; Page 4-6; 25pp; English.
 CC The gene is present in a Sau 3A-Sau 3A fragment of chromosomal DNA
 CC in a Cu-resistant (IMM CuSO4) mutant. The promoter region is present
 CC in a Sau 3A-Kpn I, XbaI-Kpn I or Rsa I-Kpn I fragment. Recombinant
 CC DNA molecules contg. the structural gene include YEP1, YEP2, YEP29,
 CC YEP36 and TRP20. (all claimed).
 SQ Sequence 61 AA;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 37; DB 1; Length 61;
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 30;
 Matches 4; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 2 HCDSSSECKSSPRC 14
 : : : | : : : |
 DB 16 QCOCGSKNNEQC 28

RESULT 13
 P30006
 ID P30006 standard; peptide; 61 AA.
 AC P30006;
 DT 25-APR-1992 (first entry)
 DE Sequence of yeast copper chelating metallothionein
 DE Cu-chelatin).
 KW Copper chelating metallothionein; heavy metal; copper-resistant;
 KW yeast vector; industrial waste.
 OS Saccharomyces cerevisiae strain B231-1-7Ba.
 PN EP-36491-A.
 PD 21-DEC-1983.
 PF 03-JUN-1983; 098143.
 PR 03-JUN-1982; US-384821.
 PA (REGC) UNIV OF CALIFORNIA.
 PI Fogel S, Welch JW, Karin M;
 DR WPI; 83-846233/51.
 DR N-PSDB; N30011.
 PT Pure yeast copper chelatin - prodn. by recombinant DNA methods
 PT from DNA sequences
 PS Disclosure; Page 7; 16pp; English.
 CC The inventors claim yeast copper chelatin, its fragments and
 CC analogues and DNA encoding them. Cu-chelatin is useful as a
 CC chelating agent for removal of heavy metals, esp. copper, from
 CC industrial wastes, etc. Plasmids isolated from hosts transformed to
 CC copper resistant are useful in prepn. of hybridisation probes. A
 CC yeast expression system contg. the Cu-chelatin DNA and upstream
 CC regulatory sequence together with a foreign gene and regulatory
 CC signals is also claimed.
 SQ Sequence 61 AA;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 37; DB 1; Length 61;
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 30;
 Matches 4; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 2 HCDSSSECKSSPRC 14
 : : : | : : : |
 DB 16 QCOCGSKNNEQC 28

RESULT 14
 R54087
 ID R54087 standard; Protein; 61 AA.
 AC R54087;
 DT 01-FEB-1995 (first entry)
 DE Metallothionein.
 KW Metallothionein; CUP1; promoter; yeast; copper; expression;
 KW hirudin.
 OS Synthetic.
 PN EP-603128-A.
 PD 22-JUN-1994.
 PF 07-DEC-1993; 810853.
 PR 15-DEC-1992; EP-811005.
 PA (CIBA) CIBA GEIGY AG.
 PA (UCPG-) UCP GEN-PHARMA AG.
 PI Fuerst P, Heim J, Hottiger T, Pohlrig G;
 DR WPI; 94-193627/24.
 DR N-PSDB; Q64145.
 PT Production of polypeptide(s) with improved stability and
 PT increased yields using engineered yeast cells transformed with
 PT plasmids carrying a CUP1 gene, and adding copper to the culture
 PT medium.
 PS Disclosure; Page 20-21; 36pp; English.
 CC Example 1 describes the construction of plasmid pHE112R, a 2 micron
 CC plasmid contg. the GAPFLP-hirudin expression cassette and the full
 CC CUP1 gene. A 1.3 kb BamHI fragment contg. the full metallothionein
 CC encoding gene - CUP1, is isolated from plasmid YEP3362xSst (Wright,
 CC C.F et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 14 (1986), 8489-8499). YEP3362xSst
 CC is digested with BamHI, the 1.3 kb fragment isolated, purified and
 CC ligated with BamHI cut pUC19. The resulting plasmid is named pHE105.
 CC The 1.3 kb fragment (see Q64145) is ligated into SmaBI-cut

CC PDP34/GAPFL-YHIR. E. coli is transformed with the resulting
 CC plasmid pHEL12R.
 SQ Sequence 61 AA;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 37; DB 1; Length 61;
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 30;
 Matches 4; Conservative 6; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 2 HCDSECKSSPRC 14
 Db 16 QCCGCKRNEQC 28

RESULT 15
 R22513
 ID R22513 standard; Protein; 436 AA.
 AC R22513;
 DT 28-JUL-1992 (first entry)
 DE Truncated precursor of human Factor Xa.
 KW Mutant; prothrombinase complex; proteolytic; precursor; thrombosis;
 KW inflammation; restenosis; transplantation; haemophilia; antibodies.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 PN WO9204378-A.
 PD 19-MAR-1992.
 PF 04-SEP-1991; U06337.
 PR 04-SEP-1990; US-578646.
 PA (COR-) COR THERAPEUTICS IN.
 PI Wolf D;
 DR WPI; 92-114303/14.
 PT New analogues of Factor Xa peptide - useful for treating
 PT haemophilia, thrombosis, inflammation and transplant
 PT complications, for in-vivo diagnosis
 PS Claim 7; Fig 1; 59pp; English.
 CC The full length cDNA of human factor X (Mpl9X) was converted to
 CC encode a truncated form of human Factor X, designated 'rx', by deletion
 CC of the activation peptide by oligonucleotide site directed mutagenesis.
 CC An oligonucleotide was used to align Arg 142 following the
 CC C-terminus of the Factor X light chain with ile 53 of the Factor X
 CC activation peptide (1st residue of the heavy chain). When expressed
 CC in CHO cells the truncated peptide was cleaved endogenously.
 CC Modified Factor Xa was further produced by acylation e.g. with the
 CC p-nitrophenyl ester of p-toluoylic acid. Factor 'rx' is used to
 CC treat or prevent thrombosis; inflammation; restenosis or complications
 CC of transplantation. It is also used in treatment of adult respiratory
 CC distress syndrome and haemophilia. The modified Factor X has no
 CC proteolytic activity and interferes with the ability of endogenous
 CC Factor Xa to convert prothrombin to thrombin. Antibodies reactive
 CC with Factor 'rx' are passive therapeutic agents and used for diagnosis.
 CC See also R22512.
 SQ Sequence 436 AA;

Query Match 56.8%; Score 42; DB 1; Length 436;
 Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 31;
 Matches 5; Conservative 6; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 QHCDSECKSSPRCK 15
 Db 88 DQCETSPQNGKCK 102

Search completed: May 4, 1999, 12:32:39
 Job time: 9786 sec

Result No.	Score	Query %		Length	DB	ID	Description
		Match	Mismatch				
1	141.5	17.3	351	2	S20078	NOV protein - chic	
2	123.5	15.1	357	2	I38069	gene novH protein	
3	115.5	14.1	258	2	A45403	insulin-like growth	
4	114.5	14.0	271	2	I48604	insulin-like growth	
5	112	13.7	348	2	A40578	beta IG-M2 protein pr	
6	112	13.7	348	2	A53228	fisp-12 protein pr	
7	110.5	13.5	271	2	JC1463	insulin-like growth	
8	111	13.5	375	2	A41428	CEB-10 protein pr	
9	109.5	13.4	272	2	A53748	insulin-like growth	
10	109	13.3	349	2	A40551	connective tissue	
11	107	13.0	237	2	I47031	insulin-like growth	
12	106.5	13.0	258	2	G01662	insulin-like growth	
13	106.5	13.0	258	2	B37252	insulin-like growth	
14	104.5	12.7	266	2	A53037	insulin-like growth	
15	104.5	12.7	271	2	JC4584	insulin-like growth	
16	103.5	12.6	254	2	I48599	insulin-like growth	
17	103.5	12.6	254	2	JC1464	insulin-like growth	
18	103.5	12.6	379	2	A35669	gene CYR61 protein	
19	101.5	12.4	291	1	IOH05	insulin-like growth	
20	101.5	12.4	291	1	JN0064	insulin-like growth	
21	100.5	12.3	291	2	I48602	insulin-like growth	
22	98.5	12.0	292	2	A36748	insulin-like growth	
23	98	12.0	251	2	A55035	insulin-like growth	
24	103	12.6	1801	1	MMRTS	cysteine-rich prot	
25	101.5	12.4	1138	1	S24066	laminin beta-2 cha	
26	97	11.8	310	2	A60967	protein-tyrosine k	
27	97	11.8	317	2	I46916	insulin-like growth	
28	94.5	11.5	259	1	IOH01	insulin-like growth	
29	90.5	11.0	81	2	A45320	transglutaminase s	
30	97.5	11.9	1136	1	S57845	protein-tyrosine k	
31	94.5	11.5	1134	1	JN0711	protein-tyrosine k	
32	87.5	10.7	111	2	B45403	insulin-like growth	
33	94.5	11.5	1786	1	MMMSB1	insulin-like growth	
34	93.5	11.4	1816	1	S68960	laminin beta-1 cha	
35	92.5	11.3	1797	2	A55677	laminin alpha-4 ch	
36	92	11.2	1786	1	MMHUB1	laminin beta-2 cha	
37	86.5	10.4	328	1	A41927	insulin-like growth	
38	85.5	10.5	254	2	I48603	insulin-like growth	
39	94	11.5	5147	1	IJFFTW	cadherin-related t	

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Query Match      15.1%; Score 123.5; DB 2; Length 357;
Best Local Similarity 31.8%; Pred. No. 2.8e-06;
Matches 42; Conservative 25; Mismatches 34; Indels 31; Gaps
QY 7 LTTLLVPAHLVA--AWSNNYAVDQPCHDSSECKSSSPRCK---RTVLDDGCCGRCVCAAGR 61
||| ||| : ||| : : ||| : : : ||| : ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||

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[illegible]

Best Local Similarity 27.7%; Pred.No. 7.5e-05;
Matches 26; Conservative 20; Mismatches 27; Indels 21; Gaps 3;

QY 4 VLLTTLLVPAHLVAASNNYAVDCPOHCDSSSECKSSPRCKRTVLID-----DCGCCRV 56
||| : ||| :
Db 8 LLLAAVAGQAQLGSFV-----HCPCDEKALSMCPPSLGCELVKPEGC GCCT 58
||| : ||| :
QY 57 CAAGRGTCYRTVSGMDGMKGCGPLRCQPNSGED 90
|| : || : || : || : || : || :
Db 59 CALAEGOSC-----GVYTERCAOGLRCLPRQDEE 87
|| : || : || : || : || : || :

RESULT 10
A40551

connective tissue growth factor - human
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C:Date: 17-Jul-1992 #sequence_revision 17-Jul-1992 #text_change 20-Mar-1998
R:Accession: A40551; S44205
J:Bradham, D.M.; Igarashi, A.; Potter, R.L.; Grotendorst, G.R.
J. Cell Biol. 114, 1285-1294, 1991
A>Title: Connective tissue growth factor: a cysteine-rich mitogen secreted by human vascular endothelial cells
A:Reference number: A40551; NUID:91373462
A:Accession: A40551
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-349 <BRA>
A:Cross-references: GB:M92934; GB:M36965; GB:S56201; NID:g180923; PID:g180924
Submitted to the EMBL Data Library, April 1994
A:Description: Differential cloning and expression of human connective tissue growth factor cDNA
A:Reference number: S44205
A:Accession: S44205
A>Status: Preliminary
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-349 <OEM>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X78947; NID:g474933; PID:g474934

```

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 13.3%; Score 109; DB 2; Length 349;
Matches 34; Conservative 14; Mismatches 36; Indels 28; Gaps 7;

OY 27 DCPQHCDSECKSSPRCK---RTVLDDGCCRCVCAAGRGCTCYRTVSGMDGMKGGP--GL 81
   | : | : : : : : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DBb 28 NCSGRCPCPD-EPAPRCAGVSLVLDGGCCRCVCAKQIGELC-----TERDPCDPHKL 80
   | : | : : : : : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

OY 82 RCOPSGNDPGEFEGICKD-----CPYG-----TFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
   | : : : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DBb 81 FCDRGS---PANRRIGVCTAKDGAPCIFGGTVYRSGESFOSSCKRYOQCTCLDG 129
   | : : : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

RESULT 11
insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-4 - sheep (fragment)
:Species: Ovis sp. (sheep)
:date: 15-Oct-1996 #sequence_revision 15-Oct-1996 #text_change 10-Oct-1997
:Accession: I47031
:;Carr. J.M.: Grant, P.A.; Francis, G.L.; Owens, J.A.; Wallace, J.C.; Walton, P.E.
:;Mol. Endocrinol. 13, 219-236, 1994
:;Title: Isolation and characterization of ovine IGFBP-4: protein purification and cDNA
:;Reference number: I47031; MUID:95151165
:Accession: I47031
Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
Molecule type: mRNA
Residues: 1-237 <CAR>
Cross-references: GB:S77394; NID:g944951; PID:g944952
Superfamily: thyroglobulin type I repeat homology
153-228/Domain: thyroglobulin type I repeat homology <THY1>

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 13.0%; Score 107; DB 2; Length 237;
Matches 24; Conservative 13; Mismatches 24; Indels 8; Gaps 3;

```

[illegible]

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Query Match          12.7%; Score 104.5; DB 2; Length 266;
Best Local Similarity 31.3%; Pred. No. 0.00026;
Matches 26; Conservative 18; Mismatches 20; Indels 19; Gaps 4;

QY 31 HCDSSSECK-----SSPRCKRTVLD-DGCGRCVCAAGGETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPG 80
      :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||:
Db 12 RCEPCDARALAOCAAPPAAAPCAELVREPCCGCLICALREGQAC-----GVYTERCGAG 66

QY 81 LRCQPSNGE-----DPGEEFGIC 99
      |||||: || :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||:
Db 67 LRCQPPGEPRLQALLDGRGIC 89

RESULT 15
JC4584
insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 - pig
C:Species: Sus scrofa domestica (domestic pig)
C>Date: 10-Apr-1996 #sequence_revision 24-May-1996 #text_change 10-Oct-1997
C:Accession: JC4584; G23734
R:White, M.E.; Diao, R.; Hathaway, M.R.; Mickelson, J.; Dayton, W.R.
Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 218, 248-253, 1996
A:Title: Molecular cloning and sequence analysis of the porcine insulin-like growth
A:Reference number: JC4584
A:Accession: JC4584
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-271 <WHI>
A:Cross-references: GB:041340; NID:g1173906; PID:g1173907
A:Experimental source: skeletal muscle
R:Shimasaki, S.; Gao, L.; Shimonaka, M.; Ling, N.
Mol. Endocrinol. 5, 938-948, 1991
A:Title: Isolation and molecular cloning of insulin-like growth factor-binding
A:Reference number: A23734; MUID:92049376
A:Accession: G23734
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 20-25,'X',27-28,'X',30-36,'X',38-39 <SHI>
C:Comment: This protein has essential roles in the regulation and coordination of
      lays a role during myoblast proliferation and differentiation, and is important
C:Superfamily: thyroglobulin type I repeat homology
C:Keywords: differentiation; growth factor; skeletal muscle
F:1-19/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F:20-271/Product: insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 #status experiment
F:191-262/Domain: thyroglobulin type I repeat homology <THYI>

Query Match          12.7%; Score 104.5; DB 2; Length 271;
Best Local Similarity 27.7%; Pred. No. 0.00026;
Matches 26; Conservative 20; Mismatches 27; Indels 21; Gaps 3;

QY 4 VLLLTLLPAHLVAWSNNYAVDCPQHCDSSSECKSSPRCKRTVLD-----DCGCCRV 56
      :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||:
Db 7 LLLAACAGPAGLGSVF-----HCEPDEKALSMCPPSPLGCELVKDPCGCCMT 57

QY 57 CAAGGETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPGLRCQPSNGED 90
      || :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||: :|||:
Db 58 CALAEQSC-----GVYTERCAQGLRCLPRQDEE 86

Search completed: May 4, 1999, 08:18:15
Job time: 6967 sec

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GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 4, 1999, 09:49:33 ; Search time 27.23 Seconds
(without alignments)
121.070 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-037-460-2_COPY_1_163
Perfect score: 820
Sequence: 1 MKSVLLTLLVPAHLVAW.....NRFVSLTEHDMASGDGNIVR 163

Scoring table: PAM150

Searched: 162890 seqs, 20225328 residues

Database : A_Geneseq_34.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	820	100.0	184	1 R98994	Vascular IBP-like
2	141.5	17.3	351	1 R31599	Chicken nov protei
3	124	15.1	476	1 W53698	Human secreted pro
4	123.5	15.1	425	1 W56778	Homo sapiens D8725
5	123.5	15.1	480	1 W22849	Osteoblast like ce
6	119.5	14.6	258	1 W37466	Inhibitory IGF bin
7	112	13.7	348	1 R25566	Beta-IG-M2. TGF-be
8	112	13.7	348	1 W35731	Rat IGFBP-5. DNA e
9	110.5	13.5	271	1 R26994	Murine Fisp12. Iso
10	105	12.8	75	1 R31601	Chicken nov protei
11	109.5	13.4	272	1 R25700	IGFBP6. Insulin-li
12	109.5	13.4	272	1 R26995	Human IGFBP-5. DNA
13	109.5	13.4	272	1 R55084	Human insulin-like
14	109.5	13.4	272	1 R95329	Insulin-like growt
15	109.5	13.4	272	1 W35572	Insulin like growt
16	109	13.3	250	1 W37946	Human connective t
17	110.5	13.5	381	1 W35957	Human monocyte mat
18	103.5	12.6	76	1 R31600	Chicken nov protei
19	109	13.3	347	1 W12694	Connective tissue
20	109	13.3	349	1 R79964	Connective tissue
21	109	13.3	349	1 W11302	Connective tissue
22	109	13.3	349	1 W05089	Human connective t
23	109	13.3	349	1 W05089	Human connective t
24	109	13.3	349	1 W62084	Connective tissue
25	108.5	13.2	381	1 W81425	Human cysteine ric
26	106.5	13.0	258	1 R22253	Sequence of insuli
27	106.5	13.0	258	1 W35730	Sequence of insuli
28	106	12.9	264	1 R89951	Insulin-like growt
29	104	12.7	375	1 R90919	Connective tissue
30	102.5	12.5	291	1 R99952	Insulin-like growt
31	103.5	12.6	379	1 R25565	Beta-IG-M1. TGF-be
32	101.5	12.4	264	1 R13443	FSH inhibiting pro
33	101.5	12.4	264	1 R99950	Recombinant insuli
34	101.5	12.4	264	1 W12343	Human insulin-like
35	101.5	12.4	264	1 W12343	Human insulin-like
36	101.5	12.4	264	1 W12343	Sequence of human
37	101.5	12.4	291	1 R92300	Somatostatin carrie
38	101.5	12.4	291	1 R05596	Insulin like growt
39	101.5	12.4	1122	1 R73954	Human tie tyrosine
40	101.5	12.4	1138	1 R39820	tie receptor kinas
41	103	12.6	1801	1 W50895	Rat laminin B2 cha
42	94.5	11.5	259	1 P91868	Recombinant IGF b1
43	92	11.2	466	1 R07447	Human laminin B1 c

44 94.5 11.5 1764 1 P91672 Primary amino acid
45 94.5 11.5 1776 1 W50894 Mouse laminin B1 c

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT	1																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
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FH Key                                     Location/Qualifiers
FT peptide                               1. 24
FT /label= signal_peptide
FT /note= "only hydrophobic region of protein"
FT binding_site                          56..63
FT /label= IGF-binding_site_motif
FT /note= "corresponds to GCGCCXC consensus"
PN WO9300430-A.
PD 07-JAN-1993.
PD 25-JUN-1992; F00589.
PR 25-JUN-1991; FR-007807.
PA (CNRS ) CENT NAT RECH SCI.
PI Martinerie C, Perbal B;
DR WPI: 93-036377/04.
DR N-PSDB: Q36031.
PT Nucleotide sequences hybridising to regions of chicken nov gene -
PT useful as probes for detecting complementary sequences to
PT evaluate development and/or differentiation of tumours
PS Claim 1; Fig 1; 67pp; French.
CC This amino acid sequence was deduced from the nucleotide sequence
CC of a chicken nov gene clone isolated from a gene bank prepared from
CC chicken embryonic fibroblasts screened with a tumour-derived probe.
CC The only hydrophobic region occurs within the putative signal
CC peptide suggesting that the protein is secreted. The protein also
CC contains the consensus motif of proteins which bind to insulin-like
CC growth factors. It is known that the human IGFII gene is
CC overexpressed in some Wilms' tumours and a similar deregulation of
CC IGFII expression could be involved in nephroblastoma development.
CC The deduced nov protein sequence contains 39 (non-clustered)
CC cysteine residues.
SQ Sequence 351 AA;

Query Match 17.38; Score 141.5; DB 1; Length 351;
Best Local Similarity 31.98; Pred. No. 7.4e-08;
Matches 45; Conservative 17; Mismatches 38; Indels 41; Gaps 7;

QY 3 SVLLTLLVPAHLVAASNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSPRC---RTVLDDCGCRVCAAA 59
DB 10 PVLLLLLLLRPCVSGR---EAACPRCGGRCPPAPPCAPGVPAVLDDCGGCLVCAR 65
QY 60 GRGTCTRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRQPSNG-----EDPGEFEFGICK-----DCPYG-- 106
DB 66 QRGES-----CSPLLPCDESGGLYCDRGPED---GGGAGICMWLEGDNCVFDGM 111
QY 106 -----TFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
DB 112 IYRNETFPQPSCKYQCTCRDG 132

RESULT 3
W63698
ID W63698 standard; Protein: 476 AA.
AC W63698;
DE Human secreted protein 18.
KW Secreted protein; human; cell proliferation; cytokine activity;
KW tissue growth; cellular differentiation; regeneration; activin;
KW inhibin; chemotactic; haemostatic; thrombolytic; tumour inhibition;
KW anti-inflammatory activity; biomarker.
OS Homo sapiens.
PN WO9825959-A2.
PD 18-JUN-1998.
PF 11-DEC-1997; U22787.
PA (CHIR ) CHIRON CORP.
PI Escobedo J, Garcia P, Hu Q, Kothakota S, Williams LT;
DR WPI: 98-348453/30.
DR N-PSDB: V43618.
PT Secreted human polypeptides - having cytokine, cell proliferation or
PT differentiation, activin or inhibin, tumour inhibition or
PT anti-inflammatory activities
PS Claim 1; Pages 70-72; 78pp; English.

CC This represents a human secreted protein. The specification provides
CC secreted protein sequences (W63681 to W63699) encoded by the nucleic
CC acid sequences shown in V43601 to V43619. The invention provides a
CC method of identifying a secreted polypeptide which is modified by rough
CC microsomes. The secreted proteins can be used in assays to determine
CC biological activities, such as cytokine, cell proliferation, or cellular
CC differentiation activities, tissue growth or regeneration, activin or
CC inhibin activity, chemotactic or chemokinetic activity, haemostatic or
CC thrombolytic activity, receptor/ligand activity, tumour inhibition, or
CC anti-inflammatory activity. The proteins can also be used as biomarkers,
CC to identify tissues or cell types which express the proteins, or a stage-
CC or disease-specific alteration in protein expression. They can be used
CC in protein interaction assays, to identify ligands or binding proteins.
CC compounds which affect the biological activities of the secreted proteins
CC or their ability to interact with specific ligands can be identified
CC using the proteins in screening assays. The proteins and antibodies that
CC bind specifically to the protein can also be used to design diagnostic
CC tests and therapeutic compositions for diseases which may be associated
CC with altered expression of these proteins. Fusion proteins comprising,
CC e.g. signal sequences or transmembrane domains of the proteins can be
CC used to target other protein domains to cellular membrane or they can
CC be secreted extracellularly.
SQ Sequence 476 AA;

Query Match 15.18; Score 124; DB 1; Length 476;
Best Local Similarity 40.08; Pred. No. 7e-06;
Matches 34; Conservative 13; Mismatches 28; Indels 10; Gaps 4;

QY 5 LLTLLTLLVPAHLVAASNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSPRC---KRTVLDDCGCRVCAAGR 61
DB 19 LLL--LLVPVWAGAEKLHTQPCPAVCQTRCPALPTCALGTTPVFDLCRCRCVCPAAE 76
QY 62 GETCTRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRQ-OP 85
DB 77 REVC---GGAQGCPCAPGLQCLQP 97

RESULT 4
W56778
ID W56778 standard; Protein: 425 AA.
AC W56778;
DT 13-OCT-1998 (first entry)
DE Homo sapiens D87258 sequence.
KW PS-1; presenilin; presenilin-1; PSP-1; Alzheimer's disease;
KW serine protease; neurodegeneration; predisposition; diagnosis;
KW D87258.
OS Homo sapiens.
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Misc_difference 213 /label= Gly, Val
FN EP-828003-A2.
PD 11-MAR-1998.
PF 26-AUG-1997; 306501.
PR 13-DEC-1996; US-032875.
PR 06-SEP-1996; US-025436.
PR 25-OCT-1996; US-027873.
PA (SMIK ) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORP.
PA (SMIK ) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM PLC.
PI Browne MJ, Clankinbeard HE, Creasy CL, Karran EH,
PI Liwi GP, Southan CD;
DR WPI: 98-161101/15.
DR N-PSDB: V29540.
PT Nucleic acids encoding human serum protease protein(s) - used for
PT diagnosing pre-disposition to Alzheimer's disease, etc.
PS Claim 22; Page 30-31; 65pp; English.
CC The sequence is that encoded by cDNA clone D87528 which can be used
CC to identify modulators of serine protease activity and also to diagnose
CC a condition associated with lack of one of the serine proteases
CC or a genetic predisposition to neurodegeneration in a patient,
CC preferably predisposition to Alzheimer's disease.
SQ Sequence 425 AA;

```


CC IGFBP-5 proteins derived from human U-2 osteosarcoma cells.
 CC The truncated IGFBPs may be used for stimulating mitogenic
 CC activity, particularly for stimulating bone cell growth. The
 CC IGFBP is preferably produced recombinantly by expression in a
 CC yeast or CHO host.
 SQ Sequence 272 AA:

```
Query Match      13.4%; Score 109.5; DB 1; Length 272;
Best Local Similarity 27.7%; Pred. No. 0.00014;
Matches         26; Conservative 20; Mismatches 27; Indels 21; Gaps 3;
```

QY 4 VLLTTLVLAHLVAANNVAVDCPHQDSSECKSPRCRKTVD-----DGGCCRV 56
:| |: | |: | |: | |: | |: | |: |
Db 8 LLLAAYAGPAQSUGSFV-----HCEPCDEKALSMCPPSPIGLCELVKPEGGCMT 58

QY 57 CAGRGTCCTRTVSGMDGMKGPGELRCQPNSGED 90
|| :| |: | |: | |: | |: | |: |
Db 59 CALAEGOSC-----GVYTERCAOGRCLPRODEF 87

RESULT 14
R95329

ID	R95329	standard; Protein; 272 AA.
AC	R95329	
DE	09-DEC-1996	(first entry)
DT	Insulin-like growth factor	binding protein-5 (IGFBP-5).
DE	Insulin-like growth factor	binding protein-5 (IGFBP-5).
DE	TNF-RI-1DD; tumour necrosis	factor receptor 1 death domain; inhibitor;
KW	P55; anti-inflammatory;	autoimmune disease; graft versus host reaction;
KW	osteoporosis; cachexia;	diabetes; sequence identity; IGFBP-5;
KW	insulin-like growth factor	binding protein-5.
OS	Homo sapiens.	

	Key	Location/Qualifiers
CS	nomo sapiens.	
FH	protein	87..272
FT		/label= clone 20DD
FT		

PN	WO9612735-A1.	
PD	Q2-MAY-1996.	
PF	12-OCT-1995.	U12724.
PR	19-OCT-1994;	US-327514.
PR	19-JUN-1995;	US-494440.
PR	26-SEP-1995;	US-533901.
PI	(GEMY) GENETICS INST INC.	
PI	Chen J, Graham J, Lin L,	Schievella AR;
DR	WPI; 96-230551/23.	
DR	N-PSDA. T15231	

PT TNF receptor death domain ligand proteins and inhibitors of ligand
PT binding - for prevention and treatment of prof. anti-inflammatory
PT conditions, e.g. auto-immune disease, graft versus host reaction
PT osteoporosis, etc.

PS Claim 15; Page 42-43; 83pp; English.

The present sequence is that of insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 (IGFBP-5). Based upon the amino acid sequence identity between IGFBP-5 and a tumour necrosis factor (TNF) receptor 1 (RI) death domain (DD) ligand (clone 20DD; R95328) it has been determined that IGFBP-5 and certain fragments of it, will exhibit TNF-RI-DD ligand binding activity. A yeast genetic selection method, the "interaction trap", was used to screen W138 cell cDNA libraries for proteins that interact with the DD of the p55 type 1 TNF-R. TNF-RI-DD ligands and their inhibitors, e.g. IGFBP-5, are useful in the prevention and treatment of anti-inflammatory conditions and other conditions such as cachexia, autoimmune disease, graft versus host reaction, osteoporosis, diabetes, etc. .

Query Match 13.4%; Score 109.5; DB 1; Length 272;
Best Local Similarity 27.7%; Pred. No. 0.00014;
Matches 26; Conservative 20; Mismatches 27; Indels 21; Gaps 3;

QY 4 VLLTTLVPAHLVAAWSNNYAVDCPQHCDSSSECKSSPRCKRTVLD-----DCGCCRV 56

[illegible]

8 LLLLAAYAGPAQSLGSFV-----HCEPCDEKALSMCPPLGCELVKEPGCGCCMT 58

QY 57 CAAGRGETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPGLRCOPSNGED 90

Db 59 CALAEGQSC---GVYTERCAOGLRCLPRQDEE 87

RESULT 15

W35572
ID W35572 standard; Protein; 272 AA.

AC	W35572;
DT	19-MAR-1998 (first entry)
DE	Insulin like growth factor 5 binding protein.

KW Tumour necrosis factor receptor P55 type; TNF-R1-DD ligand protein;
 KW death domain; TNF-R1; inhibitor identification; TNF-induced condition;
 KW insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5; inflammatory condition;
 KW IGFBP-5; therapy.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO9730084-A1.

PD 21-AUG-1997.

PF 11-FEB-1997; U02146.
 DE 15 MAR 1997 00 00 00

PR	15-AUG-1996;	US-698551.
PR	15-FEB-1996;	US-603328

PR 13-FEB-1996; US=602228.
PA (GEM) GENETICS INST INC

PI Chen J, Graham J, Lin J, Schievella AR:
 (GEM) GENETICS INST INC.

DR WPI; 97-424976/39.

DR N-PSDB; T94634.

PT Tumour necrosis factor receptor P55 type death domain ligand
PT proteins - useful for preventing or ameliorating inflammatory
PT conditions

PS Claim 15; Page 45-46; 103pp; English.

This sequence represents a protein sequence of the invention. This sequence is the insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 (IGFBP-5) and is a tumour necrosis factor receptor p55 type (TNF-R1) death domain (DD) ligand protein. A host cell containing DNA encoding this sequence is used for the recombinant production of TNF-R1-DD. The TNF-R1-DD ligand protein can be used in a method to identify inhibitors of TNF-R DD binding. The TNF-R1-DD ligand protein, IGFBP-5 (has TNF-R1-DD ligand activity), or inhibitors of TNF-R1-DD ligand protein are capable of preventing or ameliorating an inflammatory condition, preferably by inhibiting TNF-R DD binding. Identification and isolation of ligands allows their effects upon TNF-R signal transduction and use as therapeutic agents for treatment of TNF-induced conditions to be examined.

Sequence	272 AA;
Sequence	272 AA;

Query Match	13.4%	Score 109.5;	DB 1;	Length 272;
Best Local Similarity	27.7%	Pred. No. 0.00014;		
Matches 26; Conservative	20;	Mismatches 27;	Indels 21;	Gaps 3;

QY 4 VLLLTLLVPAHLVAAWSNNYAVDCPQHCDSSSECKSSPRCKRTVLD-----DCGCCRV 56

[illegible]

Db 8 LLLAAYAGPAQSLGSFV-----HCEPCDEKAL

E7 C A X C B C E E C U D M E Y C A V D C W C C D C D T D C C C R C N C V C E R

QY 37 CAAGRGETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNGED 90
|| : | :: | : : : ||| | :

Db 59 CALAEGOSC-----GVYTERCAOGLRCLPRODEE 87

Search completed: May 4, 1999, 12:32:37
Job time: 9784 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 4, 1999, 06:23:18 ; Search time 17.06 Seconds
(without alignments)
218,140 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-037-460-2
Perfect score: 918
Sequence: 1 MKSVLLTLLVPAHLVAW.....EVVKNAAGSPVWRKLNPR 184

Scoring table: PAM150

Searched: 162890 seqs, 20225328 residues

Database : A_Geneseq_34:*

pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	918	100.0	184	1 R98994	Vascular IBP-like
2	141.5	15.4	351	1 R31599	Chicken nov protei
3	124	13.5	476	1 W63698	Human secreted pro
4	123.5	13.5	425	1 W56778	Homo sapiens D8725
5	123.5	13.5	480	1 W28849	Osteoblast like ce
6	119.5	13.0	258	1 W37466	Inhibitory IGF bin
7	112	12.2	348	1 R25566	Beta-IG-M2, TGF-be
8	112	12.2	348	1 W35731	Murine Fisp12, Iso
9	110.5	12.0	271	1 R26994	Rat IGFBP-5, DNA e
10	105	11.4	75	1 R31601	Chicken nov protei
11	109.5	11.9	272	1 R23700	IGFBP6, Insulin-li
12	109.5	11.9	272	1 R26995	Human IGFBP-5, DNA
13	109.5	11.9	272	1 R55084	Human insulin-like
14	109.5	11.9	272	1 R95329	Insulin-like growt
15	109.5	11.9	272	1 W35572	Insulin like growt
16	109	11.9	250	1 W37946	Human connective t
17	110.5	12.0	381	1 W35957	Human monocyte mat
18	103.5	11.3	76	1 R31600	Chicken nov protei
19	109	11.9	347	1 W12694	Connective tissue
20	109	11.9	349	1 R79964	Connective tissue
21	109	11.9	349	1 W11302	Connective tissue
22	109	11.9	349	1 W03089	Human connective t
23	109	11.9	349	1 W62084	Human connective t
24	109	11.9	349	1 W81425	Connective tissue
25	108.5	11.8	381	1 W35730	Human cysteine ric
26	106.5	11.6	258	1 R22253	Sequence of insuli
27	106.5	11.6	258	1 R21688	Insulin-like growt
28	106	11.5	264	1 R89951	Connective tissue
29	104	11.3	375	1 R90919	Insulin-like growt
30	102.5	11.2	291	1 R89952	Insulin-like growt
31	103.5	11.3	379	1 R25565	Beta-IG-M1, TGF-be
32	101.5	11.1	264	1 R13443	FSH inhibiting pro
33	101.5	11.1	264	1 R89950	Recombinant insuli
34	101.5	11.1	264	1 W12343	Human insulin-like
35	101.5	11.1	264	1 W12344	Human insulin-like
36	101.5	11.1	291	1 P92300	Sequence of human
37	101.5	11.1	291	1 R05596	Somatomedin carrie
38	101.5	11.1	291	1 R89273	Insulin like growt
39	101.5	11.1	1122	1 R73954	Human tie tyrosine
40	101.5	11.1	1138	1 R39820	tie receptor kinas
41	103	11.2	1801	1 W50895	Rat laminin B2 cha
42	94.5	10.3	259	1 P91868	Recombinant IGF bi
43	92	10.0	466	1 R07447	Human laminin B1 C

44 94.5 10.3 1764 1 P91672 Primary amino acid
45 94.5 10.3 1776 1 W50894 Mouse laminin B1 C

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
R98994
ID R98994 standard; Protein; 184 AA.
AC R98994;
DT 06-NOV-1996 (first entry)
DE Vascular IBP-like growth factor.
KW Vascular IBP-like growth factor; VIGF;
KW insulin-like growth factor binding protein; agonist; antagonist;
KW muscle wastage; osteoporosis; implant fixation; wound healing;
KW therapy; diagnosis.
OS Homo sapiens.
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT peptide 1..21 /label= Sig_peptide
PN WO9617931-Al.
PD 13-JUN-1996.
PF 09-DEC-1994; U14388.
PR 09-DEC-1994; WO-U14388.
PA (HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
PI Hastings GA, Rosen CA;
DR WPI; 96-287176/29.
DR N-PSDB; T34991.
PT Human vascular insulin-like growth factor binding protein-like
growth factor, and its nucleic acid sequence and (ant)agonists
used, e.g. to treat muscle wasting diseases or aid implant fixation,
or limit excess connective tissue prodn. during wound healing.
PS Claim 14; Page 43-44; 61pp; English.
CC Human vascular insulin-like growth factor binding protein-like
growth factor (R98994), or VIGF, is a protein of primarily
vascular origin that is structurally related to the IBP and CCN
protein families. It can be expressed in e.g. E. coli, CHO or
insect host cells using a vector incorporating a cDNA clone
(T34991), or its derivative, obtd. from human umbilical
endothelial cells. It is useful therapeutically e.g. for
treating muscle wasting diseases or osteoporosis, or can be used
to detect diseases associated with under- or over-expression of VIGF,
or to screen for antagonists useful during wound healing.
SQ Sequence 184 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 918; DB 1; Length 184;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7e-94;
Matches 184; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 MKSVLLTLLVPAHLVAWNNYAVDCPQHCDSSSECKSPRCKRTVLDCCGCRVCAAG 60
DB 1 MKSVLLTLLVPAHLVAWNNYAVDCPQHCDSSSECKSPRCKRTVLDCCGCRVCAAG 60
QY 61 RGETCVRTVSGMDGKCGPLGKCPQSGNGEDPGEFGICKDPCYGTGFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
DB 61 RGETCVRTVSGMDGKCGPLGKCPQSGNGEDPGEFGICKDPCYGTGFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
QY 121 ICDRTGTGKLFPPFFQYSYVTKSSNRFVSLTEHDMASGDGNIIVREEVVKNAAGSPVWRKW 180
DB 121 ICDRTGTGKLFPPFFQYSYVTKSSNRFVSLTEHDMASGDGNIIVREEVVKNAAGSPVWRKW 180
QY 181 LNPR 184
DB 181 LNPR 184

RESULT 2
R31599
ID R31599 standard; Protein; 351 AA.
AC R31599;
DT 24-MAY-1993 (first entry)

DE Chicken nov protein.
 KW avian nephroblastoma; avian myeloblastoma virus; IGF binding site;
 OS insulin-like growth factor; Wilm's tumour.
 FH Gallus domesticus.
 Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT peptide 1..24
 FT /label= signal_peptide
 FT /note= "only hydrophobic region of protein"
 FT binding_site 56..63
 FT /label= IGF-binding_site_motif
 FT /note= "corresponds to GCGCCXC consensus"
 PN W09300430-A.
 PD 07-JAN-1993.
 PF 25-JUN-1992; F00589.
 PR 25-JUN-1991; FR-007807.
 PA (CNRS) CENT NAT RECH SCI.
 PI Martinerie C, Perbal B;
 DR WPI; 93-036377/04.
 DR N-PSDB; Q36031.
 PT Nucleotide sequences hybridising to regions of chicken nov gene -
 useful as probes for detecting complementary sequences to
 evaluate development and/or differentiation of tumours
 PS Claim 1; Fig 1; 67pp; French.
 CC This amino acid sequence was deduced from the nucleotide sequence
 of a chicken nov gene clone isolated from a gene bank prepared from
 chicken embryonic fibroblasts screened with a tumour-derived probe.
 CC The only hydrophobic region occurs within the putative signal
 peptide suggesting that the protein is secreted. The protein also
 contains the consensus motif of proteins which bind to insulin-like
 growth factors. It is known that the human IGFII gene is
 overexpressed in some Wilm's tumours and a similar deregulation of
 IGFII expression could be involved in nephroblastoma development.
 CC The deduced nov protein sequence contains 39 (non-clustered)
 cysteine residues.
 SQ Sequence 351 AA;

Query Match 15.4%; Score 141.5; DB 1; Length 351;
 Best Local Similarity 31.9%; Pred. No. 3e-08;
 Matches 45; Conservative 17; Mismatches 38; Indels 41; Gaps 7;

QY 3 SVLLTLLVPAHLVAWSNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSSPRCK---RTVLDGCGCCRVCA 59
 DB 10 PVLLLLLLLRCEVSGR---EAACPFCGGRCAPAEPCVPAVLDCGCGCLVCAR 65
 QY 60 GRGETCYRTVSGMDGKMGCGPLRCQPSNG-----EDPFGEEFGICK-----DCPYG-- 106
 DB 66 QRGES-----CSPLLPDSEGLYCDRGPED--GGGAGICWLEGDNCVFDGM 111
 QY 106 -----TFGMDCRETCNCQSG 120
 DB 112 IYRNETFPQSKYQCTCRDG 132

RESULT 3
 ID W63698 standard; Protein: 476 AA.
 AC W63698.
 DT 24-SEP-1998 (first entry)
 DE Human secreted protein 18.
 KW Secreted protein; human; cell proliferation; cytokine activity;
 KW tissue growth; cellular differentiation; regeneration; activin;
 KW inhibin; chemotactic; haemostatic; thrombolytic; tumour inhibition;
 KW anti-inflammatory activity; biomarker.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 PN W09825959-A2.
 PD 18-JUN-1998.
 PF 11-DEC-1997; U22787.
 PR 11-DEC-1997; US-032757.
 PA (CHIR) CHIRON CORP.
 PI Escobedo J, Garcia P, Hu Q, Kothakota S, Williams LT;
 DR WPI; 98-348453/30.
 DR N-PSDB; V43618.

PT Secreted human polypeptides - having cytokine, cell proliferation or
 differentiation, activin or inhibin, tumour inhibition or
 anti-inflammatory activities
 PS Claim 1; Pages 70-72; 78pp; English.
 CC This represents a human secreted protein. The specification provides
 secreted protein sequences (W63681 to W63699) encoded by the nucleic
 acid sequences shown in V43601 to V43619. The invention provides a
 method of identifying a secreted polypeptide which is modified by rough
 microsome. The secreted proteins can be used in assays to determine
 biological activities, such as cytokine, cell proliferation, or cellular
 differentiation activities, tissue growth or regeneration, or cellular
 inhibin activity, chemotactic or chemokinetic activity, haemostatic or
 thrombolytic activity, receptor/ligand activity, tumour inhibition, or
 anti-inflammatory activity. The proteins can also be used as biomarkers,
 or to identify tissues or cell types which express the proteins, or a stage-
 or disease-specific alteration in protein expression. They can be used
 in protein interaction assays, to identify ligands or binding proteins.
 CC Compounds which affect the biological activities of the secreted proteins
 or their ability to interact with specific ligands can be identified
 using the proteins in screening assays. The proteins and antibodies that
 bind specifically to the protein can also be used to design diagnostic
 tests and therapeutic compositions for diseases which may be associated
 with altered expression of these proteins. Fusion proteins comprising,
 e.g. signal sequences or transmembrane domains of the proteins can be
 used to target other protein domains to cellular membrane or they can
 be secreted extracellularly.
 SQ Sequence 476 AA;

Query Match 13.5%; Score 124; DB 1; Length 476;
 Best Local Similarity 40.0%; Pred. No. 3.5e-06;
 Matches 34; Conservative 13; Mismatches 28; Indels 10; Gaps 4;

QY 5 LLTLLVPAHLVAWSNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSSPRCK---KRTVLDGCGCCRVCAAGR 61
 DB 19 LLL--LLVPVLWAGAEKLTQPCPAVCQPTRCPALPTCAIGTTPVFDLCRCRCVCPAAE 76
 QY 62 GETCYRTVSGMDGKMGCGPLRC-QP 85
 DB 77 REVG-----GGAQGQPCAPGLQLQP 97

RESULT 4
 ID W56778 standard; Protein: 425 AA.
 AC W56778;
 DT 13-OCT-1998 (first entry)
 DE Homo sapiens D87258 sequence.
 KW PS-1; presenilin; presenilin-1; PSP-1; Alzheimer's disease;
 KW serine protease; neurodegeneration; predisposition; diagnosis;
 KW D87258.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc_difference 213
 FT /label= Gly, Val
 PN EP-828003-A2.
 PD 11-MAR-1998.
 PF 26-AUG-1997; 306501.
 PR 13-DEC-1996; US-032875.
 PR 06-SEP-1996; US-025436.
 PR 25-OCT-1996; US-027873.
 PA (SMIK) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORP.
 PA (SMIK) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM PLC.
 PI Browne MJ, Clinkenbeard HE, Creasy CL, Karran EH,
 PI Livi GP, Southan CD;
 DR WPI; 98-161101/15.
 DR N-PSDB; V29540.
 PT Nucleic acids encoding human serum protease protein(s) - used for
 diagnosing pre-disposition to Alzheimer's disease, etc.
 PS Claim 22; Page 30-31; 65pp; English.
 CC The sequence is that encoded by cDNA clone D87528 which can be used
 to identify modulators of serine protease activity and also to diagnose
 a condition associated with lack of one of the serine proteases

CC or a genetic predisposition to neurodegeneration in a patient,
CC preferably predisposition to Alzheimer's disease.
SQ Sequence 425 AA;

Query Match 13.5%; Score 123.5; DB 1; Length 425;
Best Local Similarity 34.0%; Pred. No. 3.6e-06;
Matches 33; Conservative 18; Mismatches 25; Indels 21; Gaps 5;
QY 4 VLLTLLVPAHLV-RAWSNNYAVDCPQHSDSECKSSP-----RCKRTVLDDCGCCRV 56
DB 12 LLLLLAAPASQUSRAPLAAGCDRCPCAPCPQPEHCEGGRAR----DAGCCCEV 67
QY 57 CAAGRGTCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNGEDPFG 93
DB 68 CGAEGAAC-----GLQEGPCGEGLCQCV-----PFG 94

RESULT 5
W22849 ID W22849 standard; Protein; 480 AA.
AC W22849;
DT 16-SEP-1997 (first entry)
DE Osteoblast like cell derived protein.
KW Osteoblast like cell; prevention; treatment; disease;
OS Homo sapiens.
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT peptide 1..27
FT peptide /label= sig_peptide
FT peptide 28..480
FT peptide /label= mat_peptide
PN J09107980-A.
PD 28-APR-1997.
PF 12-AUG-1996; 231415.
PR 17-AUG-1995; JP-233537.
PA (NIBS) JAPAN TOBACCO INC.
DR WPI; 97-292469/27.
DR N-PSDB; T75444.
PT DNA encoding osteoblast like cell derived protein - useful for treatment and prevention of various diseases and as contraceptive
PS Claim 2; Pages 26-27; 42pp; Japanese.
CC The present sequence is an osteoblast like cell derived protein, which may be used to prevent or treat various diseases, or as a contraceptive.
CC mRNA was collected from an osteoblast like cell, and double stranded DNA synthesised. A 3'-directed cDNA library was prepared, and the base sequence of the DNA of each clone in the cDNA library determined. An osteoblast complete chain cDNA library was prepared, and the clone GS2422, which has a complete chain, isolated. GS2422 protein was expressed and purified, and an antibody against GS2422 prepared. The amino acid sequence of a purified specimen of GS2422 protein was analysed. The GS2422 gene is expressed in various human organs.
SQ Sequence 480 AA;

Query Match 13.5%; Score 123.5; DB 1; Length 480;
Best Local Similarity 34.0%; Pred. No. 4.1e-06;
Matches 33; Conservative 18; Mismatches 25; Indels 21; Gaps 5;
QY 4 VLLTLLVPAHLV-RAWSNNYAVDCPQHSDSECKSSP-----RCKRTVLDDCGCCRV 56
DB 12 LLLLLAAPASQUSRAPLAAGCDRCPCAPCPQPEHCEGGRAR----DAGCCCEV 67
QY 57 CAAGRGTCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNGEDPFG 93
DB 68 CGAEGAAC-----GLQEGPCGEGLCQCV-----PFG 94

RESULT 6
W37466 ID W37466 standard; Protein; 258 AA.

AC W37466;
DT 28-MAY-1998 (first entry)
DE Inhibitory IGF binding protein.
KW Inhibitory insulin like growth factor binding protein; In-IGF-BP;
OS Homo sapiens.
PN US5693754-A.
PD 02-DEC-1997.
PF 22-OCT-1992; 966121.
PR 03-JUL-1990; US-548388.
PR 22-OCT-1992; US-966121.
PA (BOEF) BOEHRINGER MANNHEIM GMBH.
PI Baylink DJ, Mohan S;
DR WPI; 98-031813/03.
DR N-PSDB; V00257.
PT Inhibitory insulin like growth factor binding protein - useful to inhibit effects of insulin like growth factor on bone cells and in diagnostic assays
PS Claim 1; Fig 1; lpp; English.
CC This amino acid sequence is the novel inhibitory insulin like growth factor binding protein (In-IGF-BP), which is 258 amino acid residues in length. The In-IGF-BP can be used to modulate the effects of insulin like growth factor I or II (IGF) on bone cells. It is used to treat IGF dependent bone tumours, and in a competitive binding assay to determine IGF in clinical samples.
SQ Sequence 258 AA;

Query Match 13.0%; Score 119.5; DB 1; Length 258;
Best Local Similarity 32.4%; Pred. No. 6e-06;
Matches 34; Conservative 24; Mismatches 30; Indels 17; Gaps 6;
QY 6 LLTLLVPAHLVAAWSNNYAVDCPQHSD-----SSEKSSPCKRTVLDDCGCCRVCAARG 62
DB 6 LVAALLAAGPGLSLGDE-AIHCPGCEKLAGRCPPVGCCELVREACGCATCALGLG 64
QY 63 ETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNG-EDPF-----GEEFGICKD 101
DB 65 MPC-----GVYTPRCGSLRCYPPRGVEXPLHTLMHGE--GVCME 102

RESULT 7
R25566 ID R25566 standard; Protein; 348 AA.
AC R25566;
DT 18-JAN-1993 (first entry)
DE Beta-IG-M2
KW Transforming growth factor beta; induced; CEF-10; v-src; chicken;
KW Embryo; fibroblasts; TGF-beta.
OS Mus musculus.
PN EP-495674-A.
PD 22-JUL-1992.
PF 17-JAN-1992; 300429.
PR 18-JAN-1991; US-642991.
PR 10-JAN-1992; US-616270.
PA (BRIM) BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB CO.
PI Brunner AM, Chinn J, Neubauer MG, Purchio AF;
DR WPI; 92-243508/30.
DR N-PSDB; Q26422.
PT TGF-beta induced gene family - encodes proteins involved in growth and differentiation effects of TGF-beta-1
PS Claim 3; Fig 2; 35pp; English.
CC The protein sequence was deduced from the DNA sequence obtd. by screening a cDNA library made from AKR-2B mouse cells induced with TGF-beta1 and cyclohexamide with two probes from untreated AKR-2B mRNA and AKR-2B mRNA from cells treated with cyclohexamide and TGF-beta1. The proteins encoded by hybridising colonies (beta-IG-M1 and beta-IG-M2) contain 38 Cys residues and are induced by TGF-beta1. Beta-IG-M2 displays 50 percent homology to the CEF-10 protein. Induced by v-src in chicken embryo fibroblasts. Residues 52-59 of beta-IG-M2 conform to the GCGCCXCC motif reported in the amino half of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) binding proteins. The C-terminal Cys rich region of beta-IG-M1, -M2 and CEF-10 contain

an amino acid sequence with strong homology to a motif found near the C-terminal of the malarial circumsporozoite (CS) protein, which is highly conserved among all species of malarial parasites sequenced to date (designated region II). This motif is also found in other proteins which have cell adhesive properties that mediate cell-cell and cell-extracellular matrix interactions, such as properdin, thrombospondin, and TRAP. The proteins encoded by TGF-beta induced genes are likely to be involved in mediation of the biological effects of TGF-beta relating to cell growth and differentiation. See also R25565.

Query Match 12.2%; Score 112; DB 1; Length 348;
Best Local Similarity 30.4%; Pred. No. 5.4e-05;
Matches 34; Conservative 15; Mismatches 35; Indels 28; Gaps 7;
QY 27 DCPQHDSSECKSSPRCK---RTVLDDCGCCRVCAAGRGCTCYRTVSGMDGMKCGP--GL 81
DB 27 DCSAQCCCAA-EAAPHCPAGVSLVLDGCGCCRVCAKQGLGELC-----TERDPCDPHKL 79
QY 82 RCQPSNGEDPGEFGICKD-----CPVG-----TFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
DB 80 FCDFGS---PANRIGVCTAKDGAPCVFGSVYRSGSFQSSCKYQCTCLDG 128

RESULT 8
W35731 ID W35731 standard; Protein; 348 AA.
AC W35731; 27-MAR-1998 (first entry)
DE Murine Fisp12
KW Fisp12; cysteine rich protein; mouse; Cyr61;
KW extracellular matrix signalling molecule; cell adhesion;
KW cell migration; cell proliferation; angiogenesis; chondrogenesis;
KW oncogenesis.
OS Mus musculus.
PN W09733995-A2.
PD 18-SEP-1997; U04193.
PF 14-MAR-1997; U013958.
PR 15-MAR-1996; US-013958.
PA (MUNI-) MUNIN CORP.
PI Lau LF;
DR WPI: 97-470875/43.
DR N-PSDB; T94700.
PT Isolated and purified cysteine rich protein 61, Cyr61 - useful to modulate e.g. haematostasis, induce wound healing, promote organ regeneration etc
PT Example 2; Page 115-116; 133pp; English.
PS This protein sequence comprises murine Fisp12, an extracellular matrix signalling molecule (ECM) that exhibits structural similarity to Cyr61 (see W35730) and which, like Cyr61, influences cell adhesion, proliferation and migration. The human orthologue of Fisp12 is connective tissue growth factor. Fisp12 polynucleotides (see T94700) can be used for the production of Fisp12 polypeptides by recombinant methods. Polypeptide compositions are provided that comprise mammalian ECM signalling molecules, peptide fragments, inhibitory peptides capable of interacting with receptors for ECM signalling molecules, and antibody products. Further provided are methods for using mammalian ECM signalling molecules to screen for, and/or modulate disorders associated with angiogenesis, chondrogenesis and oncogenesis; ex vivo methods for using ECM signalling molecules to prepare blood products are also provided.
SQ Sequence 348 AA;

Query Match 12.2%; Score 112; DB 1; Length 348;
Best Local Similarity 30.4%; Pred. No. 5.4e-05;
Matches 34; Conservative 15; Mismatches 35; Indels 28; Gaps 7;
QY 27 DCPQHDSSECKSSPRCK---RTVLDDCGCCRVCAAGRGCTCYRTVSGMDGMKCGP--GL 81
DB 27 DCSAQCCCAA-EAAPHCPAGVSLVLDGCGCCRVCAKQGLGELC-----TERDPCDPHKL 79

Db 27 DCSAQCCCAA-EAAPHCPAGVSLVLDGCGCCRVCAKQGLGELC-----TERDPCDPHKL 79
QY 82 RCQPSNGEDPGEFGICKD-----CPVG-----TFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
DB 80 FCDFGS---PANRIGVCTAKDGAPCVFGSVYRSGSFQSSCKYQCTCLDG 128
RESULT 9
R26994 ID R26994 standard; Protein; 271 AA.
AC R26994;
DT 16-FEB-1993 (first entry)
DE Rat IGFBP-5.
KW rat insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5; IGF-I; IGF-II;
KW breast cancer; bone cancer; modulating bone growth; purification;
KW affinity columns; antibodies; diagnosis; testing; ss.
OS Synthetic.
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT peptide i. 19 /note= "signal peptide"
PN W09214834-A.
PD 03-SEP-1992.
PF 13-FEB-1992; U01196.
PR 14-FEB-1991; US-658410.
PA (WHIT-) WHITTIER INST DIABETES & ENDOCRINOLOGY.
PI Ling NC, Shimaski S;
DR WPI; 92-316186/38.
DR N-PSDB; Q28270.
PT DNA encoding insulin-like growth factor binding protein - useful for treating breast and bone cancer and modulating bone growth
PS Disclosure; Page 11; 42pp; English.
CC This sequence represents insulin-like growth factor binding protein. (IGBP-5) It was deduced from the appropriate nucleotide sequence obtained as in Q28270. IGBP-5 can bind to both IGFs -I and -II. It is useful for treating conditions caused by an overabundance of IGFs eg. certain breast cancers and bone cancers. It is useful for modulation of bone growth and in affinity chromatography columns for purification of IGF -I and -II. Antibodies to it can be used in assays to detect levels of the protein in mammals esp. humans and to neutralise the effects of IGFBP-5, and are useful in diagnostic test kits.
SQ Sequence 271 AA;

Query Match 12.0%; Score 110.5; DB 1; Length 271;
Best Local Similarity 28.7%; Pred. No. 6.2e-05;
Matches 27; Conservative 20; Mismatches 26; Indels 21; Gaps 3;
QY 4 VLLTTLVPAHLVAWSNNYAVDCPHQDSSECKSSPRCKRTVLD-----DCGCCRV 56
DB 7 LLLAACAAPVAGLGSFV-----HCEPCDEKALSMCPPSLGCELVKEPGCGCCMT 57
QY 57 CAAGRGCTCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPGLRCQPSNGED 90
DB 58 CALAESQSC-----GVYTERCAQGLRCLPRQDEE 86

RESULT 10
R31601 ID R31601 standard; Protein; 75 AA.
AC R31601;
DT 24-MAY-1993 (first entry)
DE Chicken nov protein fragment V.
KW avian nephroblastoma; avian myeloblastoma virus;
KW stringent hybridisation.
OS Gallus domesticus.
PN W09300430-A.
PD 07-JAN-1993.
PF 25-JUN-1992; F00589.
PR 25-JUN-1991; FR-007807.
PA (CNRS) CENT NAT RECH SCI.
PI Martinerie C, Perbal B;
DR WPI; 93-036377/04.
PT Nucleotide sequences hybridising to regions of chicken nov gene -

PT useful as probes for detecting complementary sequences to
PT evaluate development and/or differentiation of tumours
PS Claim 5. Page 28. 572

the chicken nov gene is stimulated in avian nephroblastoma induced by avian myeloblastoma virus but not in normal adult kidney. A 1975bp cDNA sequence (Q36031) was isolated from a gene bank prepared from chicken embryonic fibroblasts screened with a tumour-derived probe. Nucleotide sequences which hybridize to Q36031 or specified sub-fragments of it, under stringent conditions (i.e. 50% formamide, 5 x SCC), are claimed. The claimed sequences preferably encode a protein with amino acid sequence V (R31601).

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Query Match      11.4% ; Score 105; DB 1; Length 75;
Best Local Similarity 38.7% ; Pred. No. 6.8e-05;
Matches 29; Conservative 15; Mismatches 21; Indels 10; Gaps 4;

QY      28 CPQHCDSEKSSPRCK---RTVLDCGCCRVCAAGRGETCYRTVSGMDGKMGCGPLRCQ 84
      ||| : :| : ||| : ||| ||| : ||| : ||| : ||| :
Db       7 CPQCPGRCATPTCPAGVRAVLDCSCCLVCAQRGESC-----SDLEPCDESSGLYCD 62

QY      85 PSNGEDPFGEFGIC 99
      | || : ||| |||
Db      63 RS--ADP-SNOTGIC 74

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RESULT	11
R25700	
ID	R25700 standard; Protein; 272 AA.
AC	R25700;
DT	20-JAN-1993 (first entry)
DE	IGFEP6.
INS	Insulin; like; growth factor; binding protein; BP-6; IGF; growth;
KKW	regeneration; hypopituitarism; osteoporosis; anaemia; breast cancer;
KKW	kidney cancer; diabetic retinopathy; purification.
OS	Synthetic.
PN	W09212243-A.

02-JAN-1992:	U00107.
08-JAN-1991:	US-638628.
(CHIR)	CHIRON CORP.
Kiefer MC;	
WPI; 92-268666/32.	
P-PDSB; Q26814.	
Insulin-like growth factor binding protein-6 - for treating	
hypopituitarism, osteoporosis, anaemia(s), cancer, etc.,	
stimulating growth and wound healing, also useful in diagnosis	
Claim 2; Fg 1; 63pp; English.	
The protein sequence of insulin-like growth factor binding protein	
6 ^o (IGFBP6) was deduced from the cDNA sequence obtd. by screening a	
ZAPII/human osteosarcoma cDNA library with IGFBP probes. IGFBP6	
may be used alone, or with IGF to stimulate growth, tissue or	
organ regeneration or wound healing. Also IGFBP6 has applications	
in the treatment and diagnosis of hypopituitarism, osteoporosis,	
anaemias, and disorders due to excessive prodn. of free IGF, e.g.	
breast or kidney cancer, diabetic retinopathy, and abnormal growth	
of tall subjects. The binding protein can also be used to purify	
IGF e.g. by affinity chromatography.	
Sequence 272 AA:	

Query Match		11.9%	Score 109.5;	DB 1;	Length 272;
Best Local Similarity		27.7%;	Pred. No. 8e-05;		
Matches	26;	Conservative	20;	Mismatches 27;	Indels 21; Gaps
QY	4	VLLLTTLVPAHLVAANSNNYAVDCPOHDSSECKSSPRCKRTVLDD-----DGCRCRV	56		
	:	:	:::	:::	
db	8	LLLLAAAYAGPAQLSGSF-----HCPCDEKALSMCPFSLGCELVKBPGGCGCMT	58		
	:	:	:::	:::	
QY	57	CAARGGEICYTYTSCMDGMKGPGRLRCPQNSGED	90		
	:	:	:::	:::	
db	59	CALAEQGSC-----GVYTTERCAOGLRCLPRQDEE	87		
	:	:	:::	:::	

RESULT	12
R26995	ID R26995 standard; Protein; 272 AA.
AC	R26995;
DT	16-FEB-1993 (first entry)
DE	Human IGFBP-5.
KW	insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5; IGF-I; IGF-II; breast cancer; bone cancer; modulating bone growth; purification;
KW	affinity columns; antibodies; diagnosis; testing; ss.
OS	Synthetic.
FH	Key
FT	Location/Qualifiers
FT	1..19
FT	/note= "signal peptide"
PN	WO9214834-A.
PD	03-SEP-1992.
PR	13-FEB-1992; U01196.
PR	14-FEB-1991; US-658410.
PA	(WHIT-) WHITTIER INST DIABETES & ENDOCRINOLOGY.
PI	Ling NC, Shimaski S;
DR	WPI; 92-316186/38.
DR	N-PSDB; Q28271.
PT	DNA encoding insulin-like growth factor binding protein - useful for treating breast and bone cancer and modulating bone growth
PT	Disclosure; Page 11; 42pp; English.
CC	This sequence represents insulin-like growth factor binding protein. (IGFBP-5) It was deduced from the appropriate nucleotide sequence obtained as in Q28271. IGFBP-5 can bind to both IGFs -I and -II. It is useful for treating conditions caused by an overabundance of IGFs eg. certain breast cancers and bone cancers. It is useful for modulating bone growth and in affinity chromatography columns for purification of IGF -I and -II. Antibodies to it can be used in assays to detect levels of the protein in mammals esp. humans and to neutralise the effects of IGFBP-5, and are useful in diagnostic test kits.
CC	Sequence 272 AA:
SS	

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Query Match      11.9%; Score 109.5; DB 1; Length 272;
Best Local Similarity 27.7%; Pred No. 8e-05;
Matches         26; Conservative 20; Mismatches 27; Indels 21; Gaps 3;

QY    4 VLLTTLVPAHLVAAMSNYYAVDCPOCHDSSECKSSPRCKRTVLD-----DCGCCRV 56
       :|||:: ||| :: |:: :: |:: :: |:: :: |:: :: |:: ||||
Db     8 LLLLAAYAGPAQLSGFV-----HCFCEDEKALSMCPSPPLGLGELYKEPGCGCMT 58

QY    57 CAAGRGETCTYTVSGMDMGKCGFLRCQPNSGED 90
       || :: ||| :: |:: :: |:: ||| :: |:: ||| :: |:: ||| ::
Db     59 CALAEGQC-----GYITERCAOGLRCLPRODEE 87

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RESULT	13	
R55084		
ID	R55084 standard; Protein; 272 AA.	
AC	R55084;	
DT	28-NOV-1994 (first entry)	
DE	Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5.	
KW	Insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5; IGFBP-5; hormone.	
OS	Homo sapiens.	
Key	Location/Qualifiers	
FH	peptide	
FT	24..163	
FT	/note= "preferred truncated IGFBP-5, Claim 12"	
FT	21..189	
FT	/note= "preferred truncated IGFBP-5, Claim 13"	
PN	WO9410207-A.	
PD	11-MAY-1994.	
PF	29-OCT-1993; U10462.	
PPR	04-NOV-1992; US-972142.	
PA	(CHIR) CHIRON CORP.	
PPI	Address DL, Kiefer MC;	
DDR	WPI; 94-167395/20.	
N-PSDB:	Q65519.	
PT	Truncated insulin-like growth factor binding protein - has	

PT reduced affinity for insulin-like growth factor, useful for
PS stimulating bone cell growth and mitogenic activity
CC Disclosure: Fig. 1; 56pp; English.
CC Within this protein sequence are contained 2 preferred truncated
CC IGFBP-5 proteins derived from human U-2 osteosarcoma cells.
CC The truncated IGFBP-5 may be used for stimulating mitogenic
CC activity, particularly for stimulating bone cell growth. The
CC IGFBP is preferably produced recombinantly by expression in a
CC yeast or CHO host.
SQ Sequence 272 AA;

Query Match 11.9%; Score 109.5; DB 1; Length 272;
Best Local Similarity 27.7%; Pred. No. 8e-05;
Matches 26; Conservative 20; Mismatches 27; Indels 21; Gaps 3;
QY 4 VLLTLLVPAHLVAWSNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSPRCRKTVD-----DCGCCRV 56
DB 8 LLLAAAYAGPAQSLGFSV-----HCEPCDEKALSMCPSPPLGCELVKPEGCGCMT 58
QY 57 CAAGRGETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNGED 90
DB 59 CALAEGQSC-----GVYTERCAQGLRCLPRQDEE 87

RESULT 14
R95329
ID R95329 standard; Protein; 272 AA.
AC R95329;
DE 09-DEC-1996 (first entry)
KW Insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 (IGFBP-5).
KW TNF-R1-DB; tumour necrosis factor receptor 1 death domain; inhibitor;
KW p55; anti-inflammatory; autoimmune disease; graft versus host reaction;
KW osteoporosis; cachexia; diabetes; sequence identity; IGFBP-5;
KW Insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5.
OS Homo sapiens.

Key Location/Qualifiers
FT protein
FT 87..272
FT /label= clone 20DD
PN W09612735-A1.
PD 02-MAY-1996.
PF 12-OCT-1995; U12724.
PR 19-OCT-1994; US-327514.
PR 19-JUN-1995; US-494440.
PR 26-SEP-1995; US-533901.
PA (GEMV) GENETICS INST INC.
PI Chen J, Graham J, Lin L, Schievella AR;
DR WPI; 96-230551/23.
DR N-PSDB; T15231.
PT TNF receptor death domain ligand proteins and inhibitors of ligand
PT binding - for prevention and treatment of pref. anti-inflammatory
PT conditions, e.g. auto-immune disease, graft versus host reaction
PT osteoporosis, etc.
PS Claim 15; Page 42-43; 83pp; English.
CC The present sequence is that of insulin-like growth factor binding
CC protein-5 (IGFBP-5). Based upon the amino acid sequence identity between
CC IGFBP-5 and a tumour necrosis factor (TNF) receptor 1 (R1) death domain
CC (DD) ligand (clone 20DD; R95328) it has been determined that IGFBP-5 and
CC certain fragments of it, will exhibit TNF-R1-DD ligand binding activity.
CC A yeast genetic selection method, the "interaction trap", was used to
CC screen W138 cell cDNA libraries for proteins that interact with the DD
CC of the p55 type 1 TNF-R. TNF-R1-DD ligands and their inhibitors, e.g.
CC IGFBP-5, are useful in the prevention and treatment of anti-inflammatory
CC conditions and other conditions such as cachexia, autoimmune disease,
CC graft versus host reaction, osteoporosis, diabetes, etc.
SQ Sequence 272 AA;

Query Match 11.9%; Score 109.5; DB 1; Length 272;
Best Local Similarity 27.7%; Pred. No. 8e-05;
Matches 26; Conservative 20; Mismatches 27; Indels 21; Gaps 3;
QY 4 VLLTLLVPAHLVAWSNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSPRCRKTVD-----DCGCCRV 56

DB 8 LLLAAAYAGPAQSLGFSV-----HCEPCDEKALSMCPSPPLGCELVKPEGCGCMT 58
QY 57 CAAGRGETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNGED 90
DB 59 CALAEGQSC-----GVYTERCAQGLRCLPRQDEE 87
RESULT 15
W35572
ID W35572 standard; Protein; 272 AA.
AC W35572;
DE 19-MAR-1998 (first entry)
KW Insulin like growth factor 5 binding protein.
KW Tumour necrosis factor receptor p55 type; TNF-R1-DD ligand protein;
KW death domain; TNF-R1; inhibitor identification; TNF-induced condition;
KW Insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5; inflammatory condition;
KW IGFBP-5; therapy.
OS Homo sapiens.
PN W09730084-A1.
PD 21-AUG-1997.
PF 11-FEB-1997; U02146.
PR 15-AUG-1996; US-698551.
PR 15-FEB-1996; US-602228.
PA (GEMV) GENETICS INST INC.
PI Chen J, Graham J, Lin L, Schievella AR;
DR WPI; 97-424976/39.
DR N-PSDB; T94634.
PT Tumour necrosis factor receptor p55 type death domain ligand
PT proteins - useful for preventing or ameliorating inflammatory
PT conditions
PS Claim 15; Page 45-46; 103pp; English.
CC This sequence represents a protein sequence of the invention. This
CC sequence is the insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 (IGFBP-5)
CC and is a tumour necrosis factor receptor p55 type (TNF-R1) death domain
CC (DD) ligand protein. A host cell containing DNA encoding this sequence is
CC used for the recombinant production of TNF-R1-DD. The TNF-R1-DD ligand
CC protein can be used in a method to identify inhibitors of TNF-R DD
CC binding. The TNF-R1-DD ligand protein, IGFBP-5 (has TNF-R1-DD ligand
CC activity), or inhibitors of TNF-R1-DD ligand protein are capable of
CC preventing or ameliorating an inflammatory condition, preferably by
CC inhibiting TNF-R DD binding. Identification and isolation of ligands
CC allows their effects upon TNF-R signal transduction and use as
CC therapeutic agents for treatment of TNF-induced conditions to be
CC examined.
SQ Sequence 272 AA;

Query Match 11.9%; Score 109.5; DB 1; Length 272;
Best Local Similarity 27.7%; Pred. No. 8e-05;
Matches 26; Conservative 20; Mismatches 27; Indels 21; Gaps 3;
QY 4 VLLTLLVPAHLVAWSNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSPRCRKTVD-----DCGCCRV 56
DB 8 LLLAAAYAGPAQSLGFSV-----HCEPCDEKALSMCPSPPLGCELVKPEGCGCMT 58
QY 57 CAAGRGETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNGED 90
DB 59 CALAEGQSC-----GVYTERCAQGLRCLPRQDEE 87

Search completed: May 4, 1999, 08:18:43
Job time: 6925 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 4, 1999, 13:59:22 ; Search time 11.8 Seconds
(without alignments)
418.527 Million cell updates/sec

```

Title: US-09-037-460-2
Perfect score: 918
Sequence: 1 MKSVLLTLLTLPVHLVAW.....EYVKNAGSPVNRKWLNP 184
Scoring table: PAM150

```

Searched: 74019 seqs, 26840295 residues
Database : SwissProt_36:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query %		ID	Description
		Match	Length DB		
1	141.5	15.4	351	1	NOV_CHICK
2	139	15.1	353	1	NOV_COTUA
3	124.5	13.6	354	1	NOV_MOUSE
4	123.5	13.5	357	1	NOV_HUMAN
5	115.5	12.6	258	1	IBP4_BOVIN
6	114.5	12.5	271	1	IBP5_MOUSE
7	112	12.2	348	1	CTGF_MOUSE
8	110.5	12.0	271	1	IBP5_RAT
9	111	12.1	375	1	CE10_CHICK
10	109.5	11.9	272	1	IBP5_HUMAN
11	110.5	12.0	381	1	CYR6_HUMAN
12	109	11.9	349	1	CTGF_HUMAN
13	107	11.7	237	1	IBP4_SHEEP
14	106.5	11.6	258	1	IBP4_HUMAN
15	104.5	11.4	266	1	IBP3_PIG
16	104.5	11.4	271	1	IBP5_PIG
17	103.5	11.3	254	1	IBP4_MOUSE
18	103.5	11.3	254	1	IBP4_RAT
19	103.5	11.3	379	1	CYR6_MOUSE
20	103	11.2	349	1	CTGF_PIG
21	101.5	11.1	291	1	IBP3_BOVIN
22	101.5	11.1	291	1	IBP3_HUMAN
23	100.5	10.9	291	1	IBP3_MOUSE
24	99	10.8	343	1	NOV_XENLA
25	98.5	10.7	292	1	IBP3_RAT
26	103	11.2	1801	1	LMB2_RAT
27	101.5	11.1	1138	1	TIE1_HUMAN
28	97	10.6	317	1	IBP2_SHEEP
29	94.5	10.3	259	1	IBP1_HUMAN
30	100	10.9	1799	1	LMB2_MOUSE
31	94	10.2	311	1	IBP2_CHICK
32	97.5	10.6	1136	1	TIE1_BOVIN
33	87.5	9.5	111	1	IBP5_BOVIN
34	94.5	10.3	1134	1	TIE1_MOUSE
35	94.5	10.3	1786	1	LMB1_MOUSE
36	95.5	10.4	3635	1	LM5_MOUSE
37	92	10.0	1786	1	LMB1_HUMAN
38	86.5	9.4	328	1	IBP2_HUMAN
39	91.5	10.0	1816	1	LM44_HUMAN
40	86	9.4	349	1	CTGF_BOVIN
41	94	10.2	547	1	FAT_DROME
42	90	9.8	1639	1	LMG1_DROME
43	84.5	9.2	304	1	IBP2_RAT

	84.5	9.2	305	1	IBP2_MOUSE
44	83.5	9.1	249	1	YN85_YEAST
45					

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

NOV_CHICK	ID	NOV_CHICK	STANDARD;	PRT;	351 AA.
AC	P28686;	01-DEC-1992	(REL. 24, CREATED)		
AD		01-DEC-1992	(REL. 24, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)		
DDT		01-OCT-1996	(REL. 34, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)		
DE		NOV.	NOV PROTEIN PRECURSOR.		
GN					
CC			GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN).		
CC			EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; AVES; NEOGNATHAE;		
CC			GALLIFORMES.		
CC			[1]		
CC			SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		
CC			STRAIN-BROWN LEHORN;		
CC			MEDLINE; 92107157.		
CC			MALOISEL V., MARTINIERE C., DAMBRINE G., PLASSIART G., BRISAC M.,		
CC			CROCHET J., PERBAL B.;		
CC			MOL. CELL. BIOL. 12:10-21(1992).		
CC			-!- FUNCTION: IMMEDIATE-EARLY PROTEIN LIKELY TO PLAY A ROLE IN CELL		
CC			GROWTH REGULATION. ITS OVEREXPRESSION IS ASSOCIATED WITH		
CC			TUMORIGENESIS AND EXPRESSION OF A N-TERMINAL-TRUNCATED VERSION		
CC			OF NOV GENE IN CHICKEN EMBRYONIC FIBROBLASTS (CEF) IS SUFFICIENT		
CC			TO INDUCE THE TRANSFORMATION OF CEF IN VITRO.		
CC			-!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: BRAIN AND HEART, AND AT A LOWER LEVEL IN		
CC			MUSCLE AND INTESTINE. IN THE EMBRYO. LUNG AND LESS SO IN BRAIN AND		
CC			SPLREEN, IN ADULT CHICKEN.		
CC			-!- DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: MAV1-INDUCED NEPHROBLASTOMAS EXPRESS A HIGH		
CC			LEVEL OF NOV GENE WHOSE TRANSCRIPTION IS NORMALLY ARRESTED IN		
CC			ADULT KIDNEY.		
CC			-!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING		
CC			PROTEIN FAMILY. CEF-10/CYB61/CTRG/FISP-12/NOV PROTEIN SUBFAMILY.		
CC			-!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 WVFC DOMAIN.		
CC			-!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 C-TERMINAL CYSTINE KNOT-LIKE DOMAIN (CTCK).		
CC			EMBL: X55284; G63703; -		
CC			PIR: S20078; S20078.		
CC			PROSITE: PS00222; IGF BINDING; 1.		
CC			PROSITE: PS01185; CTCK_1; 1.		
CC			PROSITE: PS01225; CTCK_2; 1.		
CC			PROSITE: PS01208; WVFC; 1.		
CC			PROTO-ONCOGENE; GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; SIGNAL.		
CC			SIGNAL		
CC			CHAIN 1 24		
CC			POTENTIAL.		
CC			CHAIN 25 351		
CC			NOV PROTEIN.		
CC			DOMAIN 104 170		
CC			WVFC.		
CC			DOMAIN 258 332		
CC			CTCK.		
CC			DISULFID 258 295		
CC			BY SIMILARITY.		
CC			DISULFID 275 309		
CC			BY SIMILARITY.		
CC			DISULFID 286 325		
CC			BY SIMILARITY.		
CC			DISULFID 289 327		
CC			BY SIMILARITY.		
CC			DISULFID 294 331		
CC			BY SIMILARITY.		
CC			CARBOHYD 274 274		
CC			POTENTIAL.		
CC			SEQUENCE 351 AA; 38268 MW; C7044065 CRC32;		

Query Match

[illegible]

```
QY 106 -----TFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
DB 112 IYRNGETFPQSKYQCTCRDG 132

RESULT 2
NOV_COTJA STANDARD; PRT; 353 AA.
AC P42642;
DT 01-NOV-1995 (REL. 32, CREATED)
DT 01-NOV-1995 (REL. 32, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (REL. 34, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
DE NOV PROTEIN PRECURSOR.
GN NOV.
OS COTURNIX COTURNIX JAPONICA (JAPANESE QUAIL).
OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; AVES; NEOGNATHAE;
OC GALLIFORMES.
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA WEISKIRCHEN R., BISTER K.;
RL SUBMITTED (AUG-1994) TO EMBL/GENBANK/DBJ DATA BANKS.
CC -1- FUNCTION: IMMEDIATE-EARLY PROTEIN LIKELY TO PLAY A ROLE IN CELL
CC GROWTH REGULATION (BY SIMILARITY).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
CC PROTEIN FAMILY. CEF-10/CYR61/CTFG/FISP-12/NOV PROTEIN SUBFAMILY.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 VWFC DOMAIN.
CC EMBL: U13063; G532697; -.
DR PROSITE: PS00222; IGF-BINDING; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS01185; CTCK_1; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS01225; CTCK_2; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS01208; VWFC; 1.
KW PROTO-ONCOGENE; GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; SIGNAL.
FT SIGNAL 1 26 POTENTIAL.
FT CHAIN 1 26 NOV PROTEIN.
FT DOMAIN 106 172 VWFC.
FT DOMAIN 260 334 CTCK.
FT DISULFID 260 297 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 277 311 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 288 327 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 291 329 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 296 333 BY SIMILARITY.
FT CARBOHYD 276 276 POTENTIAL.
SQ SEQUENCE 353 AA; 38667 MW; C4F5928D CRC32;

Query Match 15.1%; Score 139; DB 1; Length 353;
Best Local Similarity 32.1%; Pred. No. 6.1e-08;
Matches 45; Conservative 14; Mismatches 39; Indels 42; Gaps 7;

QY 4 VLLLTLLYPALHVAWNNYAVDCRQHCSDSECKSPRCK---RTVLDDGCGCRVCAAG 60
DB 14 LLLLLLLLRPEY-----NGREAPRCPCGRCAPGPAVLDDGCGCLVCARQ 68
QY 61 RGETCYRTVSGDMKMGCGRLRCQPSNG-----EDPFGEEFGICK-----DCPYG--- 106
DB 69 RGES-----CSPLLPCDESGGLYCDRGPED---GGGTGICNVLEGONCFVDMGI 114
QY 106 -----TFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
DB 115 IYRNGETFPQSKYQCTCRDG 134

RESULT 3
NOV_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 354 AA.
AC Q64299;
DT 01-NOV-1997 (REL. 35, CREATED)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (REL. 35, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
DE NOV PROTEIN PRECURSOR.
GN NOV.
OS MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE).

QY 106 -----TFGMDCRETNCQSG 120
DB 112 IYRNGETFPQSKYQCTCRDG 132

RESULT 4
NOV_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 357 AA.
AC P48745;
DT 01-FEB-1996 (REL. 33, CREATED)
DT 01-FEB-1996 (REL. 33, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (REL. 34, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
DE NOV PROTEIN HOMOLOG PRECURSOR (NOVH).
GN NOV.
OS HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN).
OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=PLACENTA.
RX MEDLINE: 94336229.
RA MARTINERIE C., HUFF V., JOUBERT I., BADZIOCH M., SAUNDERS G.,

OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA MARTINERIE C., HUFF V., JOUBERT I., BADZIOCH M., SAUNDERS G.,
```

RA STRONG L., PERBAL B.;
 RL ONCOGENE 9:2729-2732(1994).
 CC -!- FUNCTION: IMMEDIATE-EARLY PROTEIN LIKELY TO PLAY A ROLE IN CELL
 CC GROWTH REGULATION (BY SIMILARITY).
 CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: INCREASED EXPRESSION IN WILMS TUMOR OF THE
 CC STROMAL TYPE.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
 CC PROTEIN FAMILY. CEF-10/CYR61/CTFG/TFSP-12/NOV PROTEIN SUBFAMILY.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 WYR61 DOMAIN.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 C-TERMINAL CYSTINE KNOT-LIKE DOMAIN (CTCK).
 DR EMBL; X78351; G825696; JOINED.
 DR EMBL; X78352; G825696; JOINED.
 DR EMBL; X78353; G825696; JOINED.
 DR EMBL; X78354; G825696; JOINED.
 DR EMBL; X96584; E228691; -.
 DR MIM; 164958; -.
 DR PROSITE; PS00222; IGF_BINDING; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS01185; CTCK_1; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS01225; CTCK_2; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS01208; VWFC; 1.
 KW PROTO-ONCOGENE; GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; SIGNAL.
 FT SIGNAL 1 27 POTENTIAL.
 FT CHAIN 28 357 NOV PROTEIN HOMOLOG.
 FT DOMAIN 108 174 VWFC.
 FT DOMAIN 264 338 CTCK.
 FT DISULFID 264 301 BY SIMILARITY.
 FT DISULFID 281 315 BY SIMILARITY.
 FT DISULFID 292 331 BY SIMILARITY.
 FT DISULFID 295 333 BY SIMILARITY.
 FT DISULFID 300 337 BY SIMILARITY.
 FT CARBOHYD 97 97 POTENTIAL.
 FT CARBOHYD 280 280 POTENTIAL.
 SQ SEQUENCE 357 AA; 39162 MW; DA8B009D CRC32;

Query Match 13.5%; Score 123.5; DB 1; Length 357;
 Best Local Similarity 31.8%; Pred. No. 2.9e-06;
 Matches 42; Conservative 25; Mismatches 34; Indels 31; Gaps 9;
 QY 7 LTLLVPAHLVA--ANSNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSPRCK---RTVLDGCGCRVCAAGR 61
 DB 18 LTFLLL--HLGGVAATQRCPPQCPGRCPA---TPPTCAPGVRAVLGSCCLVCARQR 71
 QY 62 GETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNGEPFGFEFGICK-----DCPYG-----TFG 108
 DB 72 GESC-----SDLEPCDESSGLYCDRS--ADP-SNOTGICTAVEGDNCFDGVYRSGEKQ 124
 QY 109 MDCRETCNQSG 120
 DB 125 PSCKFQCTCRDG 136

RESULT 5
 ID IBP4_BOVIN STANDARD; PRT; 258 AA.
 AC Q05716;
 DT 01-FEB-1994 (REL. 28, CREATED)
 DT 01-FEB-1994 (REL. 28, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (REL. 35, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
 DE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING PROTEIN 4 PRECURSOR (IGFBP-4)
 DE (IBP-4) (IGF-BINDING PROTEIN 4).
 GN IGFBP4.
 OS BOS TAURUS (BOVINE).
 OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
 CC EUTHERIA; ARTIODACTYLA.
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE; 93125553.
 RA MOSER D.R., LOWE W.L. JR., DAKE B.L., BOOTH B.A., BOES M.,
 RA CLEMMONS D.R., BAR R.S.;
 RA MOL. ENDOCRINOL. 6:1805-1814(1992).
 CC -!- FUNCTION: IGF-BINDING PROTEINS PROLONG THE HALF-LIFE OF THE IGFs
 CC AND HAVE BEEN SHOWN TO EITHER INHIBIT OR STIMULATE THE GROWTH

CC PROMOTING EFFECTS OF THE IGFs ON CELL CULTURE. THEY ALTER THE
 CC INTERACTION OF IGFs WITH THEIR CELL SURFACE RECEPTORS.
 CC -!- BINDS IGF-II MORE THAN IGF-I.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
 CC PROTEIN FAMILY.
 DR EMBL; S52770; G263304; -.
 DR PIR; A45403; A45403.
 DR PROSITE; PS00222; IGF_BINDING; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00484; THYROGLOBULIN_1; 1.
 KW GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; SIGNAL; GLYCOPROTEIN.
 FT SIGNAL 1 21 BY SIMILARITY.
 FT CHAIN 22 258 INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
 FT CARBOHYD 125 125 POTENTIAL.
 FT DOMAIN 200 249 THYROGLOBULIN TYPE I.
 FT SEQUENCE 258 AA; 27890 MW; 97880748 CRC32;

Query Match 12.6%; Score 115.5; DB 1; Length 258;
 Best Local Similarity 32.3%; Pred. No. 1.6e-05;
 Matches 30; Conservative 24; Mismatches 30; Indels 9; Gaps 4;
 QY 1 MKSVLLTLLVPAHLVAWNNYAVDCPQHCDSECKSPRCKRTVLD-DGCGCRVC 57
 DB 1 MSLCLMAALLAAGPGPSLGDE-AIHCPCSEKLARCPVGCCELVREPGCGGCATC 59
 QY 58 AAGRGTCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPLRCQPSNGED 90
 DB 60 ALGKGMPC-----GVYTPRCGSLRCYPPRGVE 87

RESULT 6
 ID IBP5_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 271 AA.
 AC Q07079;
 DT 01-OCT-1994 (REL. 30, CREATED)
 DT 01-OCT-1994 (REL. 30, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
 DT 01-FEB-1996 (REL. 33, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
 DE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING PROTEIN 5 PRECURSOR (IGFBP-5)
 DE (IBP-5) (IGF-BINDING PROTEIN 5).
 GN IGFBP5 OR IGFBP-5.
 OS MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE).
 OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
 CC EUTHERIA; RODENTIA.
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND PARTIAL SEQUENCE.
 RC TISSUE-MYOBLASTS;
 RX MEDLINE; 94042976.
 RA JAMES P.L., JONES S.B., BUSBY W.H. JR., CLEMMONS D.R., ROTWEIN P.;
 RL J. BIOL. CHEM. 268:22305-22312(1993).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-SPLEEN;
 RX MEDLINE; 94307727.
 RA KOU K., JENKINS N.A., GILBERT D.J., COPELAND N.G., ROTWEIN P.;
 RL GENOMICS 20:412-418(1994).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-KIDNEY;
 RX MEDLINE; 95121750.
 RA SCHULLER A.G.P., GROFFEN C., VAN NECK J.W., ZWARTHOFF E.C.,
 RL MOL. CELL. ENDOCRINOL. 104:57-66(1994).
 CC -!- FUNCTION: IGF-BINDING PROTEINS PROLONG THE HALF-LIFE OF THE IGFs
 CC AND HAVE BEEN SHOWN TO EITHER INHIBIT OR STIMULATE THE GROWTH
 CC PROMOTING EFFECTS OF THE IGFs ON CELL CULTURE. THEY ALTER THE
 CC INTERACTION OF IGFs WITH THEIR CELL SURFACE RECEPTORS.
 CC -!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: EXTRACELLULAR.
 CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: MOST ABUNDANT IN KIDNEY, UTERUS AND
 CC GASTROCNEMIUS MUSCLE.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
 CC PROTEIN FAMILY.
 DR EMBL; L12447; G293384; -.

```
DR EMBL; U02025; G437125; ..
DR EMBL; U02023; G437125; JOINED.
DR EMBL; U02027; G437125; JOINED.
DR EMBL; U02024; G437125; JOINED.
DR EMBL; X81583; G550385; -.
DR MGD; MGI:96440; IGFBP5.
DR PROSITE; PS00222; IGF-BINDING; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00484; THYROGLOBULIN_1; 1.
KW GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; SIGNAL.
FT SIGNAL 1 19 POTENTIAL.
FT CHAIN 20 271 INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
FT DOMAIN 214 262 THYROGLOBULIN TYPE 1.
FT CONFLICT 112 112 MISSING (IN REF. 2).
SQ SEQUENCE 271 AA; 30372 MW; 12DC64CA CRC32;

Query Match 12.5%; Score 114.5; DB 1; Length 271;
Best Local Similarity 28.7%; Pred. No. 2.1e-05;
Matches 27; Conservative 20; Mismatches 26; Indels 21; Gaps 3;

QY 4 VLLITLLVPAHLVAANSNNYAVDCPHQCDSSSECKSSPRCKRTVLD-----DCGCCRV 56
Db 7 LLLLAAYAVPAQGLGSEV-----HCEPCDEKALSMCPPSPGLGCLVKEPGCGCMT 57
QY 57 CAAGRGTCYRTVSGDMGKGPGLRCOPSGED 90
Db 58 CALAEGGSC-----GVYTERCAQGLRCLPRODEE 86

RESULT 7
CTGF_MOUSE
ID CTGF_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 348 AA.
AC P29268;
DT 01-DEC-1992 (REL. 24, CREATED)
DT 01-DEC-1992 (REL. 24, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
DE 15-JUL-1998 (REL. 36, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
DE CONNECTIVE TISSUE GROWTH FACTOR PRECURSOR (CTGF) (FISP-12 PROTEIN).
GN CTGF OR FISP12 OR FISP-12.
OS MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE).
OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
OC EUTHERIA; RODENTIA.
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE; 91363290.
RA RYSECK R.-P., MACDONALD-BRAVO H., MATTEI M.-G., BRAVO R.;
RL CELL GROWTH DIFFER. 2:223-233(1991).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE; 91229699.
RA BRUNNER A., CHINN J., NEUBAUER M.G., PURCHIO A.F.;
RL DNA CELL BIOL. 10:293-300(1991).
CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: TESTIS, SPLEEN, KIDNEY, LUNG, HEART, AND BRAIN
CC (LOWEST LEVEL IN TESTIS AND HIGHEST IN LUNG).
CC -1- INDUCTION: BY GROWTH FACTORS.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
CC PROTEIN FAMILY. CEF-10/CYR61/CTGF/FISP-12/NOV PROTEIN SUBFAMILY.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 VWFC DOMAIN.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 C-TERMINAL CYSTINE KNOT-LIKE DOMAIN (CTCK).
DR EMBL; M70641; G193314; -.
DR EMBL; M70642; G193316; -.
DR EMBL; M80263; G201946; -.
DR PIR; A53228; A53228.
DR MGD; MGI:95537; FISP12.
DR PROSITE; PS00222; IGF-BINDING; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01185; CTCK_1; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01225; CTCK_2; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01208; VWFC; 1.
KW GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; SIGNAL.
FT SIGNAL 1 25 POTENTIAL.
FT CHAIN 26 348 CONNECTIVE TISSUE GROWTH FACTOR.
FT DOMAIN 100 166 VWFC.
FT DOMAIN 255 329 CTCK.
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FT DISULFID 255 292 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 272 306 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 283 322 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 286 324 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 291 328 BY SIMILARITY.
FT CONFLICT 161 161 K -> E (IN REF. 2).
SQ SEQUENCE 348 AA; 37793 MW; EAB92BEO CRC32;

Query Match 12.2%; Score 112; DB 1; Length 348;
Best Local Similarity 30.4%; Pred. No. 4.8e-05;
Matches 34; Conservative 15; Mismatches 35; Indels 28; Gaps 7;

QY 27 DCPHQCDSSSECKSSPRCK---RVLDGCGCCRVCAAGRGTCYRTVSGDMGKGP--GL 81
Db 27 DCSAQCOCAA-EAAPHCPAGVSLVDGCGCCRVCAKQLGELC-----TERDPCDPKGL 79
QY 82 RCOPSGEDPFGEFGICKD-----CPYG-----TFGMDCRETCNCOSG 120
Db 80 FCDGFS---PANRKIGVCTAKDAGPCVFGSGVYRSGESFQSSCKYQCTCLDG 128

RESULT 8
IBP5_RAT
ID IBP5_RAT STANDARD; PRT; 271 AA.
AC P24594;
DT 01-MAR-1992 (REL. 21, CREATED)
DT 01-MAR-1992 (REL. 21, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
DT 01-FEB-1996 (REL. 33, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
DE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING PROTEIN 5 PRECURSOR (IGFBP-5)
DE (IBP-5) (IGF-BINDING PROTEIN 5).
GN IGFBP5 OR IGFBP-5.
OS RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT).
OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
OC EUTHERIA; RODENTIA.
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND SEQUENCE OF 20-53.
RX TISSUE-OVARY;
RX MEDLINE; 91244847.
RA SHIMASAKI S., SHIMONAKA M., ZHANG H.-P., LING N.;
RL J. BIOL. CHEM. 266:10646-10653(1991).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX STRAIN-SPRAGUE-DAWLEY;
RX MEDLINE; 93176146.
RA ZHU X., LING N., SHIMASAKI S.;
RL BIOCHEM. BIOPHYS. RES. COMMUN. 190:1045-1052(1993).
CC -1- FUNCTION: IGF-BINDING PROTEINS PROLONG THE HALF-LIFE OF THE IGFS
CC AND HAVE BEEN SHOWN TO EITHER INHIBIT OR STIMULATE THE GROWTH
CC PROMOTING EFFECTS OF THE IGFS ON CELL CULTURE. THEY ALTER THE
CC INTERACTION OF IGFS WITH THEIR CELL SURFACE RECEPTORS.
CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: MOSTLY IN KIDNEY.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
CC PROTEIN FAMILY.
DR EMBL; M62781; G204746; -.
DR EMBL; L08275; E73333; -.
DR PIR; A40403; A40403.
DR PIR; JC1463; JC1463.
DR PIR; F40403; F40403.
DR PROSITE; PS00222; IGF-BINDING; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00484; THYROGLOBULIN_1; 1.
KW GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; SIGNAL.
FT SIGNAL 1 19 POTENTIAL.
FT CHAIN 20 271 INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
FT DOMAIN 214 262 THYROGLOBULIN TYPE 1.
SQ SEQUENCE 271 AA; 30298 MW; 0AA79506 CRC32;

Query Match 12.0%; Score 110.5; DB 1; Length 271;
Best Local Similarity 28.7%; Pred. No. 5.8e-05;
Matches 27; Conservative 20; Mismatches 26; Indels 21; Gaps 3;
```


Db 28 NCSGPCRCD-EPAPRCAGVSLVLDGCGCRCAKOLGELC-----TERDPCDHPKGL 80
 QY 82 RCQPSNGEDPFGEEFGICKD-----CPYG-----TFGMDCRETNCOSG 120
 Db 81 FCDFGS---PANKIGVCTAKGAPCIGFTGTVYRSGESQSSCKYQCTCLDG 129

RESULT 13
 ID IBP4_SHEEP STANDARD; PRT; 237 AA.
 AC Q28893;
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (REL. 35, CREATED)
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (REL. 35, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
 DE 01-NOV-1997 (REL. 35, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
 DE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING PROTEIN 4 (IGFBP-4) (IBP-4)
 GN IGFBP4.
 OS OVIS ARIES (SHEEP).
 OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
 OC EUTHERIA; ARTIODACTYLA.
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-LIVER;
 RX MEDLINE; 95151165.
 RA CARR J.M., GRANT P.A., FRANCIS G.L., OWENS J.A., WALLACE J.C.,
 RA WALTON P.E.;
 RL J. MOL. ENDOCRINOL. 13:219-236(1994).

CC -1- FUNCTION: IGF-BINDING PROTEINS PROLONG THE HALF-LIFE OF THE IGFS
 AND HAVE BEEN SHOWN TO EITHER INHIBIT OR STIMULATE THE GROWTH
 PROMOTING EFFECTS OF THE IGFS ON CELL CULTURE. THEY ALTER THE
 INTERACTION OF IGFS WITH THEIR CELL SURFACE RECEPTORS.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
 PROTEIN FAMILY.
 CC EMBL; S77394; G944952; -;
 DR PROSITE; PS00222; IGF_BINDING; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00484; THYROGLOBULIN_1; 1.
 KW GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; GLYCOPROTEIN.
 FT DOMAIN 179 228 THYROGLOBULIN TYPE I.
 FT CARBOHYD 104 104 POTENTIAL.
 SQ SEQUENCE 237 AA; 25869 MW; C1C79FEA CRC32;

Query Match 11.7%; Score 107; DB 1; Length 237;
 Best Local Similarity 34.8%; Pred. No. 0.00012;
 Matches 24; Conservative 13; Mismatches 24; Indels 8; Gaps 3;

QY 25 AVDCPQHCHDS--SECKSPRCRTVLD-DCGCRVCAAGRGTCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPGL 81
 Db 3 AIHCPPESEKLCARCPVPGCEELVREPGCGCCATCALGKGMPC-----GVYTPDCGSL 57
 QY 82 RCQPSNGED 90
 Db 58 RCHPPRGVE 66

RESULT 14
 ID IBP4_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 258 AA.
 AC P22692;
 DT 01-AUG-1991 (REL. 19, CREATED)
 DT 01-MAR-1992 (REL. 21, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
 DE 01-FEB-1996 (REL. 33, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
 DE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING PROTEIN 4 (IGFBP-4)
 GN IGFBP4 OR IBP4.
 OS HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN).
 OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; TETRAPODA; MAMMALIA;
 OC EUTHERIA; PRIMATES.
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE; 91186988.
 RA LATOUR D., MOHAN S., LINKHART T.A., BAYLINK D.J., STRONG D.D.;

RL MOL. ENDOCRINOL. 4:1806-1814(1990).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-PLACENTA;
 RX MEDLINE; 91133415.
 RA SHIMASAKI S., UCHIYAMA F., SHIMONAKA M., LING N.;
 RL MOL. ENDOCRINOL. 4:1451-1458(1990).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.; AND SEQUENCE OF 22-41.
 RC TISSUE-OSTEOSARCOMA;
 RX MEDLINE; 91225006.
 RA KIEFER M.C., MASIAZ F.R., BAUER D.M., ZAPF J.;
 RL J. BIOL. CHEM. 266:9043-9049(1991).
 RN [4]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-PLACENTA;
 RA STRONG D.D., MORALES S., LEE K., BOONYARATANAKORNKIT V.,
 RA BAYLINK D.J., MOHAN S.;
 RL SUBMITTED (FEB-1995) TO EMBL/GENBANK/DBJ DATA BANKS.
 RN [5]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 22-53.
 RC TISSUE-COLON;
 RX MEDLINE; 91235178.
 RA CULOUSCOU J.-M., SHOYAB M.;
 RL CANCER RES. 51:2813-2819(1991).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: IGF-BINDING PROTEINS PROLONG THE HALF-LIFE OF THE IGFS
 AND HAVE BEEN SHOWN TO EITHER INHIBIT OR STIMULATE THE GROWTH
 PROMOTING EFFECTS OF THE IGFS ON CELL CULTURE. THEY ALTER THE
 INTERACTION OF IGFS WITH THEIR CELL SURFACE RECEPTORS.
 CC -1- BINDS IGF-II MORE THAN IGF-I.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
 PROTEIN FAMILY.
 CC EMBL; M38177; -; NOT_ANNOTATED_CDS.
 DR EMBL; M62403; G184816; -;
 DR EMBL; U20982; G695254; -;
 DR PIR; A36549; A36549.
 DR PIR; B37252; B37252.
 DR PIR; B39842; B39842.
 DR MIM; 146733; -;
 DR PROSITE; PS00222; IGF_BINDING; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00484; THYROGLOBULIN_1; 1.
 KW GROWTH FACTOR BINDING; SIGNAL; GLYCOPROTEIN.
 FT SIGNAL 1 21
 FT CHAIN 22 258 INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING
 FT CARBOHYD 125 125 POTENTIAL.
 FT DOMAIN 200 249 THYROGLOBULIN TYPE I.
 FT CONFLICT 51 51
 FT CONFLICT 198 198 P -> A (IN REF. 1, 4 AND 5).
 SQ SEQUENCE 258 AA; 27934 MW; 58AC8AC3 CRC32;

Query Match 11.6%; Score 106.5; DB 1; Length 258;
 Best Local Similarity 31.8%; Pred. No. 0.00015;
 Matches 28; Conservative 22; Mismatches 29; Indels 9; Gaps 4;

QY 6 LLTTLVPAHLVAWSNNYAVDCPQHCHDS--SECKSPRCRTVLD-DCGCRVCAAGRG 62
 Db 6 LVAALLAAGPGLSLGDE-AIHCPPESEKLCARCPVPGCEELVREPGCGCCATCALGLG 64
 QY 63 ETCYRTVSGMDGMKCGPGLRCQPSNGED 90
 Db 65 MPC-----GVYTPRCGSLRCYPPRGVE 87

RESULT 15
 ID IBP3_PIG STANDARD; PRT; 266 AA.
 AC P16611;
 DT 01-AUG-1990 (REL. 15, CREATED)
 DT 01-FEB-1991 (REL. 17, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
 DT 01-FEB-1996 (REL. 33, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
 DE INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING PROTEIN 3 (IGFBP-3) (IBP-3) (IGF-

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 4, 1999, 02:47:21 ; Search time 36.71 Seconds
(without alignments)
276.522 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-037-460-2
Perfect score: 184
Sequence: 1 MKSVLLLTLLVPAHLVAW.....EYVKENAGSPVYRKWLNPR 184

Scoring table: OLIGO

Searched: 180763 seqs, 55169189 residues

Database : SPTRMBL 8:
1: sp_fungi:
2: sp_human:
3: sp_invertebrate:
4: sp_mammal:
5: sp_mhc:
6: sp_organelle:
7: sp_phage:
8: sp_plant:
9: sp_bacteria:
10: sp_rodent:
11: sp_virus:
12: sp_vertebrate:
13: sp_unclassified:
14: sp_archaea:

Word = 30

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	184	100.0	184	2 Q15330	Q15330 homo sapien

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
Q15330
ID Q15330 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 184 AA.
AC Q15330;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLREL. 01, CREATED)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLREL. 01, LAST SEQUENCE UPDATE)
DT 01-NOV-1998 (TREMBLREL. 08, LAST ANNOTATION UPDATE)
DE ESM-1 SECRETORY PROTEIN PRECURSOR.
OS HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN).
OC EUKARYOTA; METAZOA; CHORDATA; VERTEBRATA; MAMMALIA; EUTHERIA; PRIMATES;
OC CATARRHINI; HOMINIDAE; HOMO.
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE; 96355375.
RA LASSALLE P.M., MOLET S., JANIN A., VANDER-HEYDEN J.E., TAVERNIER J.,
RT "ESM-1 is a novel human endothelial cell-specific molecule expressed
in lung and regulated by cytokines";
RL J. BIOL. CHEM. 271:20458-20464(1996).
DR EMBL; X89426; E189266; -;
DR PFM; PF00219; IGFBP; 1.
KW SIGNAL.
FT SIGNAL 1 19 POTENTIAL.

FT CHAIN 20 184 ESM-1 SECRETORY PROTEIN.
SQ SEQUENCE 184 AA; 20095 MW; 08D109DF CRC32;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 184; DB 2; Length 184;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e-180;
Matches 184; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 MKSVLLLTLLVPAHLVAWNNYAVDCPQCDSSSECKSSPRCKRTVLDGCGCVCVCAAG 60
Db 1 MKSVLLLTLLVPAHLVAWNNYAVDCPQCDSSSECKSSPRCKRTVLDGCGCVCVCAAG 60
QY 61 RGETCYRTVSGMDGKCGPGLRCOPSGNEDPFGEEFGICKDCPYGTGMDCRETNCQSG 120
Db 61 RGETCYRTVSGMDGKCGPGLRCOPSGNEDPFGEEFGICKDCPYGTGMDCRETNCQSG 120
QY 121 ICDRGTKCLKFPFFQYSVTKSSNRFVSLTEHDMASGDGNIVREEVYKNAAGSPVYRKW 180
Db 121 ICDRGTKCLKFPFFQYSVTKSSNRFVSLTEHDMASGDGNIVREEVYKNAAGSPVYRKW 180
QY 181 LNPR 184
Db 181 LNPR 184

Search completed: May 4, 1999, 05:33:53
Job time: 9992 sec

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 4, 1999, 09:00:24 ; Search time 26.81 Seconds
(without alignments)

Title: US-09-037-460-2

Perfect score: 184

Sequence: 1 MKSVLLTLLVPAHLVAW.....EVKENAAGSPVMRKWLNPR 184

Scoring table: OLIGO

Searched: 162890 seqs, 20225328 residues

Database : A_Geneseq_34:★

word = 30

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result	Query	Score	Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	184	100.0	184	1	R98994		Vascular IBP-like

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

ID	Accession	Title	Location/Qualifiers
R98994	R98994	standard; Protein; 184 AA.	
R98994	R98994		
06-NOV-1996	(first entry)		
Vascular IBP-like growth factor.			
Vascular IBP-like growth factor; VIGF;			
insulin-like growth factor binding protein; agonist; antagonist;			
muscle wasting; osteoporosis; implant fixation; wound healing;			
therapy; diagnosis.			
Homo sapiens.			
Key	Location/Qualifiers		
Peptide	1..21		
	/label= Sig_peptide		
WO9617931-AL.			
13-JUN-1996.			
09-DEC-1994; U14388.			
09-DEC-1994; WO-U14388.			
(HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.			
Hastings GA, Rosen CA;			
WPI; 96-287176/29.			
N-PSDB: T34991.			
Human vascular insulin-like growth factor binding protein-like			
growth factor, and its nucleic acid sequence and (ant)agonists -			
used, e.g. to treat muscle wasting diseases or aid implant fixation,			
or limit excess connective tissue prodn. during wound healing.			
Claim 14; Page 43-44; 61pp; English.			
Human vascular insulin-like growth factor binding protein-like			
growth factor (R98994), or VIGF, is a protein of primarily			
vascular origin that is structurally related to the IBP and CCN			
protein families. It can be expressed in e.g. E. coli, CHO or			
insect host cells using a vector incorporating a cDNA clone			
(734991), or its derivative, obtd. from human umbilical			
endothelial cells. It is useful therapeutically e.g. for			
treating muscle wasting diseases or osteoporosis, or can be used			
to detect diseases associated with under- or over-expression of VIGF,			
or to screen for antagonists useful during wound healing			

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601 AATCCAGCTGATCCCGCTGTGATTTCTGAGAGAAGCTCTATTTTCGTAAGTGTCAA 660
601 AATCCAGCTGATCCCGCTGTGATTTCTGAGAGAAGCTCTATTTTCGTAAGTGTCAA 660
661 CACACAGCCCAACATTTTGAAGCACTTTCTAGATATATAGCATAAGGACATGTAATTTTGA 720
661 CACACAGCCCAACATTTTGAAGCACTTTCTAGATATATAGCATAAGGACATGTAATTTTGA 720
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1141 ACAACAGAAAACCCCTGAGGAAGTGAAGTGTGAGCTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 1200
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1201 AACAGCTTTGANTGAGAGCAATTTCAAAAGGCTGCTGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT 1260
1261 NCTNAAGGAC 1271
1261 NCTNAAGGAC 1271

RESULT 2
HSRNASM1 2006 bp RNA PRI 07-OCT-1996
LOCUS H.sapiens mRNA for ESM-1 protein.
ACCESSION X89426
NID g1150418
KEYWORDS ESM-1 protein.
SOURCE human.
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryotes; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
Vertebrata; Euthera; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.
1 (bases 1 to 2006)
Lassalle, P., Molet, S., Janin, A., Heyden, J.V., Tavernier, J.,
Fiers, W., Devos, R. and Tonnel, A.B.
ESM-1 is a novel human endothelial cell-specific molecule expressed
in lung and regulated by cytokines
J. Biol. Chem. 271 (34), 20458-20464 (1996)
96355375
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 2006)
Lassalle, P.M.
Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (06-JUL-1995) P.M. Lassalle, INSERM, Unite 416, 1, bd du
Prof. CALMETTE, LILIE 59019, FRANCE
LOCATION/Qualifiers

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/cell_line="HUVEC"
/clone="All.1"
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CDS 56. .610
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/db_xref="PID:g1150419"
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IVREVVKNAAAGSPVMRKWLNP"
BASE COUNT 623 a 333 c 475 g 575 t
ORIGIN
Query Match 47.8%; Score 608; DB 10; Length 2006;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0;
Matches 608; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 45 GCAGCTGGGAAACATGAAGAGCGTCTTGTCTGCTGACCGAGCTCCTCGCTGCACACCT 104
DB 43 GCAGCTGGGAAACATGAAGAGCGTCTTGTCTGCTGACCGAGCTCCTCGCTGCACACCT 102
QY 105 GGTGGCCGCTTGAGCAATAATATGCGGTGGACTGCCCTCAACACTGTGACAGCAGTGA 164
DB 103 GGTGGCCGCTTGAGCAATAATATGCGGTGGACTGCCCTCAACACTGTGACAGCAGTGA 162
QY 165 GTGCAAAAGCAGCCGCGCTGCAAGAGGACAGTGTCTGACGACTGTGGCTGTGCCGAGT 224
DB 163 GTGCAAAAGCAGCCGCGCTGCAAGAGGACAGTGTCTGACGACTGTGGCTGTGCCGAGT 222
QY 225 GTGCGCTGCGAGCGGGGAGAACTTGTACCGCAGCTCTCAGGCATGGATGGCATGAA 284
DB 223 GTGCGCTGCGAGCGGGGAGAACTTGTACCGCAGCTCTCAGGCATGGATGGCATGAA 282
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QY 405 CTGCCAGTCAGGCATCTGTGACAGGGGAGGAGAAATGCCCTGAAATCCCTTCTTCCA 464
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DB 463 ATATTCACTAACCAAGTCTTCCACAGATTTTGTCTCTCAGGAGCATGACATGGCATC 522
QY 525 TGGAGATGGCAATATTTGAGAGAGAGAGTGTGAAAGAGAGATGTCGGGGTCTCCCGT 584
DB 523 TGGAGATGGCAATATTTGAGAGAGAGAGTGTGAAAGAGAGATGTCGGGGTCTCCCGT 582
QY 585 AATGAGGAAATGTTAAATCCACGCTGATCCGGCTGTGATTTCTGAGAGAGGCTCTAT 644
DB 583 AATGAGGAAATGTTAAATCCACGCTGATCCGGCTGTGATTTCTGAGAGAGGCTCTAT 642
QY 645 TTTCGTGA 652
DB 643 TTTCGTGA 650
RESULT 3
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LOCUS H.sapiens mRNA for ESM-1 protein.
ACCESSION X89426
DEFINITION H.sapiens mRNA for ESM-1 protein.

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NID 91150418
 KEYWORDS ESM-1 protein.
 SOURCE human.
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryotes; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
 vertebrata; Euthera; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominoidea; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2006)
 AUTHORS Lassalle, P., Mollet, S., Janin, A., Heyden, J.V., Tavernier, J.,
 Fiers, W., Devos, R. and Tonnel, A.B.
 TITLE ESM-1 is a novel human endothelial cell-specific molecule expressed
 in lung and regulated by cytokines
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 271 (34), 20458-20464 (1996)
 MEDLINE 9635375
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 2006)
 AUTHORS Lassalle, P.M.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (06-JUL-1995) P.M. Lassalle, INSERM, Unite 416, 1, bd du
 Prof. CALMETTE, LILLE 59019, FRANCE
 FEATURES
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 /cell_line="HVEC"
 /clone="All.1"
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 RIVLDDCGCRVCAAGRGCTVETVSGMDGKCGPLRCQPSNGEDPFGEFGEICKDC
 PYGTGMDCRETCNCSGICDRGTGKCLAFPPFQYSVTKSNRFVSLTEHDMASGDGN
 IVREEVKKNAGSPVNRKWLNPR"
 BASE COUNT 623 a 333 c 475 g 575 t
 ORIGIN

Query Match 47.8%; Score 608; DB 40; Length 2006;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0;
 Matches 608; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY	45	GCAGCTGGGAAACATGAAGAGCGCTCTGTGTCGACACGCTCTCTGCTGCTGCACACCT	104
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QY	105	GGTGGCGGCTGGAGCAATAATATGCGGTGGACTGCCCTCAACACTGTGACAGCAGTGA	164
Db	103	GGTGGCGGCTGGAGCAATAATATGCGGTGGACTGCCCTCAACACTGTGACAGCAGTGA	162
QY	165	GTGCAAAAGCAGCCGCTGCAAGAGGACAGTGTGTCGACACTGTGGCTGTGCCGAGT	224
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QY	225	GTGCGCTGCAGGGCGGGAGAACTTGTCACGACAGTCTCAGGCATGGATGGCATGAA	284
Db	223	GTGCGCTGCAGGGCGGGAGAACTTGTCACGACAGTCTCAGGCATGGATGGCATGAA	282
QY	285	GTGTGGCCCGGGGCTGAGGTGTACGCTTCTAATGGGAGGATCCTTTGGTGAAGAGTT	344
Db	283	GTGTGGCCCGGGGCTGAGGTGTACGCTTCTAATGGGAGGATCCTTTGGTGAAGAGTT	342
QY	345	TGGTATCTGCAAGACTTCCCTACGGACCTTCGGATGGATTGCAGAGACCTGCAA	404
Db	343	TGGTATCTGCAAGACTTCCCTACGGACCTTCGGATGGATTGCAGAGACCTGCAA	402
QY	405	CTGCCAGTCAGGCATCTGTGACAGGGGACGGAAATGCCCTGAAATCCCTTCTTCCA	464
Db	403	CTGCCAGTCAGGCATCTGTGACAGGGGACGGAAATGCCCTGAAATCCCTTCTTCCA	462
QY	465	ATATTACAGTACCAAGTCTTCCACAGATTTGTTTCTCTACGGAGGATGACATGGCATC	524
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QY	525	TGGAGATGGCAATATTGTGAGAGAGAAAGTTGTGAAAGAGATGCTGCCGGTCTCCCGT	584
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QY	585	AATGAGGAAATGGTTAAATCCACGCTGATCCCGGCTGTGATTTCTGAGAGAAGGCTCTAT	644
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QY	645	TTTCGTGA	652
Db	643	TTTCGTGA	650

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Db 382 KCAEADPPACRYTV 396

RESULT 3

A70080
two-component response regulator [YxjM] homolog yxjL - Bacillus subtilis
C:Species: Bacillus subtilis
C>Date: 05-Dec-1997 #sequence_revision 05-Dec-1997 #text_change 24-Sep-1998
C:Accession: A70080
R:Kunst, F.; Ogasawara, N.; Moszer, I.; Albertini, A.M.; Alloni, G.; Azevedo, V.; Bertoni, C.; Bron, S.; Brouillet, S.; Brusch, C.V.; Caldwell, B.; Capuano, V.; Carter, N.M.; Chao, A.; Ehrlich, S.D.; Emerson, P.T.; Entian, K.D.; Errington, J.; Fabret, C.; Ferrari, E.; Nature 390, 249-256, 1997
A:Authors: Fritz, C.; Fujita, M.; Fujita, Y.; Fuma, S.; Gallizzi, A.; Galleron, N.; Ghim, wood, C.R.; Henaut, A.; Hilbert, H.; Hoisappel, S.; Hosono, S.; Hullo, M.F.; Itaya, M.; Konigstein, G.; Krogh, S.; Kumano, M.; Kurita, K.; Lapidus, A.; Lardinois, S.; Lauber, A.; Authors: Lazarevic, V.; Lee, S.M.; Levine, A.; Liu, H.; Masuda, S.; Maueel, C.; Medigu, K.; Ogiwara, A.; Oudega, B.; Park, S.H.; Parro, V.; Pohl, T.M.; Portetalle, D.; Porwol, Rivolta, C.; Rocha, E.; Roche, B.; Rose, M.; Sadaie, Y.; Sato, T.; Scanlon, E.; Schiele, A.; Authors: Schroeter, R.; Scoffone, F.; Sekiguchi, J.; Sekowska, A.; Seror, S.J.; Serro amakoshi, A.; Tanaka, T.; Terpstra, P.; Tognoni, A.; Yasumoto, K.; Yata, K.; Yoshida, K.; Yoshikawa, A.; Wipat, A.; Yamamoto, H.; Yamane, K.; Yasumoto, K.; Yata, K.; Yoshida, K.; Yoshikawa, A.; Authors: Zumbstein, E.; Yoshikawa, H.; Danchin, A.
A:Title: The complete genome sequence of the Gram-positive bacterium Bacillus subtilis.
A:Reference number: A69580; MUID:98044033
A:Accession: A70080
A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-218 <RUN>
A:Cross-references: GB:299123; GB:AL009126; NID:g2636240; PID:el186390; PID:g2636426
A:Experimental source: strain 168
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: yxjL
C:Superfamily: regulatory protein comA; response regulator homology
F:8-119/Domain: response regulator homology <RRH>
F:58/Binding site: phosphate (Asp) (covalent) #status predicted

Query Match 50.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 218;

Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 9.9;

Matches 8; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 4 AAGRGTCYRTV 15
||:||||:||||

Db 121 AARGAIFRTV 132

RESULT 4

A60361
neuroparsin A precursor - migratory locust
N:Contains: neuroparsin A; neuroparsin B
C:Species: Locusta migratoria (migratory locust)
C>Date: 30-Jun-1993 #sequence_revision 12-Apr-1996 #text_change 12-Apr-1996
C:Accession: A61618; A60361; S03545
R:Laqueux, M.; Kromer, E.; Girardie, J.
Insect Biochem. Mol. Biol. 22, 511-516, 1992
A:Title: Cloning of a Locusta cDNA encoding neuroparsin A.
A:Reference number: A61618
A:Accession: A61618
A:Status: not compared with conceptual translation
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-107 <LAG>
R:Girardie, J.; Huet, J.C.; Pernollet, J.C.
Insect Biochem. 20, 659-666, 1990
A:Title: The locust neuroparsin A: sequence and similarities with vertebrate and insect
A:Reference number: A60361
A:Accession: A60361
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 25-107 <GR>
R:Girardie, J.; Girardie, A.; Huet, J.C.; Pernollet, J.C.
FEBS Lett. 245, 4-8, 1989
A:Title: Amino acid sequence of locust neuroparsins.
A:Reference number: S03545; MUID:89171328

A:Accession: S03545

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 30-107 <GI2>

C:Comment: Intermediate forms of the neuroparsin monomer are also found. It is not kn

C:Superfamily: neuroparsin

C:Keywords: disulfide bond; homodimer; hormone

F:1-22/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>

F:23-24/Domain: propeptide #status experimental <PRO>

F:25-107/Product: neuroparsin A monomer #status experimental <MAT1>

F:30-107/Product: neuroparsin B monomer #status experimental <MAT2>

Query Match 46.2%; Score 36; DB 1; Length 107;

Best Local Similarity 54.5%; Pred. No. 17;

Matches 6; Conservative 2; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RVCAARGETC 11
:||||:|

Db 55 KVCAGPGDKC 65

RESULT 5

S78428
destabilase 2 - medicinal leech
C:Species: Hirudo medicinalis (medicinal leech)
C>Date: 12-Feb-1998 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1998 #text_change 13-Mar-1998
C:Accession: S78428
R:Frackov, A.; Berezhnoy, S.; Barsova, E.V.; Zavalova, L.; Lukyanov, S.; Baskova, I.; FEBS Lett. 390, 145-148, 1996
A:Title: Enzyme from the medicinal leech (Hirudo medicinalis) that specifically split
A:Reference number: S78427
A:Accession: S78428
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-136 <FRA>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:U24122; NID:gl255717; PID:gl255718

Query Match 46.2%; Score 36; DB 2; Length 136;

Best Local Similarity 54.5%; Pred. No. 21;

Matches 6; Conservative 2; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RVCAARGETC 11
|:|:|:|

Db 95 RFTGGRTPTC 105

RESULT 6

JH0701
omega-conotoxin MWIIB - cone shell (Conus magus)
C:Species: Conus magus (magus cone)
C>Date: 17-Apr-1993 #sequence_revision 17-Apr-1993 #text_change 23-May-1997
C:Accession: JH0701; B34115
R:Hillyard, D.R.; Montje, V.D.; Mintz, I.M.; Bean, B.P.; Nadasdi, L.; Ramachandran, J.
Neuron 9, 69-77, 1992
A:Title: A new conus peptide ligand for mammalian presynaptic Ca2+ channels.
A:Reference number: JH0699; MUID:92337922
A:Accession: JH0701
A:Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-25 <HIL>
R:Olivera, B.M.; Cruz, L.J.; de Santos, V.; LeCheminant, G.W.; Griffin, D.; Zeikus, R.
Biochemistry 26, 2086-2090, 1987
A:Title: Neuronal calcium channel antagonists. Discrimination between calcium channel
A:Reference number: A34115; MUID:87299637
A:Accession: B34115
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-25 <OLI>
C:Superfamily: omega-conotoxin
C:Keywords: acetylcholine release inhibition; amidated carboxyl end; calcium channel
F:1-16, 8-20, 15-25/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F:25/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Cys) #status predicted

Query Match 39.7%; Score 31; DB 2; Length 25;
 Best Local Similarity 55.6%; Pred. No. 30;
 Matches 5; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 6 GRGETCYRT 14
 Db 3 GKGASCHRT 11

RESULT 7
 T-cell receptor beta chain (clone Cw3/56.1) - mouse (fragment)
 C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)
 C:Date: 13-Jan-1995 #sequence_revision 17-Apr-1998 #text_change 17-Apr-1998
 C:Accession: S26553
 R:Casanova, J.L.; Cerottini, J.C.; Matthes, M.; Necker, A.; Gournier, H.; Barra, C.; Wid
 J. Exp. Med. 176, 439-447, 1992
 A:Title: H-2-restricted cytolytic T lymphocytes specific for HLA display T cell receptor
 A:Reference number: S26512
 A:Accession: S26553
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-12 <CAS>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:X68003
 A:Experimental source: cytolytic T-lymphocyte, clone Cw3/56.1
 C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology
 C:Keywords: T-cell receptor

Query Match 37.2%; Score 29; DB 2; Length 12;
 Best Local Similarity 60.0%; Pred. No. 33;
 Matches 6; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 3 CAARGTCY 12
 Db 1 CASSWGTELY 10

RESULT 8
 JC4621
 cardiotoxin N precursor - Chinese cobra
 N:Alternate names: ctxn
 C:Species: Naja naja atra (Chinese cobra)
 C:Date: 10-Apr-1996 #sequence_revision 24-May-1996 #text_change 25-Apr-1997
 C:Accession: JC4621; JC2469
 R:Chang, L.S.; Wu, P.F.; Lin, J.
 Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 219, 116-121, 1996
 A:Title: cDNA sequence analysis and expression of cardiotoxins from Taiwan cobra.
 A:Reference number: JC4619; MUID:96190679
 A:Accession: JC4621
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-81 <CHA>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z54230; NID:g1054814; PID:g1000509
 A:Experimental source: venom glands
 R:Chiou, S.H.; Hung, C.C.; Huang, H.C.; Chen, S.T.; Wang, K.T.; Yang, C.C.
 Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 206, 22-32, 1994
 A:Title: Sequence comparison and computer modelling of cardiotoxins and cobrotoxin iso
 A:Reference number: JC2469
 A:Accession: JC2469
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 22-81 <CHI>
 A:Note: conformation by (1)H-NMR
 C:Superfamily: snake toxin
 C:Keywords: cardiotoxin; hemolysis; venom
 F:1-21/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
 F:22-81/Product: cardiotoxin N #status experimental <WAT>
 F:24-42,35-59,63-74,75-80/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

Query Match 42.9%; Score 33.5; DB 2; Length 81;
 Best Local Similarity 46.2%; Pred. No. 34;
 Matches 6; Conservative 4; Mismatches 2; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RVCAARGTCYR 13
 Db 33 KTCAGK-NLCYK 44
 RESULT 9
 A26100
 genome polyprotein - murine poliovirus (fragment)
 N:Contains: proteinase (EC 3.4.-.-); RNA-directed RNA polymerase (EC 2.7.7.48)
 C:Species: murine poliovirus, Theiler's encephalomyelitis virus
 C:Date: 31-Mar-1991 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-1991 #text_change 05-Dec-1997
 C:Accession: A26100
 R:Ozden, S.; Tangy, F.; Chamorro, M.; Brahic, M.
 J. Virol. 60, 1163-1165, 1986
 A:Title: Theiler's virus genome is closely related to that of encephalomyocarditis vi
 A:Reference number: A26100; MUID:87061197
 A:Accession: A26100
 A:Molecule type: genomic RNA
 A:Residues: 1-599 <O2D>
 A:Cross-references: GB:M14703; NID:g335241; PID:g335242
 C:Superfamily: foot-and-mouth disease virus genome polyprotein
 C:Keywords: hydrolase; nucleotidyltransferase; polypeptide; proteinase
 F:1-139/Product: proteinase (fragment) #status predicted <PTS>
 F:140-599/Product: RNA-directed RNA polymerase #status predicted <RFS>

Query Match 48.7%; Score 38; DB 2; Length 599;
 Best Local Similarity 55.6%; Pred. No. 38;
 Matches 5; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 5 AGRCETCYR 13
 Db 38 PARNDTCYR 46

RESULT 10
 A38824
 tachyplesin I - horseshoe crab (Tachyplesus gigas)
 C:Species: Tachyplesus gigas
 C:Date: 30-Jun-1992 #sequence_revision 30-Jun-1992 #text_change 11-Jul-1997
 C:Accession: A38824
 R:Muta, T.; Fujimoto, T.; Nakajima, H.; Iwanaga, S.
 J. Biochem. 108, 261-266, 1990
 A:Title: Tachyplesins isolated from hemocytes of southeast Asian horseshoe crabs (Car
 ssing intermediate of its precursor
 A:Reference number: JX0124; MUID:91035357
 A:Accession: A38824
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 1-17 <WUT>
 A:Experimental source: hemocyte
 C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end
 F:3-16,7-12/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
 F:17/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Arg) #status experimental
 Query Match 37.8%; Score 29.5; DB 2; Length 17;
 Best Local Similarity 53.8%; Pred. No. 38;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 3; Gaps 1;
 QY 1 RVCAARGTCYR 13
 Db 5 RVCYRG---ICYR 14

RESULT 11
 JX0125
 tachyplesin III - horseshoe crab (Tachyplesus gigas)
 C:Species: Tachyplesus gigas
 C:Date: 30-Jun-1992 #sequence_revision 30-Jun-1992 #text_change 11-Jul-1997
 C:Accession: JX0125
 R:Muta, T.; Fujimoto, T.; Nakajima, H.; Iwanaga, S.
 J. Biochem. 108, 261-266, 1990
 A:Title: Tachyplesins isolated from hemocytes of southeast Asian horseshoe crabs (Car

ssing intermediate of its precursor.

A:Reference number: JX0124; MUID:91035357

A:Accession: JX0125

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 1-17 <MUT>

A:Experimental source: hemocyte

C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end

F:3-16,7-12/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F:17/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Arg) #status experimental

Query Match 37.8%; Score 29.5; DB 2; Length 17;

Best Local Similarity 53.8%; Pred. No. 38;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 3; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RVCAGRGTCYR 13

Db 5 RVCYRG---ICYR 14

RESULT 12

A30068*

tachyplesin - horseshoe crab (Tachyplesus tridentatus)

C:Species: Tachyplesus tridentatus

C:Date: 28-Feb-1990 #sequence_revision 28-Feb-1990 #text_change 18-Jun-1993

C:Accession: A30068

R:Nakamura, T.; Furunaka, H.; Miyata, T.; Tokunaga, F.; Muta, T.; Iwanaga, S.; Niwa, M.;

J. Biol. Chem. 263, 16709-16713, 1988

A:Title: Tachyplesin, a class of antimicrobial peptide from the hemocytes of the horseshoe

A:Reference number: A30068; MUID:89034158

A:Accession: A30068

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 1-17 <NAK>

Query Match 37.8%; Score 29.5; DB 2; Length 17;

Best Local Similarity 53.8%; Pred. No. 38;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 3; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RVCAGRGTCYR 13

Db 5 RVCYRG---ICYR 14

RESULT 13

JU0123

tachyplesin II - horseshoe crab (Tachyplesus tridentatus)

C:Species: Tachyplesus tridentatus

C:Date: 31-Mar-1990 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-1990 #text_change 11-Jul-1997

C:Accession: JU0123

R:Miyata, T.; Tokunaga, F.; Yoneya, T.; Yoshikawa, K.; Iwanaga, S.; Niwa, M.; Takao, T.;

J. Biochem. 106, 663-668, 1989

A:Title: Antimicrobial peptides, isolated from horseshoe crab hemocytes, tachyplesin II,

A:Reference number: A91914; MUID:90110066

A:Accession: JU0123

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 1-17 <MY>

C:Comment: The peptide is one of the antimicrobial peptides found in the Japanese horseshoe

C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end

F:3-16,7-12/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F:17/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Arg) #status experimental

Query Match 37.8%; Score 29.5; DB 2; Length 17;

Best Local Similarity 53.8%; Pred. No. 38;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 3; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RVCAGRGTCYR 13

Db 5 RVCYRG---ICYR 14

RESULT 14

S59504

ferric pseudobactins receptor protein RF2 - Pseudomonas putida (fragment)

C:Species: Pseudomonas putida

C:Date: 20-Jul-1996 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1997 #text_change 10-Jul-1998

C:Accession: S59504

R:Koster, M.; Ova, W.; Bitter, W.; Weisbeek, P.

Mol. Gen. Genet. 248, 735-743, 1995

A:Title: Multiple outer membrane receptors for uptake of ferric pseudobactins in Pseu

A:Reference number: S59503

A:Accession: S59504

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-185 <ROS>

C:Superfamily: tonB-dependent receptor carboxyl-terminal homology

F:1-185/Domain: tonB-dependent receptor carboxyl-terminal homology (fragment) <TNC>

Query Match 44.9%; Score 35; DB 2; Length 185;

Best Local Similarity 41.7%; Pred. No. 41;

Matches 5; Conservative 4; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RVCAGRGTCY 12

Db 30 KCGAGPASAC 41

RESULT 15

JX0124

tachyplesin I precursor - horseshoe crab (Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda)

C:Species: Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda

C:Date: 30-Jun-1992 #sequence_revision 30-Jun-1992 #text_change 11-Jul-1997

C:Accession: JX0124

R:Muta, T.; Fujimoto, T.; Nakajima, H.; Iwanaga, S.

J. Biochem. 108, 261-266, 1990

A:Title: Tachyplesins isolated from hemocytes of southeast Asian horseshoe crabs (Car

ssing intermediate of its precursor.

A:Reference number: JX0124; MUID:91035357

A:Accession: JX0124

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 1-19 <MUT>

A:Experimental source: hemocyte

C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end

F:1-17/Product: tachyplesin I #status experimental <MAT>

F:3-16,7-12/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F:17/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Arg) (amide in mature form from following

Query Match 37.8%; Score 29.5; DB 2; Length 19;

Best Local Similarity 53.8%; Pred. No. 42;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 3; Gaps 1;

QY 1 RVCAGRGTCYR 13

Db 5 RVCYRG---ICYR 14

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